

Orijinal araştırma (Original article)

Contributions to the Turkish Braconidae (Hymenoptera) fauna with seven new records

Eyyüp Mennan YILDIRIM¹ Hasan Sungur CİVELEK^{2*} Emine ÇIKMAN³
Oktay DURSUN² Ata ESKİN²

Summary

This study was carried out to contribute to parasitoid fauna of Braconidae family (Hymenoptera) of Turkey. Specimens were collected with sweeping net from cultivated and non-cultivated plants in various habitats of Turkey during 2006- 2008. Among the collected species, *Chorebus flavipes* Goureaux, 1851; *Dacnusa gentianae* Griffiths, 1967; *Exotela umbellina* Nixon, 1954; *Dinotrema intermissum* (Fischer, 1974); *Opius* (*Cryptognathopius*) *uttoisimilis* Fischer, 1999; *Opius* (*Agnopius*) *rex* Fischer, 1958 and *Utetes magnus* Fischer, 1958 are new records for the Turkish fauna.

Key words: Braconidae, Opiinae, Alysiniinae new record, Turkey

Anahtar sözcükler: Braconidae, Opiinae, Alysiniinae yeni kayıt, Türkiye

Introduction

The vast majority of braconids are primary parasitoids of other insects, especially upon the larval stages of Coleoptera, Diptera and Lepidoptera but also including some hemimetabolus insects (Aphids, Heteroptera, Embiidina). As parasitoids they almost invariably kill their hosts, although a few only cause their hosts to become sterile and less active. Both external and internal parasitoids are common in the family, and the latter forms often display elaborate physiological adaptations for enhancement of larval survival within host insects, including the co-option of endosymbiotic viruses for compromising host immune defenses (Stoltz & Vinson, 1979; Stoltz, 1986; Whitfield, 1990; Stoltz & Whitfield, 1992; Whitfield, 2002; Whitfield & Asgari, 2003).

¹ Adnan Menderes University, Sultanhisar Vocational Collage, 09470, Sultanhisar, Aydın, Turkey

² Muğla University, Faculty of Arts and Science, Department of Biology, 48170, Muğla, Turkey

³ Harran University, Faculty of Agriculture, Department of Plant Protection, 63040, Şanlıurfa, Turkey

* Sorumlu yazar (Corresponding author) e-mail: chasan@mu.edu.tr

Alınış (Received): 18.06.2009

Kabul ediliş (Accepted): 27.08.2009

Early larval development in braconids has also yielded surprises, such as the discovery of relatively closely related genera that differ in such important aspects as syncytial versus holoblastic cleavage, normally characterizing major animal phyla (Grbic & Strand, 1998; Grbic, 2000). Parasitism of adult insects (especially of Hemiptera and Coleoptera) is also known, and members of two subfamilies (Mesostoinae & Doryctinae) form galls on plants (Infante et al., 1995; Austin & Dangerfield, 1998).

Farmers in Turkey frequently apply large quantities of insecticide, especially in greenhouse environments. Insecticides have a negative impact on beneficial fauna (Weintraub & Horowitz, 1998). To control pest insects by non-chemical means, it is necessary first to identify the key parasitoid species. In Turkey, many studies have been carried out on Braconidae fauna in Turkey until now especially by Beyarslan (Beyarslan, 1986, 1988, 1991, 1992, 1996, 1999, 2002a, b; Beyarslan & Inanç, 1997, 2001; Inanç & Beyarslan, 1990, 2001; Beyarslan et al., 2002, 2005, 2006; Fischer & Beyarslan, 2005a, b; Çetin Erdoğan & Beyarslan, 2009).

The aim of this study was to contribute to the naturally occurring parasitoids of Turkey.

Material and Methods

This study was carried out during 2006 and 2008 in various habitats of Turkey. Samples were collected with sweeping net. Collected samples were put in the 70% ethanol and brought to Muğla University, Science and Art Faculty, Biology Department, Entomology Laboratory. We sorted Braconidae specimens from the ethanol and sent them to be identified. These specimens were identified by Prof. Dr. Ahmet Beyarslan (Trakya University, Science and Art Faculty, Biology Department, Edirne). Collecting localities, in numerical sequence and their coordinates, altitudes, habitats and the dates were given. All specimens are deposited in the Muğla University, Science and Art Faculty, Biology Department, Entomology Laboratory and Trakya University, Biology Department, Entomology Laboratory, Turkey.

