

## **Marine algae and seagrasses of Tekirdağ (Black Sea, Turkey)<sup>1</sup>**

### **Tekirdağ (Karadeniz, Türkiye) deniz algleri ve deniz çayırları**

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#### **Abstract**

In this study, marine algae and seagrasses in the upper infralittoral zone of the Black Sea coast of Tekirdağ (Turkey) were investigated. A total 156 taxon (153 algae and 3 seagrasses) in species or inferior to the species category were determined. 15 of them belong to blue-green bacteria (Cyanophyta), 84 to red algae (Rhodophyta), 26 to brown algae (Heterokontophyta), 28 to green algae (Chlorophyta) and 3 to marine flowering plants (Magnoliophyta).

**Keywords:** Turkey, Tekirdağ, algae, marine flowering plants.

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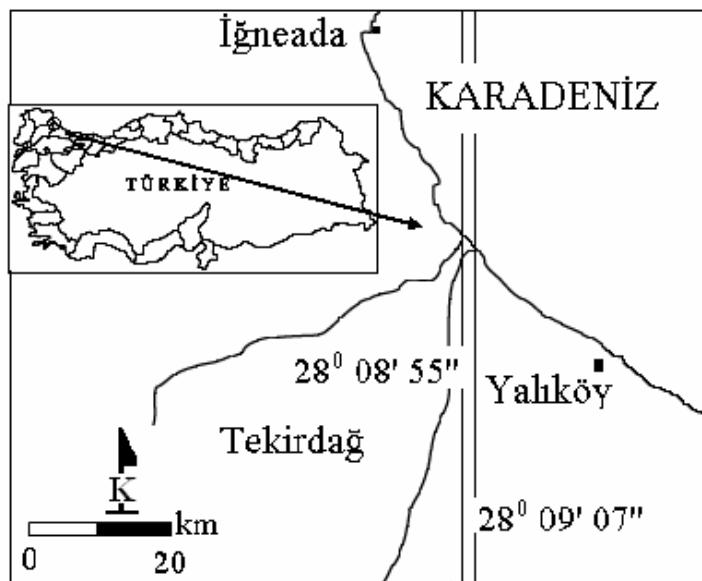
## **Introduction**

All countries located by the Black Sea coast have made systematic studies on marine algae. Important of these studies are; Zinova (1964, 1967) and Vinogradova (1974) from Russia, Celan (1948), Celan and Bavaru (1967) with Bavaru *et al.*, (1991) from Rumania, Zinova et al., (1974), Zinova and Dimitrova (1975, 1976, 1981) with Dimitrova *et al.*, (1992) from Bulgaria.

The first investigations of the Turkish Black Sea algae were carried out by Buxbaum (1740), Dumon D'urville (1822), Agardh (1851-1876), Tchichatcheff (1860), Sperk (1869), Fritsch (1899), Woronichin (1908a, b), Stockmayer (1909), Zernov (1913), Zinova, (1964) and later by Turkish researchers Öztiğ (1957, 1962, 1967), Karamanoğlu (1964), Zeybek (1966, 1973), Güner (1970), Güven (1970), Altındağ (1987), Cirik and Cihangir (1987), Öztürk (1988), Aysel *et al.*, (1990), Özer and Köksal (1993), Aysel and Erduğan (1995), Erduğan *et al.*, (1996, 2003) and Aysel *et al.*, (1996, 1997, 1998, 2000, 2004).

## **Material and Methods**

In this study, marine algae (*Cyanophyta*, *Rhodophyta*, *Heterokontophyta* and *Chlorophyta*) and seagrasses (*Magnoliophyta*) in the upper infralittoral zone of the Black Sea coast of Tekirdağ were investigated. Tekirdağ is situated between  $28^{\circ} 08' 55''$  and  $28^{\circ} 09' 07''$  eastern longitudes (Fig 1).



**Fig 1.** Map of Tekirdağ coastline

Collected specimens were fixed by using 4 % formaldehyde. Specimens belonging to *Rhodomelaceae* and *Corallinaceae* were exceptionally treated with 10 % HCl in identification procedures for specific cell wall properties.

