



Puccinia (Pucciniales) Species Determined on Artemisia members in Turkey

Şanlı KABAKEPE¹, Murat KÜRŞAT², İlgaç AKATA^{*3}, Şemsettin CİVELEK⁴

¹İnönü University, Battalgazi Vocat Sch., Battalgazi, Malatya, Turkey.

²Ankara University, Faculty of Science, Department of Biology, Tandoğan, Ankara, Turkey.

³Bitlis Eren University, Department of Biology, Faculty of Science and Arts, Bitlis, Turkey.

⁴Fırat University, Faculty of Sciences, Department of Biology, Elazığ, Turkey

Abstract: In the current study, two species belonging to genus *Puccinia* (*Puccinia abrotani* Fahrend. and *P. artemisiicola* P. Syd. & Syd.) are determinate on *Artemisia* and these species are new records for Turkish mycobiota. Containing the previously reported three *Puccinia* members recorded on *Artemisia* (*P. chrysanthemi* Roze, *P. dracunculina* Fahrend. and *P. tanaci* DC.), an identification key was given for Turkish *Puccinia* determinate on *Artemisia*. Short descriptions of the newly reported species are provided together with macro and microphotographs and discussed briefly.

Key words: *Puccinia*, *Artemisia*, New records, Turkey.

Türkiye'de *Artemisia* Üyeleri Üzerinde Belirlenen *Puccinia* (*Pucciniales*) Türleri

Öz: Mevcut çalışmada, *Puccinia* cinsine mensup iki tür (*Puccinia abrotani* Fahrend. ve *P. artemisiicola* P. Syd. & Syd.) *Artemisia* üzerinden belirlenmiştir ve bu türler Türkiye mikrobiyotası için yeni kayittır. Daha önceden rapor edilen ve *Artemisia* cinsi üzerinden kaydedilen üç *Puccinia* üyesi (*P. chrysanthemi* Roze, *P. dracunculina* Fahrend. ve *P. tanaci* DC.,) de dahil edilerek, *Artemisia* üzerinden belirlenmiş Türkiye *Puccinia*'ları için bir teşhis anahtarı verilmiştir. Yeni kayıt olarak verilen türlerde ait kısa tanımlamalar ile makro ve mikrografları verilerek kısaca tartışılmıştır.

Anahtar kelimeler: *Puccinia*, *Artemisia*, Yeni kayıtlar, Türkiye.

Introduction

Artemisia L., belonging to the family Asteraceae, is a large a genus of small herbs and shrubs distributed in temperate climates, generally in dry or semiarid habitats. The genus includes more than 500 species that have ecological and economic importance (Tabur et al., 2012). Many species are used as food, medicine, forage, or soil stabilizers in disturb habitats, while some species are lethal or allergenic (Hayat et al., 2009). Tracing to literature (Kürsat and Civelek, 2011; Fırat,

2015), genus *Artemisia* is represented by 27 taxa (21 species, 3 subspecies and 3 varieties) in Turkey (Kürsat, 2012).

The rust fungi are obligate plant parasitic group of the order *Pucciniales* (Basidiomycota). The group contains approximately 7000 species within 168 genera and they cause diseases in economically important plant species including ferns, conifers and angiosperms (Cummins and Hiratsuka, 2003).

*Corresponding author e-mail: akata@science.ankara.edu.tr



Puccinia Pers. is the largest genus of this group that comprise more than 5000 widely distributed species and there are 27 species report on several *Artemisia* species (Farr and Rossman, 2016)

According to literature (Bahçecioğlu and Kabaktepe, 2012; Kabaktepe et al., 2015a; 2015b; 2015c; 2015d), *Puccinia chrysanthemi* Roze, *P. dracunculina* Fahrend. and *P. tanaceti* DC. are known as *Artemisia* host species, but there is not any record of *Puccinia abrotani* Fahrend. and *P. artemisiicola* P. Syd. & Syd. in Turkey.

The current study aims to make contribution to the mycobiota of Turkey.

