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A New Record of Nigella L. (Ranunculaceae) for Flora Syria

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Article Info	Abstract
Article history: Received April 20, 2010	The genus <i>Nigella</i> L. has approximately 22 species worldwide, distributed mostly in the Mediterranean region and closely adjacent areas. Various taxonomic treatments of the
Received in revised form July 14, 2010	genus have been carried out as accounts in various floristic studies.
Accepted July 28, 2010 Available online September 20, 2010	In the course of an ongoing taxonomic study on the genus <i>Nigella</i> , an extensive field trip has been carried out in Syria. During the study at Aleppo area near the Turkish border, the specimens of <i>Nigella nigellastrum</i> , which is the first report for the flora of Syria, have been
Key Words	collected. In consideration of the relevant literature, the species number of the genus has been raised to ten with this new record. A picture of the species taken from field has been
Biodiversity, <i>Nigella nigellastrum</i> , Taxonomy,	given.

INTRODUCTION

Syria, Turkey

The genus *Nigella* L. has approximately 22 species worldwide, distributed mostly in the Mediterranean region and closely adjacent areas. Various taxonomic treatments of the genus have been carried out as accounts in various floristic studies [1-13]. The genus has been currently under study worldwide by the support of Turkish Scientific Research Council.

Although Nigella nigellastrum (L.) Willk. has been

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Tel: +90312 297 6165 Fax: +90312 299 2028 E-mail: donmez@hacettepe.edu.tr included in the genus *Garidella* L. by various authors, it has been accepted in the genus *Nigella* by the author of the Flora Syria [4]. In this paper, his classification has been followed.

Nigella nigellastrum (L.) Willk. in Wilk. *et* Lange, Prodr. Fl. Hisp. 3: 963 (1880).

Lectotype: (Zohary 1983: 78) Herb. Linn. no. 587.1 (LINN).

Erect, slender, wiry annual, 10-50 cm; stem glabrous, sulcate with pale angles, with a few long, ascending branches. Basal leaves 1-2- with pinnate, glabrous, oblong in outline, 5-9 cm, including 2-4 cm petiole, bipinnate with long, narrowly linear segments; cauline leaves similar, the upper becoming pinnate and finally trisect, sessile. Flowers few to many, solitary, on elongate 307

peduncles bearing 1-2 remote, small leaves. Sepals greenish, usually tinged with purple, ovate, acute, 3-5 mm, distinctly keeled dorsally, the pale margins often minutelyscabrid-denticulate. Petals white with a pale blue blotch, 6-9 mm, long bilabiate, claw stout, c. 3 mm; outer lip 4-6 mm, oblong, cuneate below, bifid to about halfway with narrow, tapering lobes, the undivided portion clavate-pilose on the gibbous ventral surface; inner lip undivided, lanceolate-slightly exceeding the carpels; anthers purple-tinged. Carpels short. usually 2(3). prominently verruculose. Folicles 4-8 mm, ovoid to oblong, pale brown, each terminating in a short beak of 0.3-1 mm; seeds c. 2 mm, black when ripe, rugose with prominent anastomosing ridges.

Ecology and phenology: Flowering 5-6. Steppe, rocky slopes and opening of various scrubs. 0-1300 *m*.

Distribution*:* S. Europe (very scattered), Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Caucasus, C. Asia.

DISCUSSION

The distribution area of the species *Nigella nigellastrum* covers Spain, France, Crete, Crimea, Caucasia, Iran, Iraq, E Aegean islands, Cyprus, Turkey and Syria. Although it has an extensive distribution pattern, it is very local species and it is represented by a few specimens in the herbaria. It mostly prefers dry areas of limestone rocks or other open places among various scrubs.

Nigella nigellastrum is known only from a single location in Syria. However, it is likely to find it other locations in Syria. The specimens of the species are very abundant locally in a small spot of the study area.

The habitat of the species at the collection site is covered by *Sarcopoterium spinosum* (L.) Spach *Quercus sp. Olea europaea* L. and other hemicryptophytic plants. It is possible to find the specimens in the opening areas of the slopes. They are well protected from grazing in the shrubs.



Figure 1. Nigella nigellastrum: Flower and fruit in nature (Photo: Ali A. Dönmez).

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