



ON WEIGHTED MONTGOMERY IDENTITIES FOR RIEMANN-LIOUVILLE FRACTIONAL INTEGRALS

MEHMET ZEKI SARIKAYA* AND HATICE YALDIZ

ABSTRACT. In this paper, we extend the weighted Montgomery identities for the Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals. We also use this Montgomery identities to establish some new Ostrowski type integral inequalities.

1. INTRODUCTION

The inequality of Ostrowski [18] gives us an estimate for the deviation of the values of a smooth function from its mean value. More precisely, if $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is a differentiable function with bounded derivative, then

$$\left| f(x) - \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt \right| \leq \left[\frac{1}{4} + \frac{(x - \frac{a+b}{2})^2}{(b-a)^2} \right] (b-a) \|f'\|_\infty$$

for every $x \in [a, b]$. Moreover the constant $1/4$ is the best possible.

For some generalizations of this classic fact see the book [8, p.468-484] by Mitri-novic, Pecaric and Fink. A simple proof of this fact can be done by using the following identity [8]:

If $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is differentiable on $[a, b]$ with the first derivative f' integrable on $[a, b]$, then Montgomery identity holds:

$$(1.1) \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(t) dt + \int_a^b P_1(x, t) f'(t) dt,$$

where $P_1(x, t)$ is the Peano kernel defined by

$$P_1(x, t) := \begin{cases} \frac{t-a}{b-a}, & a \leq t < x \\ \frac{t-b}{b-a}, & x \leq t \leq b. \end{cases}$$

2000 *Mathematics Subject Classification.* 26D15, 41A55, 26D10 .

Key words and phrases. Riemann-Liouville fractional integral, Ostrowski inequality.

*corresponding author.

Recently, several generalizations of the Ostrowski integral inequality are considered by many authors; for instance covering the following concepts: functions of bounded variation, Lipschitzian, monotonic, absolutely continuous and n -times differentiable mappings with error estimates with some special means together with some numerical quadrature rules. For recent results and generalizations concerning Ostrowski's inequality, we refer the reader to the recent papers [3], [6], [9]-[11], [13]-[15].

In [1] and [16], the authors established some inequalities for differentiable mappings which are connected with Ostrowski type inequality by used the Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals, and they used the following lemma to prove their results:

Lemma 1.1. *Let $f : I \subset \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable function on I° with $a, b \in I$ ($a < b$) and $f' \in L_1[a, b]$, then*

$$(1.2) \quad f(x) = \frac{\Gamma(\alpha)}{b-a} (b-x)^{1-\alpha} J_a^\alpha f(b) - J_a^{\alpha-1}(P_2(x, b)f(b)) + J_a^\alpha(P_2(x, b)f'(b)), \quad \alpha \geq 1,$$

where $P_2(x, t)$ is the fractional Peano kernel defined by

$$P_2(x, t) = \begin{cases} \frac{t-a}{b-a} (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha), & a \leq t < x \\ \frac{t-b}{b-a} (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha), & x \leq t \leq b. \end{cases}$$

In this article, we use the Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals to establish some new weighted integral inequalities of Ostrowski's type. From our results, the weighted and the classical Ostrowski's inequalities can be deduced as some special cases.

2. FRACTIONAL CALCULUS

Firstly, we give some necessary definitions and mathematical preliminaries of fractional calculus theory which are used further in this paper. More details, one can consult [7], [12].

Definition 2.1. The Riemann-Liouville fractional integral operator of order $\alpha \geq 0$ with $a \geq 0$ is defined as

$$J_a^\alpha f(x) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_a^x (x-t)^{\alpha-1} f(t) dt,$$

$$J_a^0 f(x) = f(x).$$

Recently, many authors have studied a number of inequalities by used the Riemann-Liouville fractional integrals, see ([1], [2], [4], [5], [16], [17]) and the references cited therein.