Results and Discussion

In this study, seven parasitoid species were identified. *Chorebus flavipes* Goureau, 1851; *Dacnusa gentianae* Griffiths 1967; *Exotela umbellina* Nixon 1954; *Dinotrema intermissum* (Fischer, 1974); *Opius (Cryptognathopus) uttoisimilis* Fischer, 1999; *Opius (Agnopius) rex* Fischer, 1958 and *Utetes magnus* Fischer, 1958 are new records for the Turkish fauna. Their habitat, distribution, host, sex and locality information were given. The taxa are presented alphabetically.

***Chorebus* Haliday, 1833**

***Chorebus flavipes* Goureau, 1851**

Material examined: Trabzon: Maçka, Sumela, 1180m, 12.IX.2006, weed, 3♀ 1♂.

General Distribution: Kazakhstan and Far East of Asiatic Russia (Tobias, 1998), Mongolia and Greece (Papp, 2005, 2007), Britain, Denmark, France, Germany, Ireland, Poland (Anonymous, 2007).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for Turkish fauna.

***Dacnusa* Haliday 1833**

***Dacnusa gentianae* Griffiths 1967**

Material examined: Gaziantep: Nurdağı, İçerisu (37° 09.889' N/ 36° 50.983' E), 561m, 06.IX.2006, 1♀, 1♂.

General Distribution: Austria, Germany, Poland (Anonymous, 2007).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for Turkish fauna.

***Dinotrema* Foerster 1862**

***Dinotrema intermissum* (Fischer, 1974)**

Material examined: Muğla: Köyceğiz, Kazancı Picnic area (36° 59.508 N / 28° 38.809 E) 9m, 03.XI.2007, collected with sweeping net, 1♀.

General Distribution: Austria, Netherlands (Anonymous, 2007).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for the Turkish fauna.

***Exotela* Foerster, 1862**

***Exotela umbellina* Nixon 1954**

Material examined: Artvin: Borçka, Karagöl National Park (41° 23' 23" N 41° 51' 23" E) 1479m, 10.IX.2006, 1♀; Erzurum: İspir, Madenköprübaşı (40° 26' 51" N 40° 50' 63" E), 1251m, 09.IX.2006, 1♀; Rize: Ayder Plateau, Kaçkar Mountains National Park (41° 23' 23" N 41° 51' 23" E) 1468m, 11.IX.2006, 1♂.

General Distribution: Germany, Russia (Anonymous, 2007).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for Turkish fauna.

***Opius* Wesmael, 1853**

***Opius (Agnopius) rex* Fischer, 1958**

Material examined: Trabzon: Maçka, Sumela Monastery (40° 41.388.599' N/ 39° 39.422' E), 1180m, 12.IX.2006, collected with sweeping net, 1♂.

General Distribution: Britain (Pitkin et al. 2008), Austria, Bulgaria, Crete, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hungary, Italy, Norway, Poland, Romania, Russia, Slovakia, Sweden, Switzerland, Netherlands, Yugoslavia (Anonymous, 2007).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for the Turkish fauna.

***Opius (Cryptognathopius) uttoisimilis* Fischer, 1999.**

Material examined: Muğla: Yılanlı Mountain, Göktepe village (37° 26' 04" N 28° 33' 46" E), 436m, 01.X.2006, vegetables, 1♀.

General Distribution: Russia (Tobias, 2001).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for the Turkish fauna.

Utetes Foerster, 1862

***Utetes magnus* Fischer, 1958**

Material examined: Muğla: Köyceğiz (36° 57.590 N / 28° 39.759 E), 8.IX.2006, collected with sweeping net, 3♂♂.

General Distribution: Palaearctic (Fischer, 1981, Fischer & Koponen, 1999, Belokobylskij et al., 2003).

Distribution in Turkey: New record for the Turkish fauna.

In this study a total of seven species belonging to two subfamilies (Alysiinae, Opiinae) and six genera (*Chorebus*, *Dacnusa*, *Dinotrema*, *Exotela*, *Opius*, *Utetes*) were identified. *C. flavipes*, *D. gentianae*, *E.umbellina*, *D. intermissum*, *O. (C.) uttoisimilis*, *O. (A.) rex*, *U. magnus* are new records for the Turkish Braconid fauna.

C. flavipes, *D.gentianae*, *D.intermissum*, *E. umbellina*, *O. (A.) rex*, *O.(C.) uttoisimilis*, these species given above are mostly leafminer parasitoids. However, *U. magnus* is parasitoid of *Rhagoletis alternata* (Diptera: Tephritidae). Because of their host preferences, Braconidae species can be considered as biological control agents against to Agromyzidae, Ephyridae and Tephritidae (*R. alternata*).

Braconidae species are very important to biological control of some pest insects especially to Agromyzidae as seen above.