## Results

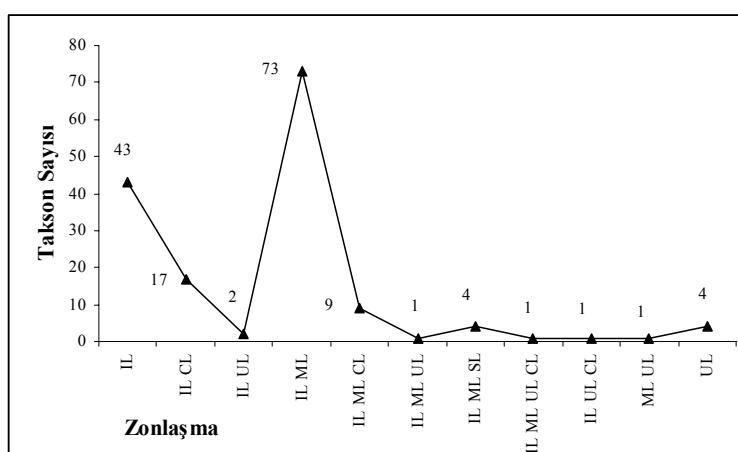
Taxa distributed in study area are listed in Table 1. In this list, classes and upper categories were arranged according to Van den Hoek *et al.*, (1997) and Guiry and Dhoncha (2005). Arrangement of lower categories, presented in the list were followed by specialists [(Silva *et al.*, (1996) for *Cyanophyta* and *Rhodophyta*, Stegenga (1985) for *Acrochaetales*, Frederic and Hommersand (1989) for *Gracilariales*, Bressan and Babbini-Benussi (1995) for *Corallinales*, Gomez Garreta *et al.*, (2001) for *Ceramiales*, Ribera *et al.*, (1992) for *Fucophyceae*, Gallardo *et al.*, (1993) for *Chlorophyceae*].

Additionally, the studies of Barbara and Cremades (1996), Ballantine and Aponte (1997) and Hardy and Guiry (2003) were used to create an evolutionary list of taxa above genus level. Taxa in species or below species level are listed in alphabetical order.

## Discussion

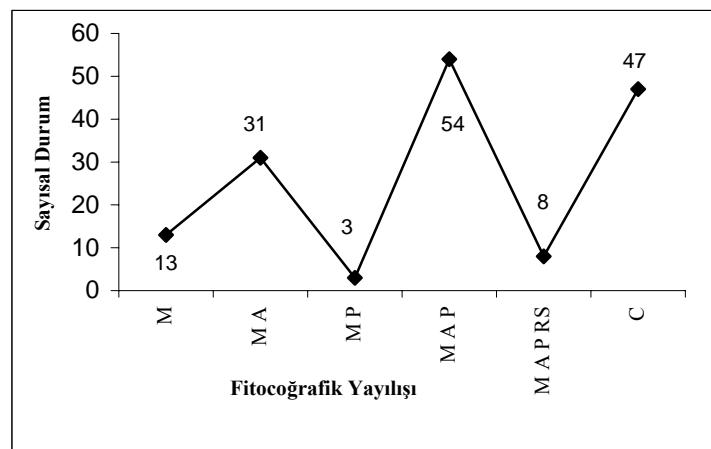
According to bathimetric distribution of 153 taxa (Fig 2), 73 taxa dispersal on infralittoral zone and 43 taxa dispersal on mezolittoral zone. According to this result marine algae on this area are heliophytic.

Algal composition of this area shows similarity with algal flora of Kırklareli (Aysel *et al.*, 1998). *Cystoseira barbata*, *Enteromorpha kylinii*, *E. linza* and *Ulva fasciata* community are dominant and taxa of *Rhodophyta* are abundant of algal flora.



**Fig 2.** Bathimetric distribution of taxa on Tekirdağ (IL: İnfralittoral, CL: Sircalittoral, UL: Upperinfralittoral, ML: Mezolittoral, SL:Supralittoral).