Materials and Methods

Fungi samples were collected in 2007 from Turkey. The host specimens were prepared according to established herbarium techniques. Host plants identified use the Flora of Turkey and the East Aegean Islands (Cullen, 1975). Spores were scraped from dried host specimens and mounted in lactophenol. Macrophotographs were taken under a stereo microscope (Novex trinocular zoom stereo microscope RZT-SF). Microphotographs were taken under a light microscope (Noveks B series 1000). Analysis LS Starterwas software was used to measure. The current names of fungi are given according to www.indexfungorum.org. Names of host plants and families are given according to http://www.theplanlist.org. Voucher specimen are deposited in the İnönü University Herbarium (INU).

Results

Systematic enumeration of the reported species belonging to the genus *Puccinia* is provided below.

Key to species of *Puccinia* determinate on *Artemisia* in Turkey.

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| 1. Mesospores not seen | 2 |
| 1.* Mesospores seen | 3 |
| 2. Teleutospores smooth | <i>P. dracunculina</i> |
| 2.* Teleutospores finely verruculose at upper cell | <i>P. tanaceti</i> |

- | | |
|--|-------------------------|
| 3. Teleutospores smooth | <i>P. artemisiicola</i> |
| 3.* Teleutospores verruculose | 4 |
| 4. Teleutospores chestnut brown and up to 46 µm..... | <i>P. chrysanthemi</i> |
| 4.* Teleutospores dark brown and up to 62 µm | <i>P. abrotani</i> |

1. *Puccinia abrotani* Fahrend., Annls mycol. 39(2/3): 181 (1941). Figure 1.

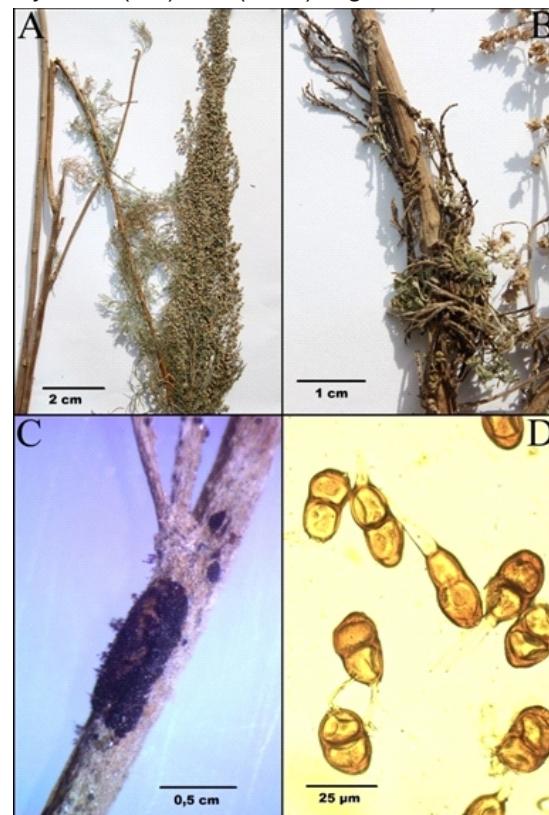


Figure 1. *P. abrotani* on *Artemisia abrotanum*
A-dried herbarium specimen;
B- infected plant leaves
C-sereo microscope view of *P. abrotani* on stem surface;
D- LM view of Teleutospores.

Uredinia generally hypophylloous, on irregular, pallid-yellow or brownish, scattered or in clusters, 1-1,5 mm, pulverulent, snuff brown. Urediniospores globoid-ellipsoid, 22-39 × 23-32 µm, wall echinulate, brown with 3 equatorial pores.



Teleutiosori mixed with uredinia. Teleutospores ellipsoid or oblong, rounded at the both ends or slightly thickened above or slightly attenuate downwards, scarcely constricted on septa, $29-62 \times 19-34 \mu\text{m}$, wall delicately verruculose, dark brown, $1.5-2.5 \mu\text{m}$, at apex up to $9 \mu\text{m}$, pore in upper cell apical, pedicels up to $80 \mu\text{m}$, hyaline, persistent. Mesospores subgloboid or pyriform, $32-37 \times 20-21 \mu\text{m}$, dark brown.

Specimen examined: Muş, on *Artemisia abrotanum* L., 1266 m., N $38^{\circ} 47.423$, E $41^{\circ} 29.795$, 23.11.2007, M. Kurşat 1044.

2. *Puccinia artemisiicola* P. Syd. & Syd., Monogr. Uredin. (Lipsiae) 1(1): 14 (1902). Figure 2.