Özet

Yedi yeni kayıtlı Türkiye Braconidae (Hymenoptera) faunasına katkılar

Bu çalışma Türkiye'nin Braconidae (Hymenoptera) familyası faunasına katkıda bulunmak amacıyla gerçekleştirilmiştir. Örnekler 2006-2008 yılları arasında Türkiye'nin farklı coğrafi alanlarında, kültürü yapılan ve yapılmayan bitkilerden atrap yardımıyla toplanmıştır. Toplanan türler arasında, *Chorebus flavipes* Goureau, 1851; *Dacnusa gentianae* Griffiths 1967; *Exotela umbellina* Nixon, 1954; *Dinotrema intermissum* (Fischer, 1974); *Opius (Cryptognathopius) uttoisimilis* Fischer, 1999; *Opius (Agnopius) rex* Fischer, 1958 ve *Utetes magnus* Fischer, 1958 Türkiye faunası için yeni kayıtlardır.

Acknowledgements

Many thanks to The Scientific and Technical Research Council of Turkey (TUBITAK, BİDEB) for supporting this study and thanks to Prof. Dr. Ahmet BEYARSLAN (Trakya University, Science and Art Faculty, Biology Department, Edirne) for identified our Braconid samples.

References

- Anonymous, 2007. Fauna Europaea. <http://www.faunaeur.org>.
- Austin, A. D. & P.C. Dangerfield, 1998. Biology of the *Mesostoa kerri* Austin and Wharton (Insecta: Hymenoptera: Braconidae: Mesostoinae), an endemic Australian wasp that causes stem galls on *Banksia marginata* Cav. **Australian Journal of Botany**, **46**: 559- 569.
- Belokobylskij, S. A., A. Taeger, C. V. Achterberg, E. Haeselbarth & M. Riedel, 2003. Checklist of the Braconidae of Germany. **Beitrag zur Entomologie**, **53**: 341-435.
- Beyarslan, A., 1986. Türkiye'nin Akdeniz Bölgesinde saptanan *Bracon* F. (Hym.: Braconidae : Braconinae) türleri üzerinde araştırmalar I. **Doğa (A2)**, **10/1**: 39-52.
- Beyarslan, A., 1988. Zwei neue arten der familie Braconidae (Hym.) aus der Türkei. **Zeitschrift der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Österreichischen Entomologen**, **39/3**: 71- 76.
- Beyarslan, A., 1991. Die arten der tribus Vipionini telenga aus der Türkei (Hym.: Braconidae: Braconinae). **Linzer Biologische Beiträge**, **2372**: 495- 519.
- Beyarslan, A., 1992. *Isomecus lalapasaensis* sp.nov. und *Vipiomorpha fischeri* sp. nov., zwei neue Arten der Tribus Vipionini (Hym.: Braconidae: Braconinae). **Entomofauna**, **13/15**: 253-260,.
- Beyarslan, A., 1996. Die Orgilus-Arten der Turkei (Hymenoptera, Braconidae, Orgilinae). **Entomofauna**, **17/22**: 353- 360.
- Beyarslan, A., 1999. Liste der Braconinae-Arten der Mittelmeer- und Marmara Region der Türkei (Hymenoptera : Braconidae). **Entomofauna**, **20**, **5**: 93- 120.
- Beyarslan, A., 2002a. Four new species of the genus *Bracon* (Hymenoptera: Braconidae: Braconinae) from Turkey. **Biologia Bratislava**, **57/2**: 139- 146.