The fitogeographic distribution of marine algae on flora of Tekirdağ coast are 54 taxa from mediterranean-Atlantic-Pasific, 47 taxa cosmopolit, 31 taxa from Mediterranean- Atlantic from total 153 taxa (Fig 3).



**Fig 3.** The fitogeographic distribution of marine algae on the Black Sea coast of Tekirdağ (M: Mediterranean, A: Atlantic, P: Pasific, RS: Red Sea, C: Cosmoplite).

Salinity is pressure on distribution of algal flora. Marine algae belong to fresh water algal flora survive in this area because of low salinity concentration. *Phyllophora crispa* f. *crispa*, *P. pseudoceranoides* and *Eupogodon planus* were recorded only flora of Black Sea coast (Aysel *et al.*, 1996, 1997, 2000).

The number of algae species of Tekirdağ and the other the Black Sea coastal cities were shown (table 2).

**Table 1:** Taxa distributed on Tekirdağ (Black Sea) coasts of Turkey

<b>CYANOPHYTA</b>	<b>NOSTOCALES</b>
[=CYANOBACTERIA]	<b>RIVULARIACEAE</b>
<b>CYANOPHYCEAE</b>	<i>Calothrix aeruginea</i> (Kützing) Thuret, ML, IL, C
<b>CHROOCOCCALES</b>	<i>C. confervicola</i> (Roth) C. Agardh ML, IL, C
<b>CHROOCOCCACEAE</b>	<i>C. scopulorum</i> (Weber van Bosse & Mohr) C. Agardh, SL, ML, IL, C
<i>Chroococcus dimidiatus</i> (Kützing) Nägeli, ML, IL, C	<i>Rivularia atra</i> Roth ex Bornet & Flahault, ML, UL, C
<b>ENTOPHYSALIDACEAE</b>	<b>RHODOPHYTA</b>
<b>MICROCYSTACEAE</b>	<b>RHODELLOPHYTINA</b>
<i>Gloeocapsa compacta</i> Kützing SL, ML, IL, M, A	<b>RHODELLOPHYCEAE</b>
<b>MERISMOPEDIACEAE</b>	<b>STYLONEMATALES</b>
<b>GOMPHOSPHAERIOIDEAE</b>	<b>STYLONEMATACEAE</b>
<i>Gomphosphaeria aponina</i> Kützing ML, IL, C	<i>Stylonema alsidii</i> (Zanardini) K. Drew, ML, IL, C
<b>OSCILLATORIALES</b>	<i>S. cornucervi</i> (Reinsch) Hauck ML, IL, M, A, P
<b>OSCILLATORIACEAE</b>	<b>COMPSOPOGONOPHYCEAE</b>
<i>Lyngbya adriae</i> Ercégoovic ML, IL, M	<b>ERYTHROPELTIDALES</b>
<i>L. aestuarii</i> (Mertens) Liebmann ML, IL, C	<b>ERYTHRORTRICHIACEAE</b>
<i>L. confervoides</i> C. Agardh ML, IL, C	<i>Erythrotrichia carnea</i> (Dillwyn) J. Agardh, ML, IL, C
<i>Oscillatoria curviceps</i> C. Agardh ML, IL, M	<i>Sahlingia subintegra</i> (Rosenvinge) Kornmann, ML, IL, C
<b>PHORMIDIOIDEAE</b>	<b>MACRORHODOPHYTINA</b>
<i>Phormidium ambiguum</i> Gomont IL, C	<b>BANGIOPHYCEAE</b>
<i>P. corallinae</i> (Gomont ex Gomont) Anagnostidis & Komárek, IL, C	<b>BANGIOPHYCIDAE</b>
<b>PSEUDOANABAENACEAE</b>	<b>GONIOTRICHIALES</b>
<i>Spirocoleus tenuis</i> (Meneghini) P.C. Silva, ML, C	<b>GONIOTRICHACEAE</b>
<b>LEPTOLYNGBYOIDEAE</b>	<i>Chroodactylon ornatum</i> (C. Agardh) Basson, ML, IL, M, A, P
<i>Planktolyngbya subtilis</i> (W. West) Anagnostidis & Komarek IL, M, A, P	<b>BANGIALES</b>
	<b>BANGIACEAE</b>
	<i>Bangia atropurpurea</i> (Roth) C. Agardh, ML, IL, C
	<i>Porphyra laciniata</i> (Lightfoot) C. Agardh, UI, M, A, P
	<i>P. leucosticta</i> Thuret in Le Jolis

