



Albanian Optative Translation Analysis of "Palace of dreams" from Ismail Kadare in German

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ABSTRACT

The paper "Translation analysis of "Palace of dreams" from Ismail Kadare in German" revisits the concepts of translation model, translation analysis, and translation strategy from an integrated perspective. Translation modeling is reconsidered in terms of a paradigm shift and a distinction between a process-oriented (descriptive) model and an action-oriented (prescriptive) model. Following the discourse and communication translation model, we put forward a "model – analysis – strategy" concept and a "features – difficulties – solutions" concept to reformulate a translation strategy as a flexible, variable and, to a certain extent, individual (but not unique) algorithm. We also introduce the notion of a discursive profile framed on existing discourse-related data in translation.

Keywords: Ismail Kadare, palace of dreams, optative translation analysis.

1. INTRODUCTION

The translator uses the equivalence method in relative terms, as is to be expected, since such a translation is always the safest and at the same time where the least of the content is lost, such as in the following examples:

I mbyllisytën jecopëherë **përtëpushuar**, pastaj i hapi përsëri. (faqe 139)

Vorseinen Augenflimmertees, so dass ersieschloss, **um sie auszurühen**. (Seite 146)

Te Ministria e Financave Mark-Alemitiuduk se rojatishinshtuar,
pors' patiguximintëkthentekokën **përtëvështruarmëmirë**. (faqe 149)

Mark-Alemhatte den Eindruck, dass vor dem Finanzministerium mehr Wachposten standen als sonst,
aber erwagten nicht, sich umzudrehen, **um nachzuschauen**. (Seite 157)

(.....), teporta e sëcilëstrokitninendefunksionarëtëlartë **përtëkërkuar** mbrojtje, karrierëapo më shirë.
(faqe 53)

(.....) und noch immer klopften hohe Funktionäre ängstlich bei ihr an, **um Schutz**,
Förderung ihrer Karriere oder Gnade **zuerbitten**. (Seite 54)

Pasi e gjeripërherëtëfundit e emaiapërmbyssizakonisht küpëndhe Lokja u afroa **përtëlexuar** nëtëfatin. (faqe 110)

Nachdem letzten Schluckstülpte die Mutter, wie die es gerne tat, das Tässchen um, und Loke kam „um aus dem Kaffeesatz zu lesen.“ (Seite 116)

2. CULTURAL TRANSLATION

Cultural translation is a concept used in cultural studies to denote the process of transformation, linguistic or otherwise, in a given culture. The concept uses linguistic translation as a tool or metaphor in analyzing the nature of transformation and interchange in cultures. Some examples as follows:

A nukrinteatypärtēbērēsigjithetētjerēt e pärtēmostērhequrvēmendjen e askujt? (faqe 29)

Und schließlich war ernurhier, weilernichtauffallenwollte. (Seite 30)

I shënojnënjefletëpërtëpyeturmbikëqyrësin, pastajnjëcopëherë
urrektënxirrtendunjëkuptimngadyëndrratëdërguarangabrigjet e detit Azov. (faqe 78)
ErmachtesischeineNotiz, weilernachher den Aufseher**fragenwollte**. (Seite 81)

S'kishtepsetëngutejdhemundtëectegjeratje, **përtëmos** u **mbyllur**parakohenësallën e neveritshmetëpunës. (faqe 94)

Ermachte einen Umweg dort vorbei, weilernichtgleich an seinenArbeitsplatz in dem unfreundlichen Saal **zurückkehren** wollte. (Seite 98)

Ecja e princtidrejttendëskukujtonte se babai e kishtethirrurväret, hyrjanëshatorredhevasja e tij me sëpatë, me gjakftohtësiprejvezirëve **përtëmospasur** luftëpërpushtet..... (faqe 140)

Und schliesslich die kaltblütige Ermordung des Prinzen mit dem Beil, alser das Zelt betrat, in dem ihn angeblich der Vater erwartete, weil die Wesire einen Thronstreit vermeiden wollten. (Seite 148)

Skopos theory (German: *Skopostheorie*) is a concept from the field of translation studies.

It provides an insight into the nature of translation as a purposeful activity, which is directly applicable to every translation project. It was established by the German linguists Hans Vermeer and Katharina Reiß and comprises the idea that translating and interpreting should primarily take into account the function of the target text, as in the following examples:

Me hepatengadalté, përtëmosbërëzhurmë, aiuafruatyrezëssëtij, mbitëcilënnjohudosjenqë e kishtedorëzuaratëmëngjes. (faqe 125)

Auf Zehenspitzen ging er zu ihm den Tisch. Dort lag, wie er feststellte, das Dossier, das er an dieses Morgen abgegeben hatte. (Seite 132)

Atojanë me mijërap **përtëmosthënëdhjetëramijëra**. (faqe 131)

EssindTausende, Zehntausendesogar. (Seite 138)

Dora e tijbërivetëmnjëshenjënëajër,
sipërtëtreguarrrugënngaduhettëlëvizteletrapërtëmbërrituratykuduhej. (faqe 12)

Seine Hand bewegtesichnurdurch die Luft, um demSchreibenseine Bestimmungzuweisen. (Seite 13)

Ai kishteshpresë se, kurtëuleship **përtengrënë** darkë, biseda do tëndryshonte. (faqe 57)

Er stand zufürchten, dass man **das ganze Abendessen** von nichts anderem reden würde. (Seite 58-59)

And cases of a free translation, where you could argue either if the translation is the right one or not:

Kurrapsodëttëmbërrijnë do t'juftojtëgjithëve **përt'idëgjuar**,-tha.(faqe 66)
"Ich lade euchallezu den Rhapsodenein“, sagteer. (Seite 68)

Ëndrrat e kohëssëparëtërobërisë, - thaarkivist, duke treguarmuret, ose, siç i quajmëedhendryshe „, ëndrrat e robërisësëparë“, **përt'idalluargaatotëmëvonëshmet**, domethënëtërobërisësëthellë.(faqe 133)

Hiersind die Träumeaus der Anfangsphase der Knechtschaft“, sagte der Archivar, „ auch, Träume des frühenJochs „, genannt. Die Träumeaus der späteren Phase der massivenBedrückung sind **deutlich anders beschaffen**. (Seite 140-141)

Sytë e tijsip**përt'usiguruar**edhenjëherë, vështruanmbeturinat e fletëssëshkrumbuarmbipërgjumjen e prushitplak. (faqe 16)

Unglaublichschaute Mark-Alemzu den verkohltenPapierresten auf der greisen, schläfrigen Glut hinüber. (Seite 16)

Ai i vështroitëgjithë me rradhë, **si përt'kuptuar** se sakishinarriturtekatafjalët e tij.(faqe 58)
Erschautesich**beifallheischend** in der Runde um. (Seite 60)

3. CONCLUSIONS

As the world shrinks and interest in multiculturalism grows, so too does the fascination with literature from around the globe. Unfortunately, the rate and level of literary translation has not kept apace with demand. The vast majority of literary translators are untrained and ill-equipped to master the many requirements of the genre, which, in the words of Susan Bernofsky, a prominent translator of German and director of Literary Translation at Columbia University, includes no less than the ability to *write* good literature: “When we translate literature, we are writing literature and the text of the translation must adhere to the highest standards of literary quality of all times.

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