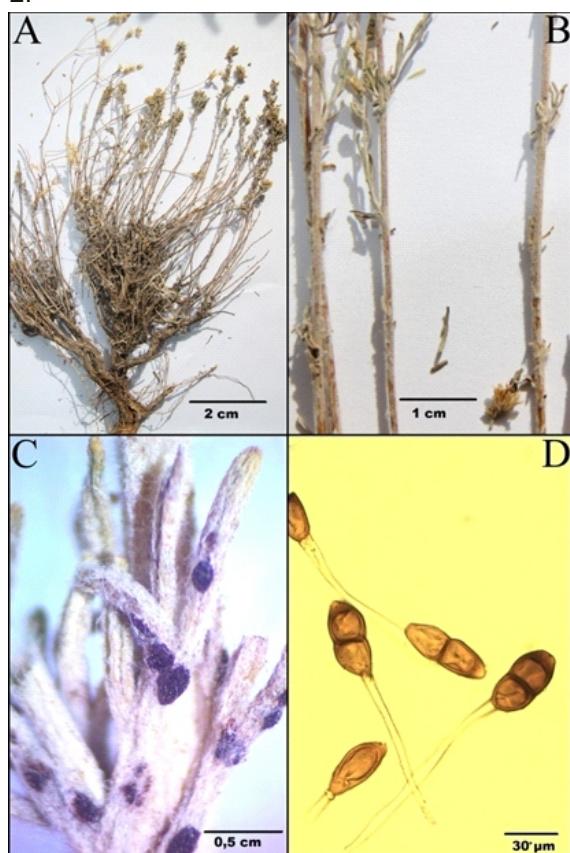


Figure 2. *P. artemisiicola* on *Artemisia taurica*
A-dried herbarium specimen;
B-infected plant leaves
C-sereo microscope view of *P. artemisiicola* on stem surface;
D-LM view of Teleutospores.

Teleutiosori amphigenous, on petioles, on stems, scattered or in groups, elongated on stems, covered by the epidermis, dark brown. Teleutospores ellipsoid, oblong, rounded above and slightly attenuate downwards, constricted on septa, $33-63 \times 12-25 \mu\text{m}$, wall smooth, brownish, $1.5-2.5 \mu\text{m}$, at apex up to $14 \mu\text{m}$, pore in upper cell apical, pedicels up to $70 \mu\text{m}$, hyaline or yellowish, deciduous. Mesospores ellipsoid-globoid, $22-40 \times 12-23 \mu\text{m}$, wall brownish, smooth, $1.5-2.5 \mu\text{m}$, at apex up to $6 \mu\text{m}$.

Specimen examined: Van, Kuzgun Koran pass, on *Artemisia fragrans* Willd., 2142 m, N $38^{\circ} 23.367$, E $42^{\circ} 47.319$, 19.09.2007, Ş. Civelek-M. Kurşat 1049; Ankara, Çubuk Dam Lake, Karaman village, on *Artemisia taurica* Willd., 1130 m., N $40^{\circ} 17.583$, E $33^{\circ} 01.018$, 10.09.2007, M. Kurşat 1027; Kayseri, Amanos pass, 1121 m, N $38^{\circ} 43.377$, E $35^{\circ} 04.811$, 22.10.2007, M. Kurşat 1089.

3. *Puccinia chrysanthemi* Roze, Bull. Soc. mycol. Fr. 16: 92 (1900).

Specimen examined: Ağrı, on *Artemisia absinthium* L. Doğubeyazıt, Suluçem, northern slopes of Zor mountain, 2054 m, N $39^{\circ} 42.476$, E $43^{\circ} 51.399$, 22.09.2007, Ş. Civelek, M. Kurşat 1063; Bitlis, on *Artemisia incana* (L.) Druce, Adilcevaz-Ahlat pass, 1720 m, N $38^{\circ} 47.855$, E $42^{\circ} 43.000$, 23.09.2007, Ş. Civelek, M. Kurşat 1075; Malatya, Sivas, on *Artemisia austriaca* Jacq. and *Artemisia taurica* Willd. (Bahçecioglu and Yıldız, 2001; 2005).

4. *Puccinia dracunculina* Fahrend. Annls mycol. 39(2/3): 181 (1941).: Şanlıurfa, on *Artemisia dracunculus* L. (cultivated species) (Kavak and Bilgili, 2015).