ML, M, A, P	<i>Gracilaria dura</i> (C. Agardh)
<i>P. umbilicalis</i> (Linnaeus) Kützing	J. Agardh, IL, M, A, P
ML, IL, M, A, RS	<i>G. gracilis</i> (Stackhouse) Steentoft, L.M. Irvine & Farnham, IL, CL, C
<b>NEMALIOPHYCIDAE</b>	
<b>ACROCHAETIALES</b>	
<b>ACROCHAETIACEAE</b>	
<i>Acrochaetium microscopicum</i> (Nägeli ex Kützing) Nägeli	<b>CORALLINALES</b>
ML, IL, M, A, P	<b>CORALLINACEAE</b>
<i>A. parvulum</i> (Kylin) Hoyt	<b>AMPHIROIDEAE</b>
ML, IL, M, A, P	<i>Amphiroa rigida</i> J.V. Lamouroux IL, CL, M, A, P
<b>COLACONEMATALES</b>	
<b>COLACONEMATACEAE</b>	
<i>Colaconema daviesii</i> (Dillwyn)	<b>CORALLINOIDEAE</b>
Stegenga, ML, IL, M, A, P	<b>CORALLINEAE</b>
<i>C. membranaceum</i> (Magnus)	<i>Corallina elongata</i> Ellis & Solander ML, IL, M, A
Woelkerling, ML, IL, M	<i>C. officinalis</i> Linnaeus, ML, IL, M, A, P
<b>NEMALIALES</b>	
<b>NEMALIACEAE</b>	
<i>Nemalion helminthoides</i> (Velley)	<b>JANIEAE</b>
Batters, SL, ML, IL, M, A, P	<i>Haliptilon virgatum</i> (Zanardini) Garbary & H.W. Johansen IL, M, A
<b>RHODYMENIOPHYCIDAE</b>	<i>Jania rubens</i> (Linnaeus) J.V. Lamouroux var. <i>rubens</i> , ML, IL, C var. <i>corniculata</i> (Linnaeus) Yendo, IL, M, A
<b>GELIDIALES</b>	
<b>GELIDIACEAE</b>	
<i>Gelidium spinosum</i> (S.G. Gmelin)	<b>MASTOPHOROIDEAE</b>
P.C. Silva	<b>LITHOPHYLLOIDEAE</b>
var. <i>hystrix</i> (J. Agardh)	<i>Lithophyllum cystoseirae</i> (Hauck) Heydrich, IL, M, A, RS
G. Furnari, ML, IL, M	
<i>Pterocladiella capillacea</i> (S.G.	<b>GIGARTINALES</b>
Gmelin) Santelices & Hommersand, ML, IL,	<b>HYPNEACEAE</b>
M, A, P	<i>Hypnea musciformis</i> (Wulfen in Jaqulin) J.V. Lamouroux, ML, IL, C
<b>GELIDIELLACEAE</b>	
<i>Gelidiella ramełlosa</i> (Kützing)	<b>PEYSSONNELICEAE</b>
Feldmann & G. Hamel, IL, M, P	<i>Peyssonnelia rubra</i> (Greville) J. Agardh, IL, CL, M, A, RS
<i>Parviphycus antipai</i> (Celan)	<i>P. squamaria</i> (S.G. Gmelin) Decaisne, IL, CL, C
B. Santelices, ML, IL, M, P	
<b>GRACILARIALES</b>	
<b>GRACILARIACEAE</b>	

**PHYLLOPHORACEAE**

*Coccotylus truncatus* (Pallas)

M.J. Wynne & J.N. Heine  
IL, CL, M, A

*Phyllophora crispa* (Hudson)

P.S. Dixon, IL, CL, M, A

*P. pseudoceranoïdes* (S.G. Gmelin)

