

Marine Flora of Kastamonu (Black Sea, Turkey)

Kastamonu Deniz Florası

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Abstract

In this research, marine algae and seagrasses in the upper infralittoral zone of the Black Sea, coast of Kastamonu, was investigated. A total of 259 algae and 3 seagrasses taxa were determined. These are the blue-green bacteria (22 taxa), red algae (133 taxa), the brown algae (56 taxa), the green algae (48 taxa) and the flowering plants (3 taxa). *Eupogodon planus*, *Spermothamnion repens* (*Rhodophyceae*), *Planophila microcystis* and *Stromatella monostromatica* (*Fucophyceae*) are new records for Black Sea and Turkish black sea shores.

Key words: Blue-green bacteria, red algae, brown algae, green algae, seagrasses, Kastamonu, Black Sea, Turkey.

Introduction

The earliest study on Turkish algae was performed by Buxbaum (1740), Tchichatcheff (1860), Sperk (1869) and Zernow (1913) (Zinova 1964). Additionally, Agardh (1851-1876), Fritsch (1899), Dratjuyan (1894-1895), Woronichin (1908a, b), Stockmayer (1909), Güven (1971), Zeybek (1973), Cirik & Cihangir (1987), Öztürk (1988), Altındağ (Cirik) (1990), Aysel & Erduğan (1995), Aysel *et al.* (1990, 1996, 1997, 1998, 2004, 2005 (in press), Özer & Köksal (1993), also Erduğan (1996), Erduğan *et al.* (2003), have performed floristic studies on Black sea coasts of Turkey

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Material and Methods

Collected specimens were fixed using 4 % formaldehyde for long term preservation. Specimens belonging to *Rhodomelaceae* and *Corallinaceae* were exceptionally treated with 10 % HCl because of their specific cell wall properties in identification procedures.

Kastamonu, having approximately 135 km. coast line in Black Sea, is situated between $32^{\circ} 43' 45''$ and $34^{\circ} 13' 31''$ eastern longitudes (Figure 1). The coastal zone is almost linear and has no deep innovations except Inebolu Harbour. Minimum marine temperature is 5°C (january-april) while maximum is $24,6^{\circ}\text{C}$ (August). Averaged temperature is $13,4^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Meteorology bulletin 1974).

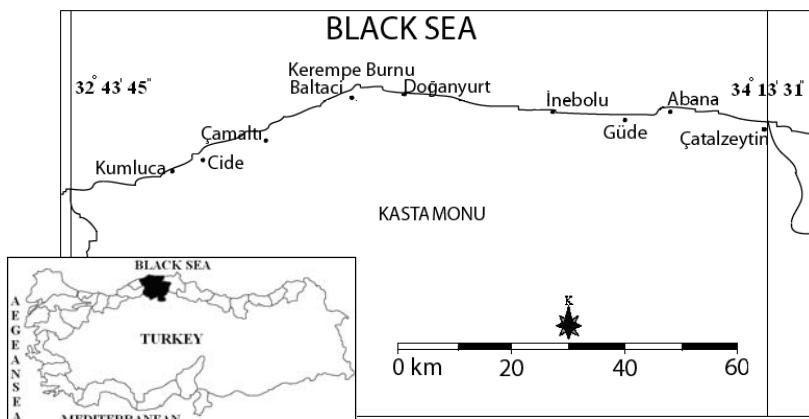


Figure 1: Map of the studied shores

Results

Taxa distributed in study area are listed in table 1. In this list, Classes and upper categories were arranged according to Van den Hoek *et al.* (1997). Arrangement of lower categories, presented in the list were followed by specialists [(Silva *et al.*, (1996) for *Cyanophyta* and *Rhodophyta*, Stegenga (1985) for *Acrochaetales*, Frederic & Hommersand (1989) for *Gracilariales*, Bressan & Babbini-Benussi (1995, 1996) for *Corallinales*, Gomez Garreta *et al.*, (2001) for *Ceramiales*, Ribera *et al.*, (1992) for *Ochrophyta*, Gallardo *et al.* (1993) for *Chlorophyta* and Guiry & Dhonncha (2005)]. Additionally, the studies of Barbara & Cremades (1996), Ballantine & Aponte (1997) and Hardy & Guiry (2003) were used to create an evolutionary list of taxa above genus level. Taxa in species or below species level are listed alphabetically. New records for the Black Sea and Turkish shores of the Black Sea are indicated an asterisks (*).