- Beyarslan, A. 2002b. Five new species of Braconinae from Turkey (Hymenoptera: Braconidae). **Entomofauna**, **23** (16): 189- 200.
- Beyarslan, A & F. İnanc, 1997. Gaziantep ve Şanlıurfa İllerinin bazı yörelerinden toplanan Microgastrinae (Hym., Braconidae) türleri. **Türkiye Entomoloji Dergisi**, **21** (3): 213- 223.
- Beyarslan, A. & F. İnanc, 2001. Ein neuer beitrag zur kenntnis der türkischen Dacnusi Foerster 1862 (Hymenoptera: Braconidae: Alysiinae). **Linzer Biologische Beiträge**, **33** (1): 263- 268.
- Beyarslan, A., F. İnanc, Ö. Çetin & M. Aydoğdu, 2002. Braconiden von den türkischen Inseln Imbros und Tenedos (Hymenoptera, Braconidae: Agathidinae, Braconinae, Cheloninae, Microgastrinae). **Entomofauna**, **23** (15): 173-188.
- Beyarslan, A., Ö. Çetin Erdoğan & M. Aydoğdu, 2005. A survey of Braconinae (Hymenoptera, Braconidae) of Turkish Western Black Sea Region **Linzer Biologische Beiträge**. **37** (1):195- 213.
- Beyarslan, A., M. Yurtcan, Ö. Çetin Erdoğan & M. Aydoğdu, 2006. A study on Braconidae and Ichneumonidae from Ganos Mountains (Thrace Region, Turkey) (Hymenoptera, Braconidae, Ichneumonidae), **Linzer Biologische Beiträge**, **38/1**: 409-422.
- Çetin Erdoğan, Ö. & A. Beyarslan, 2009. Doğu Karadeniz Bölgesi Agathidinae Haliday, 1833 (Braconidae: Hymenoptera) türleri üzerine bir araştırma. **Türkiye Entomoloji Dergisi**, **33** (1): 73-80
- Fischer, M. & A. Beyarslan, 2005a. New maggot wasps from the Turkish fauna (Hymenoptera, Braconidae, Opiinae). **Polkie Pismo Entomologiczne**, **74**: 379- 421.
- Fischer, M. & A. Beyarslan, 2005b. A survey of Opiinae (Hymenoptera, Braconidae) of Turkey. **Fragmenta Faunistica**, **48**: 27- 62.
- Fischer, M. & M. Koponen, 1999. A survey of Opiinae (Hymenoptera, Braconidae) of Finland, Part 1 **Entomologica Fennica**, **10**: 65- 93.
- Grbic, M., 2000. Alien wasps and evolution of development. **BioEssays**, **22**: 920- 932.
- Grbic, M. & M. R. Strand, 1998. Shifts in the life history of parasitic wasps correlate with pronounced alterations in early development. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the USA*, **95**: 1097- 1101.
- İnanc, F. & A. Beyarslan, 1990. Istanca dağlarının *Apanteles* Förster (Hym., Braconidae, Microgastrinae) türleri. **Doğa Turkish Journal of Zoology**, **14**: 281- 300.
- İnanc, F. & A. Beyarslan, 2001. A study on Microgastrinae (Hym.: Braconidae) species in Gökçeada and Bozcaada. **Turkish Journal of Zoology**, **25**: 287-296.
- Infante, F., P. Hanson & R. Wharton, 1995. Phytophagy in the genus *Monitoriella* (Hymenoptera: Braconidae) with description of new species. **Annals of The Entomological Society of America**, **88**: 406- 415.
- Papp, J., 2005. Braconidae (Hymenoptera) from Mongolia, XVI. Subfamilies Gnampodontinae, Brachistinae, Euphorinae, Alysiinae. **Acta Zoologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae**, **51** (3): 221–251.

- Papp, J., 2007. Braconidae (Hymenoptera) from Greece, 6. **Notes fauniques de Gembloux, 60** (3): 99- 127.
- Pitkin, B., W. Ellis, C. Plant & R. Edmunds, 2008. The Leaf and Stem Mines Of British Flies And Other Insects. <http://www.ukflymines.co.uk>.
- Stoltz, D. B., 1986. Interactions between parasitoid-derived products and host insects: An overview. **Journal of Insect Physiology, 32**: 347- 350.
- Stoltz, D. B. & S. B. Vinson, 1979. Viruses and parasitism in insects. **Advanced Virus Research, 24**: 125- 171.
- Stoltz, D. B. & J. B. Whitfield, 1992. Viruses and virus-like entities in the parasitic Hymenoptera. **Journal of Hymenoptera Research, 1**: 125- 139.
- Tobias, V. I., 1998. "Tribe Dacnusiini, 299–411". In: Key to the Insects of Russian Far East, vol. IV. Neuropteroidea, Mecoptera, Hymenoptera, part 3, Vladivostok, Dal' nauka, Russian, 708 pp.
- Tobias, V. I., 2001. Additional data to the subfamily Opiinae (Hymenoptera, Braconidae) from the Russian Far East. **Far Eastern Entomologist, 108**: 1- 10.
- Weintraub, P. G. & A. R. Horowitz, 1998. Effects of translaminar versus conventional insecticides on *Liriomyza huidobrensis* (Diptera: Agromyzidae) and *Diglyphus isaea* (Hymenoptera: Eulophidae) populations in celery. **Journal of Economic Entomology, 91**: 1180- 1185.
- Whitfield, J. B., 1990. Parasitoids, polydnviruses and endosymbiosis. **Parasitology Today, 6**: 381- 384.
- Whitfield, J. B., 2002. Estimating the age of the polydnvirus/braconid wasp symbiosis. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the USA*, 99: 7508- 7513.
- Whitfield, J. B. & S. Asgari, 2003. Virus or not phylogenetics of polydnviruses and their wasp carriers. **Journal of Insect Physiology, 49**: 397- 405.