Newroth & A.R.A. Taylor  
IL, CL, M, A, P

**RHODYMENIALES****LOMENTARIACEAE**

*Lomentaria articulata* (Hudson)

Lyngbye, IL, CL, M, A, P

*L. clavellosa* (Turner) Gaillon

IL, M, A, P

**HALYMIENIALES****GRATELOUPIACEAE**

*Grateloupia dichotoma* J. Agardh

IL, M, A, P

**CERAMIALES****CERAMIACEAE****CALLITHAMNIOIDEAE****CALLITHAMNIEAE**

*Aglaothamnion tenuissimum*

(Bonnemaison) G. Feldmann  
Mazoyer

var. *tenuissimum*, IL, M, A, P

*Callithamnion corymbosum* (Smith)

Lyngbye, ML, IL, M, A, P

*C. granulatum* (Ducluzeau)

C. Agardh, ML, IL, M, A

**CERAMOIDEAE****ANTITHAMNIEAE**

*Antithamnion cruciatum*

(C. Agardh) Nägeli, ML, IL, M, A, P

**CERAMIEAE**

*Ceramium ciliatum* (Ellis)

Ducluzeau  
var. *ciliatum*, ML, IL, M, A, P

var. *robustum* (J. Agardh)

Mazoyer, ML, IL, M, A

*C. circinatum* (Kützing) J. Agardh

ML, IL, M, A, P

*C. deslongchampsii* Chauvin ex

Duby, ML, IL, M, A, P

*C. gaditanum* (Clemente) Cremades

ML, IL, CL, M, A

*C. rubrum auctorum*

var. *rubrum*, ML, IL, M, A, RS

var. *implexoconcordum* (Solier)

G. Feldmann Mazoyer, IL, M, A

*C. secundatum* Lyngbye

ML, IL, M, A

*C. silicosum* (Kützing) Maggs &

Hommersend

var. *silicosum*, ML, IL, M, A, RS

var. *elegans* (Roth) G. Furnari

IL, M, A, RS

var. *zostericola* (Feldmann)

Mazoyer) G. Furnari

f. *zostericola*, IL, M, A

f. *minuscule* (Feldmann

Mazoyer) A. Gomez Garreta,  
T. Gallardo, IL, M

*C. tenerimum* (Martens) Okamura

var. *tenerimum*

ML, IL, CL, M, A, P

var. *brevizonatum* (Peterson)

Feldmann Mazoyer, ML, IL, CL, M

**PTEROHAMNIEAE**

*Pterothamnion plumula* (Ellis) Nägeli

IL, CL, M, A, P

**SERMOTHAMNIEAE**

*Spermothamnion flabellatum* Bornet

IL, M, A

**DASYACEAE**

*Dasya baillouviana* (S.G. Gmelin)

Montagne, ML, IL, M, A, P

*D. hutchinsiae* Harvey in J.W.

Hooker, IL, M, A, P

*Eupogodon planus* (C. Agardh)

Kützing, IL, CL, M, A

**DELESSERIACEAE**

**DELESSERIOIDEAE**

**APOGLOSSEAE**

*Apoglossum ruscifolium* (Turner)

J. Agardh, IL, CL, M, A

**HYPOGLOSSAEAE**

*Hypoglossum hypoglossoides*

(Stackhouse) F.S. Collins &  
Harvey, IL, CL, M, A, P

**NITOPHYLLOIDEAE**

**NITOPHYLLEAE**

*Nitophyllum punctatum* (Stackhouse)

Greville, ML, IL, C

**RHODOMELACEAE**

**CHONDRIEAE**

*Chondria capillaris* (Hudson)

Wynne

var. *capillaris*, IL, C

var. *subtilis* (Hauck) V Aysel,  
H Erdogan, E S Okudan, H Erk  
IL, M

*C. dasypylla* (Woodward)

C. Agardh, IL, M, A, P

**LAURENCIEAE**

*Chondrophycus paniculatus*

(C. Agardh) G. Furnari, IL, M, P

*C. papillosum* (C. Agardh) Garbary  
& J. Harper, ML, IL, M, A, P

*Laurencia obtusa* (Hudson)