Table 1. Taxa distributed on Kastomonu (black sea) coasts of Turkey

CYANOPHYTA (=CYANOBACTERIA)	PSEUDOANABAENACEAE
CYANOPHYCEAE	<i>Spirocoleus tenuis</i> (Meneghini) P.C. Silva
CHROOCOCCALES	
CHROOCOCCACEAE	
<i>Chroococcus dimidiatus</i> (Kützing) Nägeli	LEPTOLYNGBYOIDEAE
	<i>Planktolyngbya subtilis</i> (G.S. West) Anagnostidis & Komárek
DERMOCARPACEAE	
<i>Dermocarpa acervata</i> (Setchell & Gardner)	NOSTOCALES
Pham Hoàng Hô	RIVULARIACEAE
<i>D. cladophorae</i> (Tilden) P. C. Silva	<i>Calothrix aeruginea</i> (Kützing) Thuret
	<i>C. confervicola</i> (Roth) C. Agardh ex Bornet & Flahault
MERISMOPEDIACEAE	<i>C. crustacea</i> Thuret
GOMPHOSPHAERIOIDEA	<i>C. scopulorum</i> (Weber van Bosse & Mohr) C. Agardh
<i>Gomphosphaeria aponina</i> Kützing	<i>Rivularia polyotis</i> (J. Agardh) Hauck
<i>Microcystis halophila</i> B. Martens & Pankow	
<i>M. marina</i> (Hansgrig) P.C. Silva	PLANTAE
OSCILLATORIALES	BILIPHYTA
OSCILLATORIACEAE	RHODOPHYTA
<i>Lyngbya adriae</i> Ercégovic	RHODELLOPHYTINA
<i>L. aestuarii</i> (Mertens) Liebmann	RHODELLOPHYCEAE
<i>L. confervoides</i> C. Agardh ex Gomont	STYLONEMATALES
<i>L. majuscula</i> (Dillwyn) Harvey ex Gomont	STYLONEMATACEAE
	<i>Stylonema alsidii</i> (Zanardini) K. Drew
	<i>S. cornu-cervi</i> (Reinsch) Hauck
PHORMIDIACEAE	
PHORMIDIOIDEAE	COMPSOPOGONOPHYCEAE
<i>Phormidium ambiguum</i> Gomont	ERYTHROPELTIDALES
<i>P. autumnale</i> C. Agardh ex Gomont	ERYTHROTRICHIACEAE
<i>P. breve</i> (Kützing) Anagnostidis & Komárek	<i>Erythrotrichia carnea</i> (Dillwyn) J. Agardh
var. <i>breve</i>	<i>Sahlingia subintegra</i> (Rosenvinge) Kornmann
<i>P. corallinae</i> (Kützing) Anagnostidis &	
Komárek	
<i>Porphyrosiphon martensianus</i> (Meneghini ex Gomont) Anagnostidis & Komárek	

MACRORHODOPHYTINA
BANGIOPHYCEAE
BANGIOPHYCIDAE
GONIOTRICHALES
GONIOTRICHACEAE
Chroodactylon ornatum (C. Agardh)
 Basson

BANGIALES
BANGIACEAE
Bangia atropurpurea (Roth) C. Agardh
Porphyra leucosticta Thuret in Le Jolis
 f. *leucosticta*
P. minor Zanardini
P. umbilicalis (Linnaeus) Kützing