3. MAIN RESULTS

Throughout this work, we assume that the weight function $w : [a, b] \rightarrow [0, \infty)$, is integrable, nonnegative and

$$m(a, b) = \int_a^b w(t) dt < \infty.$$

In order to prove our main results, we need the following identities:

Lemma 3.1. *Let $f : I \subset \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable function on I° with $a, b \in I$ ($a < b$), $\alpha \geq 1$ and $f' \in L_1[a, b]$, then the generalization of the weighted Montgomery identity for fractional integrals holds:*

$$(3.1) \quad \begin{aligned} m(a, b) f(x) &= (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha) J_a^\alpha (w(b) f(b)) \\ &\quad - J_a^{\alpha-1} (\Omega_w(x, b) f(b)) + J_a^\alpha (\Omega_w(x, b) f'(b)) \end{aligned}$$

where $\Omega_w(x, t)$ is the weighted fractional Peano kernel defined by

$$(3.2) \quad \Omega_w(x, t) := \begin{cases} (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha) \int_a^t w(u) du, & t \in [a, x) \\ (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha) \int_b^t w(u) du, & t \in [x, b]. \end{cases}$$

Proof. By definition of $\Omega_w(x, t)$, we have

$$(3.3) \quad \begin{aligned} & J_a^\alpha (\Omega_w(x, b) f'(b)) \\ &= \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_a^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \Omega_w(x, t) f'(t) dt \\ &= (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \left[\int_a^x (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_a^t w(u) du \right) f'(t) dt \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \int_x^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_b^t w(u) du \right) f'(t) dt \right] \\ &= (b-x)^{1-\alpha} (J_1 + J_2). \end{aligned}$$

Integrating by parts, we can state:

$$\begin{aligned}
 J_1 &= (b-x)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_a^x w(u) du \right) f(x) \\
 &+ (\alpha-1) \int_a^x (b-t)^{\alpha-2} \left(\int_a^t w(u) du \right) f(t) dt - \int_a^x (b-t)^{\alpha-1} w(t) f(t) dt
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{3.4}$$

and similiary,

$$\begin{aligned}
 J_2 &= (b-x)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_x^b w(u) du \right) f(x) \\
 &+ (\alpha-1) \int_x^b (b-t)^{\alpha-2} \left(\int_b^t w(u) du \right) f(t) dt - \int_x^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} w(t) f(t) dt.
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{3.5}$$

Adding (3.4) and (3.5), we obtain (3.1) which this completes the proof. \square

Remark 3.1. If we choose $\alpha = 1$ and $w(u) = 1$, the formula (3.1) reduces to the classical Montgomery Identity given by (1.1).

Remark 3.2. If we choose $w(u) = 1$, the formula (3.1) reduces to the fractional Montgomery Identity given by (1.2).

Theorem 3.1. *Let $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be differentiable on (a, b) such that $f' \in L_1[a, b]$, where $a < b$. If $|f'(x)| \leq M$ for every $x \in [a, b]$ and $\alpha \geq 1$, then the following Ostrowski fractional inequality holds:*

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\left| m(a, b) f(x) - (b-x)^{1-\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha) J_a^\alpha(w(b) f(b)) - J_a^{\alpha-1}(\Omega_w(x, b) f(b)) \right| \\
 &\leq \frac{M (b-x)^{1-\alpha}}{\alpha} [A(x) - (b-x)^\alpha B(x)]
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{3.6}$$

where

$$A(x) = \int_a^x (b-u)^{\alpha-1} w(u) du - \int_x^b (b-u)^\alpha w(u) du$$

and

$$B(x) = \int_a^x w(u) du - \int_x^b w(u) du.$$

Proof. From Lemma 3.1, we get

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left| m(a, b) f(x) - \Gamma(\alpha) (b-x)^{1-\alpha} J_a^\alpha (w(b) f(b)) - J_a^{\alpha-1} (\Omega_w(x, b) f(b)) \right| \\
& \leq \frac{1}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \left| \int_a^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \Omega_w(x, t) f'(t) dt \right| \\
(3.7) \quad & \leq \frac{M}{\Gamma(\alpha)} \int_a^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} |\Omega_w(x, t)| dt \\
& = M(b-x)^{1-\alpha} \left(\int_a^x (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_a^t w(u) du \right) dt + \int_x^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_t^b w(u) du \right) dt \right) \\
& = M(b-x)^{1-\alpha} \{J_3 + J_4\}.
\end{aligned}$$

Now, using the change of order of integration we get

$$\begin{aligned}
J_3 &= \int_a^x (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_a^t w(u) du \right) dt \\
&= \int_a^x w(u) \int_u^x (b-t)^{\alpha-1} dt du \\
&= \frac{1}{\alpha} \left[\int_a^x (b-u)^{\alpha-1} w(u) du - (b-x)^\alpha \int_a^x w(u) du \right]
\end{aligned}$$

and similarly,

$$\begin{aligned}
J_4 &= \int_x^b (b-t)^{\alpha-1} \left(\int_t^b w(u) du \right) dt \\
&= \int_x^b w(u) \int_x^u (b-t)^{\alpha-1} dt du \\
&= \frac{1}{\alpha} \left[(b-x)^\alpha \int_x^b w(u) du - \int_x^b (b-u)^\alpha w(u) du \right].
\end{aligned}$$