J.V. Lamouroux

var. *obtusa*, ML, IL, C

var. *gracilis* (Kützing) Hauck  
IL, M, A, P

var. *laxa* (Kützing) Ardisson

ML, IL, M

*Osmundea pinnatifida* (Hudson)

Stackhouse, ML, IL, M, A, P

**POLYSIPHONIEAE**

*Herposiphonia secunda*

(C. Agardh) Ambronn, ML, IL, M  
f. *secunda*, ML, IL, M, A, P  
f. *tenella* (C. Agardh) Wynne  
ML, IL, C

*Lophosiphonia obscura* (C. Agardh)

Falkenberg, ML, IL, M, A, P

*L. subadunca* (Kützing) Falkenberg

ML, IL, C

*Polysiphonia brodiei* (Dillwyn)

Sprengel, ML, IL, M, A, P

*P. elongata* (Hudson) Harvey in

Hooker, ML, IL, CL, M, A, P

*P. fucoides* (Hudson) Greville

ML, IL, CL, C

*P. opaca* (C. Agardh) Moris &

De Notaris, ML, IL, M, A, P

*P. sertularioides* (Grateloup)

J. Agardh, ML, IL, M, A, P

*P. tenerima* Kützing

IL, M, A, P

*P. variegata* (C. Agardh) Zanardini

IL, UL, M, A, P

*P. violacea* (Roth) Spregel, IL, M, A

**POLYZONIEAE**

*Dipterosiphonia rigens* (Shousboei)

Falkenberg, ML, IL, M, A

**HETEROKONTOPHYTA**

**FUCOPHYCEAE**

[=PHAEOPHYCEAE,

PHAEOZOOSPOROPHYCEAE]

**ECTOCARPALES**

**ECTOCARPACEAE**

*Ectocarpus siliculosus* (Dillwyn)

Lyngbye

var. *siliculosus*, ML, IL, C

var. *arctus* (Kützing) Kuckuck

ML, IL, M, A, P

var. *dasy carpus* (Kuckuck)

Gallardo, ML, IL, M, A

var. *hiemalis* (P.L. Crouan ex

Kjellman) Gallardo, ML, IL, M, A  
***Feldmannia caespitula*** (J. Agardh)

Knoepffler Péguy  
var. ***caespitula***, IL, M, A

var. ***lebelii*** (Areschoug ex  
P.L. Crouan) Knoepffler Péguy  
IL, M, A

***F. irregularis*** (Kützing) G. Hamel  
ML, IL, C

***Mikrosyphar polysiphoniae***

Kuckuck, IL, M, A

***Streblonema sphaericum*** (Derbès &  
Solier) Thuret, IL, CL, M, A

#### CHORDARIALES

##### CORYNOPHLAEACEAE

***Corynophlaea umbellata***

(C. Agardh) Kützing, IL, M

***Myriactula rivulariae*** (Shur)  
Feldmann, IL, M, A

##### SPERMATOCHNACEAE

***Stilophora nodulosa*** (C. Agardh)  
P.C. Silva, IL, M, A

***S. tenella*** (Esper) P.C. Silva  
ML, IL, C

#### CUTLERIALES

##### CUTLERİACEAE

***Zanardinia typus*** (Nardo)  
G. Furnari, IL, CL, C

#### SPHACELARIALES

##### SPHACELARIACEAE

***Sphaelaria cirrosa*** (Roth)  
C. Agardh, ML, IL, CL, C

#### STYPOCAULACEAE

***Halopteris scoparia*** Linnaeus  
Sauvageau, IL, M, A, RS

#### CLADOSTEPHACEAE

***Cladostephus spongiosus*** (Hudson)  
C. Agardh, IL, CL, C

f. ***verticillatus*** (Lightfoot)