FLORIDEOPHYCIDAE
NEMALIOPHYCIDAE
ACROCHAETIALES
ACROCHAETIACEAE
Acrochaetium crassipes (Børgesen)
 Børgesen
A. hallanicum (Kylin) G. Hamel
A. humile (Rosenvinge) Børgesen
A. leptoneura (Rosenvinge) Børgesen
A. microscopicum (Nägeli ex Kützing)
 Nägeli
A. moniliforme (Rosenvinge)
 Børgesen
A. parvulum (Kylin) Hoyt
A. rosulatum (Rosenvinge) Papenfuss
A. secundatum (Lyngbye) Nägeli
A. savianum (Meneghini) Nägeli
A. virgatum (Harvey) Batters
COLACONEMATALES
COLACONEMATACEAE
Colaconema codicola (Børgesen),
 H. Stegenka, J. J. Bolton &
 R. J. Anderson
C. daviesii (Dillwyn) Stegenga
C. membranaceum (Magnus)
 Woelkerling

NEMALIALES
LIAGORACEAE
Liagora viscida (Forsskål)
 C. Agardh

NEMALIACEAE
Nemalion helminthoides (Vellley)
 Batters

RHODYMENIOPHYCIDAE
GELIDIALES
GELIDIACEAE
Gelidium corneum (Hudson)
 J.V. Lamouroux
 var. *pectinatum* Ardisson &
 Strafforello
G. crinale (Turner) Gaillon
 var. *crinale*
 var. *corymbosum* (Kützing)
 J. Feldmann et G. Hamel
G. pulchellum (Turner) Kützing
G. spathulatum (Kützing) Bornet
G. spinosum (S.G. Gmelin) P.C.
 Silva
 var. *spinulosum*
 var. *hystrix* (J. Agardh) Hauck
Pterocladiella capillacea (S.G. Gmelin) Santelices &
 Hommersand
 f. *capillacea*
 f. *crinita* (Hauck) V. Aysel,
 H. Erdogan, B. Dural-Tarakci,
 E. S. Okudan,
 A. Senkardesler, F. Aysel
P. melanoidea (Schousboe ex Bornet) Santelices &
 Hommersand
 var. *melanoidea*
 var. *flamentosa* (Schousboe)
 V. Aysel, H. Erdogan,
 B. Dural-Tarakci, E. S.
 Okudan,
 A. Senkardesler, F. Aysel

GELIDIELLACEAE

Gelidiella nigrescens (Feldmann)

Feldmann & G. Hamel

G. ramellosa (Kützing) Feldmann &
G.

Hamel

Parviphycus antipai (Celan) B.
Santelices

GRACILARIALES**GRACILARIACEAE**

Gracilaria dura (C. Agardh) J.
Agardh

G. gracilis (Stackhouse) Steentoft,
L.M.

Irvine & Farnham

var. *gracilis*

CORALLINALES**CORALLINACEAE****AMPHIROIDEAE**

Amphiroa rigida J.V. Lamouroux

CHOREONEMATOIDEAE

Choreonema thuretii (Bornet) F.
Schmitz

CORALLINOIDEAE**CORALLINEAE**

Corallina elongata Ellis & Solander

C. officinalis Linnaeus

JANIEAE

Haliptilon virgatum (Zanardini)
Garbarey &
H.W. Johansen

Jania rubens (Linne) J.V. Lamouroux
var. *rubens*
var. *corniculata* (Linnaeus) Yendo

MASTOPHOROIDEAE

Hydrolithon farinosum (J.V.
Lamouroux)
D. Penrose & Y.M. Chamberlain
var. *farinosum*

Pneophyllum confervicola (Kützing)

Y.M. Chamberlain

LITHOPHYLLOIDEAE

Lithophyllum corallinae

(P.L. Crouan & H.M. Crouan)
Heydrich

L. cystoseirae (Hauck)
Heydrich

L. orbiculatum (Foslie) Foslie
Titanoderma pustulatum (J.V.
Lamouroux) Nägeli

MELOBESIOIDEAE

Melobesia membranacea (Esper)

J.V. Lamouroux

Phymatolithon lenormandii (J.E.
Areschoug) W.H. Adey

GIGARTINALES**HYPNEACEAE**

Hypnea musciformis (Wulfen in
Jquin) J.V. Lamouroux

PEYSSONELICEAE

Peyssonnelia rosamarina

Boudouresque & Denizot

P. rubra (Greville) J. Agardh

P. squamaria (S.G. Gmelin)
Decaisne

PHYLLOPHORACEAE

Coccotylus truncatus (Pallas) M.J.