5. *Puccinia tanaceti* DC., in Lamarck & de Candolle, Fl. franç., Edn 3 (Paris) 2: 222 (1805).

Specimen examined: Hakkari, on *Artemisia haussknechtii* Boiss., Hakkari- Van pass, 1624 m, N $37^{\circ} 34.873$, E $43^{\circ} 54.148$, 21.09.2007, Ş. Civelek, M. Kurşat 1059;



Van, on *Artemisia splendens* Willd., Gürpınar, Sopa konak village, 2692 m, N 38° 12.533, E 43° 37.055, 21.09.2007, Ş. Civelek, M. Kurşat 1060; Kahramanmaraş, on *Artemisia campestris* L. (Bahçecioglu et al., 2006); Kars, Ardahan; on *Artemisia campestris* L. var. *marschalliana* (Spreg.) Poljak. (given as *Artemisia marschalliana* Spreng.) (Bahçecioglu and Kabaktepe, 2012); Ardahan, Kahramanmaraş, Kars, on *Artemisia vulgaris* L. (Bahçecioglu et al., 2006; Bahçecioglu and Kabaktepe 2012).

Discussion

P. abrotani and *P. artemisiicola* resemble other rust species growing on *Artemisia* due to their general appearance. *P. abrotani* can easily be separated from other *Puccinia* species growing on *Artemisia* by its larger and darker teliospores while *P. artemisiicola* by its smooth teliospores and mesospores.

P. abrotani has been reported from Belarus, Germany, Lithuania, Poland and Romania on *Artemisia abrotanum* L. (Braun, 1982; Girilovich et al., 2003; Ignataviciute and Minkevicius, 1993; Savulescu, 1953). The

records of *P. artemisiicola* have been given on *Artemisia campestris* L. in Finland, Lithuania and Romania on *Artemisia japonica* Thunb. in Japan and Russia, on *Artemisia scoparia* Waldst. & Kit., in Romania, on *Artemisia stolonifera* (maxim.) V.I. Komarov, in Japan and Korea, on *Artemisia vulgaris* L. in Bulgaria and Czech Republic (Azbukina, 1984; Cho et al., 2004; Denchev, 1995; Dietrich, 2005; Ignataviciute and Minkevicius, 1993; Ito, 1950; Liro, 1908; Savulescu, 1953).

Tracing to literature on Turkish *Puccinia* (Bahçecioglu and Kabaktepe, 2012; Kabaktepe et al., 2015a), 215 taxa (205 species and 10 varieties) have previously been reported from Turkey.

With the current study, *Puccinia abrotani* Fahrend. and *P. artemisiicola* P. Syd. & Syd. are recorded for Turkish *Puccinia* for the first time and number of Turkish *Puccinia* taxa increase to 217. Among them, 5 species are determinate on *Artemisia* species.

Acknowledgements

We are indebted to TUBİTAK (Project no. TBAG-106T559) for its financial support.

References

- Azbukina Z.M., *Key to the rust fungi of the Soviet Far East*, Akademiya Nauk SSSR, Moscow (1984).
- Bahçecioglu Z., Yıldız B., *Malatya yoresi tarla yabancı otları üzerinde belirlenen parazit funguslar*, C.U. Fen Bilimleri Dergisi 22(1): 3-13 (2001).
- Bahçecioglu Z., Yıldız B., *A study on the microfungi of Sivas Province*, Turkish J. Botany 29: 23-44 (2005).
- Bahçecioglu Z., Kabaktepe S., Yıldız B., *Microfungi isolated from plants in Kahramanmaraş Province, Turkey*, Turkish J. Botany 30: 419-434 (2006).
- Bahçecioglu Z., Kabaktepe S., *Checklist of rust fungi in Turkey*, Mycotaxon, 119: 494 (2012).
- Braun U., *Die Rostpilze (Uredinales) der Deutschen Demokratischen Republik*, Feddes Repert. Beih. 93: 213-334 (1982).
- Cho W.D., Shin H.D., Eds., *List of plant diseases in Korea*, Fourth edition, Korean Society of Plant Pathology (2004).
- Cullen J., *Artemisia*, In (Ed.) Davis, P.H., *Flora of Turkey and the East Aegean Islands*, Volume 5, Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh, 311-324 (1975).
- Cummins G.B., Hiratsuka Y. *Illustrated genera of rust fungi*, 3rd edn, The American Phytopathological Society, Minnesota, (2003).
- Denchev C.M., *Bulgarian Uredinales*, Mycotaxon, 55: 405-465 (1995).
- Dietrich, W., *The rust fungi, smut fungi and downy mildews in the Czech part of Krusnehoří (Erzgebirge): first supplement*, Czech Mycol., 57: 257-273 (2005).