Prod'homme van Reine  
ML, IL, CL, M, A

#### DICTYOTALES

##### DICTYOTACEAE

***Dictyopteris polypodioides*** (A.P.  
de Candolle) J.V. Lamouroux  
IL, CL, C

***Dictyota fasciola*** (Roth)

J.V. Lamouroux, ML, IL, C

***D. menstrualis*** (Hoyt) Schnetter,  
Hornig & Weber Peukert  
var. ***menstrualis***, ML, IL, CL, C

#### DICTYOSIPHONALES

##### MYRIOTRICHIAEAE

***Myriotrichia clavaeformis*** Harvey  
IL, M, A, P

#### STRIARIACEAE

***Striaria attenuata*** (Greville) Greville,  
IL, M, A, P

#### PUCTARIALES

##### PUNCTARIACEAE

***Punctaria plantaginea*** (Roth) Greville  
IL, M, A, P

#### FUCALES

##### CYSTOSEIRACEAE

***Cystoseira barbata*** (Stackhouse)  
C. Agardh, IL, M

***C. crinita*** (Desfontaines) Bory

f. ***crinita*** IL, M, A

f. ***bosphorica*** (Sauvageau.) Zinova  
& Kalugina, IL, M

#### CHLOROPHYTA

##### CHLOROPHYTINA

##### ULVOPHYCEAE

##### ULOTRICHIALES

##### ULOTHRICHACEAE

***Ulothrix flacca*** (Dillwyn) Thuret in

Le Jolis, ML, IL, M, A, P

**ULVALES**

**ULVELLACEAE**

*Ulrella lens* P. L. Crouan &  
H. M. Crouan, ML, IL, CL, M, A, P

**ULVACEAE**

*Blidingia marginata* (J. Agardh)

P. Dangeard ex Bliding  
ML, IL, M, A, P

*B. minima* (Nägeli ex Kützing)

Kylin, ML, IL, M, A, P

*Enteromorpha clathrata* (Roth)

Greville, IL, CL, UL, C

*E. compressa* (Linnaeus) Nees

ML, IL, C

*E. flexuosa* (Wulfen) J. Agardh

subsp. *flexuosa*, SL, ML, IL, C  
subsp. *pilifera* (Kützing) Bliding

ML, IL, M, A

*E. intestinalis* (Linnaeus) Nees

var. *intestinalis*, ML, IL, C

*E. kylinii* Bliding, UL, M, A

*E. linza* (Linnaeus) J. Agardh

ML, IL, C

*E. muscoides* (Clemente) Cremades

ML, IL, M, A, P

*Ulva fasciata* Delile, IL, M, A, P

*U. rigida* C. Agardh, ML, IL, C

**CLADOPHOROPHYCEAE**

**CLADOPHORALES**

**CLADOPHORACEAE**

*Chaetomorpha aerea* (Dillwyn)

Kützing, UL, C

*C. linum* (O.F. Müller) Kützing

ML, IL, C

*Cladophora albida* (Nees) Kützing

IL, C

*C. fracta* (O.F. Müller ex Vahl)

Kützing, IL, M

*C. glomerata* (Linnaeus) Kützing

var. *glomerata*, ML, IL, M, A, P

var. *marina* Lyngbye, IL, M

*C. hutchinsiae* (Dillwyn) Kützing

IL, M, A, P

*C. laetevirens* (Dillwyn) Kützing

ML, IL, M, A, P

*C. pellucida* (Hudson) Kützing

f. *pellucida*, IL, CL, M, A

*C. sericea* (Hudson) Kützing

ML, IL, C

*C. trichotoma* (C. Agardh) Kützing

UL, M, A

*Rhizoclonium tortuosum* (Dillwyn)

Kützing, ML, IL, M, A, RS

**BRYOPSIDOPHYCEAE**

**BRYOPSIDALES**

**BRYOPSIDACEAE**

*Bryopsis hypnoides* J.V. Lamouroux

IL, C

*B. plumosa* (Hudson) C. Agardh,

ML, IL, C

**MAGNOLIOPHYTA**

(=TRACHEOPHYTA)

**LILIOPSIDA**

**CYMODOCEALES**

**CYMODOCEACEAE**

*Cymodocea nodosa* (Ucria)

Ascherson, IL, UL, M, A, P

**ZOSTERALES**

**ZOSTERACEAE**

*Zostera marina* Linnaeus

ML, IL, UL, C

*Z. noltii* Homermann

ML, IL, UL, CL, M, A

**Table 2.** The number of algae species of Tekirdağ and the other the Black Sea coastal cities (KR: Kırklareli, TK: Tekirdağ, KSD: Kocaeli, Sakarya, Düzce, ZN: Zonguldak, BR: Bartın, KS: Kastamonu, SN: Sinop, SM: Samsun OR: Ordu, TR: Trabzon, RA: Rize-Artvin).