Wynne & J.N. Heine
f. *truncatus*

Gymnogongrus griffithsiae (Turner)
C.F.P. Martius

Phyllophora crispa (Hudson) P.S.
Dixon
f. *crispa*

P. pseudoceranoïdes (S.G. Gmelin)
Newroth & A.R.A. Taylor

- RHODYMENIALES**
- RHODYMENIACEAE**
- Chrysymenia ventricosa* (Lamour)
J. Ag.
- CHAMPIACEAE**
- Chylocladia verticillata* (Lightfoot)
Bliding
- LOMENTARIACEAE**
- Lomentaria articulata* (Hudson)
Lyngbye
var. *articulata*
L. clavellosa (Turner) Gaillon
- HALYMPHENIALES**
- GRATELOUPIACEAE**
- [=HALYMPHENIACEAE]
Grateloupia dichotoma J. Agardh
- CERAMIALES**
- CERAMIACEAE**
- CALLITHAMNIOIDEAE**
- CALLITHAMNIEAE**
- Callithamnion corymbosum* (Smith)
Lyngbye
C. granulatum (Ducluzeau) C. Agardh
Seirospora graudyi (Kützing) De Toni
- CERAMOIDEAE**
- ANTITHAMNIEAE**
- Antithamnion cruciatum* (C. Agardh)
Nägeli
var. *cruciatum*
A. heterocladium Funk
A. tenuissimum (Hauck) Schiffner
- CERAMIEAE**
- Ceramium arborescens* J. Agardh
C. ciliatum (Ellis) Ducluzeau
var. *ciliatum*
var. *robustum* (J. Agardh)
G. Mazoyer
C. circinatum (Kützing) J. Agardh
C. codii (H.W. Richards) Feldmann-
- Mazoyer
C. deslongchampsii Chauvin ex Duby
C. gaditanum (Clemente) Cremades var. *gaditanum*
C. rubrum auctorum
var. *rubrum*
var. *implexo-concordum* Solier
C. secundatum Lyngbye
C. siliquosum (Kützing) Maggs & Hommersend
var. *siliquosum*
var. *elegans* (Roth) G. Furnari
var. *lophophorum* (G. Feldmann -Mazoyer) Serio
var. *zostericola* (Feldmann-Mazoyer) G. Furnari
f. *zostericola*
f. *minusculum* (Feldmann -Mazoyer) A. Gomez Garreta, T. Gallardo, M.A. Ribera, M. Cormaci, G. Furnari, G. Giaccone and C.F. Boudouresque
C. tenerimum (Martens) Okamura
var. *tenerimum*
var. *brevizonatum* (Peterson) G. Feldmann-Mazoyer
- PTEROHAMNIEAE**
- Pterothamnion plumula* (Ellis)
Nägeli
subsp. *plumula*
- COMPSOTHAMNIOIDEAE**
- COMPSOTHAMNIEAE**
- Compsothamnion thuyoides* (J.E. Smith) F. Schmitz
- SPERMOTHAMNIEAE**
- Spermothamnion flabellatum* Bornet
**S. repens* (Dillwyn) Rosenvinge
var. *repens*

DASYACEAE*Dasya baillouviana* (S.G. Gmelin)

Montagne

var. *baillouviana**D. corymbifera* J. Agardh*D. hutchinsiae* Harvey in

J.W. Hooker

D. ocellata (Grateloup) Harvey**Eupogodon planus* (C. Agardh)

Kützing

Heterosiphonia plumosa (Ellis)

Batters

DELESSERIACEAE**DELESSERIOIDEAE****APOGLOSSAE***Apoglossum ruscifolium* (Turner) J.