Using J_3 and J_4 in (3.7), we obtain (3.6). \square

Remark 3.3. We note that in the special cases, if we take $w(u) = 1$ in Theorem 3.1, then it reduces Theorem 4.1 proved by Anastassiou et. al. [1]. So, our results are generalizations of the corresponding results of Anastassiou et. al. [1].

REFERENCES

- [1] G. Anastassiou, M.R. Hooshmandasl, A. Ghasemi and F. Moftakharzadeh, *Montgomery identities for fractional integrals and related fractional inequalities*, J. Inequal. in Pure and Appl. Math, 10(4), 2009, Art. 97, 6 pp.
- [2] S. Belarbi and Z. Dahmani, *On some new fractional integral inequalities*, J. Inequal. in Pure and Appl. Math, 10(3), 2009, Art. 97, 6 pp.
- [3] P. Cerone and S.S. Dragomir, *Trapezoidal type rules from an inequalities point of view*, Handbook of Analytic-Computational Methods in Applied Mathematics, CRC Press N.Y. (2000).
- [4] Z. Dahmani, L. Tabharit and S. Taf, *Some fractional integral inequalities*, Nonlinear Science Letters A, 2(1), 2010, p.155-160.
- [5] Z. Dahmani, L. Tabharit and S. Taf, *New inequalities via Riemann-Liouville fractional integration*, J. Advance Research Sci. Comput., 2(1), 2010, p.40-45.
- [6] J. Duoandikoetxea, *A unified approach to several inequalities involving functions and derivatives*, Czechoslovak Mathematical Journal, 51 (126) (2001), 363–376.
- [7] R. Gorenflo, F. Mainardi, *Fractional calculus: integral and differentiable equations of fractional order*, Springer Verlag, Wien, 1997, p.223-276.
- [8] D. S. Mitrinovic, J. E. Pecaric and A. M. Fink, *Inequalities involving functions and their integrals and derivatives*, Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, 1991.
- [9] S.S. Dragomir and N. S. Barnett, *An Ostrowski type inequality for mappings whose second derivatives are bounded and applications*, RGMIA Research Report Collection, V.U.T., 1(1999), 67-76.
- [10] S.S. Dragomir, *An Ostrowski type inequality for convex functions*, Univ. Beograd. Publ. Elektrotehn. Fak. Ser. Mat. 16 (2005), 12–25.
- [11] Z. Liu, *Some companions of an Ostrowski type inequality and application*, J. Inequal. in Pure and Appl. Math, 10(2), 2009, Art. 52, 12 pp.
- [12] S. G. Samko, A. A Kilbas, O. I. Marichev, *Fractional Integrals and Derivatives Theory and Application*, Gordon and Breach Science, New York, 1993.
- [13] M. Z. Sarikaya, *On the Ostrowski type integral inequality*, Acta Math. Univ. Comenianae, Vol. LXXIX, 1(2010), pp. 129-134.
- [14] M. Z. Sarikaya, *On the Ostrowski type integral inequality for double integrals*, Demonstratio Mathematica, accepted.
- [15] M. Z. Sarikaya and H. Ogunmez, *On the weighted Ostrowski type integral inequality for double integrals*, The Arabian Journal for Science and Engineering (AJSE)-Mathematics, (2011) 36: 1153-1160
- [16] M.Z. Sarikaya and H. Ogunmez, *On new inequalities via Riemann-Liouville fractional integration*, arXiv:1005.1167v1, submitted.
- [17] M.Z. Sarikaya, E. Set, H. Yaldiz and N., Basak, *Hermite -Hadamard's inequalities for fractional integrals and related fractional inequalities*, Mathematical and Computer Modelling, DOI:10.1016/j.mcm.2011.12.048.
- [18] A. M. Ostrowski, *Über die absolutabweichung einer differentiebaren funktion von ihrem integralmittelwert*, Comment. Math. Helv. 10(1938), 226-227.

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS, FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND ARTS, DÜZCE UNIVERSITY, DÜZCE, TURKEY

E-mail address: sarikayamz@gmail.com

E-mail address: yaldizhatice@gmail.com