Bölümller	Studied Cities of Turkish Black Sea Shores										
	KR	TK	KSD	ZN	BR	KS	SN	SM	OR	TR	RA
<i>Cyanophyta</i> (Cy)	23	15	30	20	12	22	22	20	14	1	3
<i>Rhodophyta</i> (R)	71	84	126	100	116	133	136	106	93	23	43
<i>Heterokontophyta</i> (H)	24	26	50	42	43	56	52	27	27	8	15
<i>Chlorophyta</i> (C)	30	28	46	43	39	48	55	22	26	23	27
<i>Magnoliophyta</i>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3
Toplam	151	156	255	208	213	262	268	178	164	58	91

The percent ratio of Marine algae on the Black Sea coast of cities were shown (Table 3).

**Table 3.** The percent ratio of marine algae on the Black Sea coast of cities

Bölümller	The percent ratio of Marine algae on the Black Sea coast of cities										
	KR	TK	KSD	ZN	BR	KS	SN	SM	OR	TR	RA
<i>Cyanophyta</i> (Cy)	16	9,8	11,9	9,8	5,7	8,5	8,3	11	8,8	1,8	3,4
<i>Rhodophyta</i> (R)	48	54,9	50	49	55	51	51	61	58	42	49
<i>Heterokontophyta</i> (H)	16	16,99	19,8	21	21	22	20	15	17	15	17
<i>Chlorophyta</i> (C)	20	18,3	18,3	21	19	19	21	13	16	42	31
Toplam	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

Dominancy in division level among Northern provinces of Turkey also were shown (Table 4).

Ratio of green algae (R/C and H/C) in Tekirdağ coast is higher than other coasts, such as coast of the Black Sea of Turkey. Ratio of H/Cy and C/Cy is nearly similar to each other. Thus, it is shown that Cyanobacteria was investigated carefully.

**Table 4.** Dominancy in division level among Northern provinces of Turkey  
(R: Rhodophyta, H: Heterokontophyta, C: Chlorophyta and CY: Cyanophyta).

Bölümler	Dominancy as cities in division level from the Black Sea shores of Turkey										
	KR	TK	KSD	ZN	BR	KS	SN	SM	OR	TR	RA
R/H	3	3,23	2,52	2,4	2,7	2,37	2,6	3,92	3,44	2,9	2,9
R/C	3,7	3	2,73	2,3	3	2,77	2,5	4,81	3,58	1	1,6
R/CY	3,1	5,6	4,2	5	9,7	6,04	6,5	5,3	6,64	23	14,3
H/C	0,8	0,92	1,08	1	1,1	1,16	0,96	1,22	1,04	0,3	0,6
H/CY	1	1,73	1,66	2,1	3,6	2,54	2,5	1,35	1,93	8	5
C/CY	1,3	1,86	1,53	2,2	3,3	2,18	2,59	1,1	1,86	23	9

## Özet

Bu araştırmada, Tekirdağ'ın (Türkiye), Karadeniz kıyılarındaki üst infralittoral bölgesinin, deniz algleri ve deniz çayırları araştırılmıştır. Tür ya da tür altı düzeyde olmak üzere toplam 156 takson (153 alg ve üç deniz çayırları) tayin edilmiştir. Bunlardan 15 tanesi mavi-yeşil bakteri (Cyanophyta), 84 tanesi kırmızı alg (Rhodophyta), 26 tanesi Kahverengi alg (Heterokontophyta), 28 tanesi yeşil alg (Chlorophyta) ve üç tanesi de deniz çiçekli bitkilerine (Magnoliophyta) aittir.

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