- Farr, D.F., Rossman, A.Y. Fungal Databases, Systematic Mycology and Microbiology Laboratory, ARS, USDA. Retrieved November, (2016).
- Fırat M., *A New Record for Flora of Turkey; Artemisia oliveriana J. Gay ex Besser (Asteraceae)*, Hacettepe J. Biol. & Chem., 43 (2): 181-184 (2015).
- Girilovich I.S., Khramtsov A.K., Gulis V.I., Poliksenova V.D., *Micromycetes of the Belorussian National State Park "Belovezhskaya Pushcha". I. Peronosporales and Uredinales*, Mikol. Fitopatol. 37(3): 20-27 (2003).
- Hayat M.Q., Khan M.A., Ashraf M., Jabeen S., *Ethnobotany of the Genus Artemisia L. (Asteraceae) in Pakistan*, Ethnobotany Research & Applications, 7:147-162 (2009).
- Ignataviciute M., Minkevicius A., Mycota Lithuaniae V. *Uredinales 2. Genus Puccinia*, Lietuvos Botanikos Institutatas (1993).
- Ito S., *Mycological Flora of Japan. Vol. II. Basidiomycetes, No. 3. Uredinales - Pucciniaceae, Uredinales Imperfecti*, Yokendo Ltd., Tokyo (1950).
- Kabaktepe Ş., *Puccinia yahyaliensis (Pucciniaceae) - a new rust species on Hypericum scabrum L. from Aladaglar Mountains in Turkey*, Nova Hedwigia, 100 (1-2): 265-268 (2015).
- Kabaktepe Ş., Karakuş Ş., Mutlu B., *New Puccinia (Pucciniales, Basidiomycota) records for Turkey*, Hacettepe J. Biol. & Chem., 43 (1): 69-72 (2015a).
- Kabaktepe Ş., Mutlu B., Karakuş Ş., *Puccinia melitenensis (Pucciniaceae), a new rust species on Campanula stevenii subsp. beauverdiana from Malatya in Turkey*, Phytotaxa 213 (2): 147-150 (2015b).
- Kabaktepe Ş., Karakuş Ş., Mutlu B., *New Puccinia (Pucciniales, Basidiomycota) records for Turkey*, Hacettepe J. Biol. & Chem., 43 (1): 69-72 (2015c).
- Kabaktepe Ş., Kürsat M., Akata I., Akgül H., Karataş M., *A new record for the Turkish Rust Mycobiota: Puccinia alatavica Nevod*, Biological Diversity and Conservation 8 (2): 66-69 (2015d).
- Kürsat M., Civelek Ş., *Türkiye'de Doğal Olarak Yetişen Artemisia L. (Asteraceae) Cinsine Ait Üç Türün Morfolojik Özellikleri Bakımından İncelenmesi*, Artvin Çoruh Üniversitesi Orman Fakültesi Dergisi, 12 (19): 15-25 (2011).
- Kürsat, M. (2012). Artemisia. In: Güner A., Aslan, S., Ekim, T., Vural, M. & Babaç, M.T. (eds.). Türkiye Bitkileri Listesi (Damarlı Bitkiler). Nezahat Gökyigit Botanik Bahçesi ve Flora Araştırmaları Derneği yayını. İstanbul.
- Liro J.I., *Uredineae Fenniae Finlands Rostsvampar*, Finska Litteratur sallskapets (1908).
- Tabur S., Civelek Ş., Oney S., Yılmaz Ş.B., Kürsat M., Turkoğlu İ., *Chromosome counts and karyomorphology of some species of Artemisia (Asteraceae) from Turkey*, Turk J. Bot, 36: 235-246 (2012).
- Savulescu T., *Monografia Uredinalelor din Republica Populara Romana. 2 vols*, Editura Academiei Republicii Populare Romane (1953).