Agardh

NITOPHYLLOIDEAE**NITOPHYLLEAE***Nitophyllum punctatum* (Stackhouse)

Greville

var. *punctatum***RHODOMELACEAE****CHONDRIAE***Chondria capillaris* (Hudson) Wynnevar. *capillaris*var. *patens* (Schiffner) V. Aysel,

H. Erduğan, E.Ş. Okudan, H. Erk

C. dasypylla (Woodward) C.

Agardh

LAURENCIEAE*Chondrophycus paniculatus* (C. Agardh)

G. Furnari

C. papillosum (C. Agardh) Garbary & J. Harper*Laurencia obtusa* (Huds.) J.V.

Lamouroux

var. *obtusa*var. *gracilis* (Kützing) Hauckvar. *laxa* (Kützing) Ardisson*Osmundea pinnatifida* (Hudson)

Stackhouse

POLYSIPHONIEAE*Alsidium corallinum* C. Agardh*Herposiphonia secunda* (C. Agardh)

Ambronn

f. *secunda*f. *tenella* (C. Agardh) Wynne*Lophosiphonia obscura* (C. Agardh)

Falkenberg

L. subadunca (Kützing) Falkenberg*Neosiphonia elongella* (harvey)

M.S.Kim & I.K.Lee

Polysiphonia biasolettiana J. Ag.*P. breviarticulata* (C. Ag.) Zanardini*P. brodiei* (Dillwyn) Sprengel*P. denudata* (Dillwyn) Greville*P. elongata* (Hudson) Harvey in

Hooker

P. fucoides (Hudson) Greville*P. opaca* (C. Agardh) Zanardini*P. paniculata* Montagne*P. sertularioides* (Grateloup)

J. Agardh

P. tenerrima Kützing*P. tripinnata* J. Ag.*P. variegata* (C. Agardh) Zanardini**POLYZONIEAE***Dipterosiphonia rigens* (Shousboei)

Falkenberg

PTEROSIPHONIEAE*Pterosiphonia pennata* (Roth)

Falkenberg

CHROMISTA**HETEROKONTA****OCHROPHYTA**

[=HETEROKONTOPHYTA

FUCOPHYCEAE

[=PHAEOPHYCEAE,

PHAEOZOOSPOROPHYCEAE]

ECTOCARPALES**ECTOCARPACEAE**

Acinetospora crinita (Carmichael ex Harvey) Sauvageau
Ectocarpus siliculosus (Dillwyn) Lyngbye
 var. *siliculosus*
 var. *arctus* (Kützing) Gallardo
 var. *dasy carpus* (Kuckuck) Gallardo
 var. *hiemalis* (P.L. Crouan ex Kjellman) Gallardo
 var. *penicillatus* C. Agardh
Feldmannia caespitula (J. Agardh)
 Knoepffler-Péguy
 var. *caespitula*
 var. *lebelii* (Areschoug ex P.L. Crouan) Knoepffler-Péguy
F. irregularis (Kützing) G. Hamel
F. padinae (Buffham) Hamel
Hincksia sandriana (Zanardini) P.C. Silva
Kuetzangiella battersii (Bornet ex Sauvageau) Kornmann
Microsyphar polysiphoniae Kuckuck
Streblonema sphaericum (Derbès & Solier)
 Thuret

CHORDARIALES

MYRIONEMATACEAE

Ascocyclus orbicularis (J. Agardh)
 Kjellman
Myrionema strangulans Greville

ELACHISTACEAE

Halothrix lumbricalis (Kützing)
Reinke

CORYNOPHLAEACEAE

Corynophlaea umbellata (C. Agardh)
 Kützing
Myriactula arabica (Kützing)
Feldmann
M. rivulariae (Shur) Feldmann

SPERMATOCHNACEAE

Stilophora nodulosa (C. Agardh) P.C. Silva
S. tenella (Esper) P.C. Silva

CHORDARIACEAE

Eudesme virescens (Carmichael ex Berkeley) J. Agardh
Litosiphon laminariae (Lyngbye) Harvey

CUTLERIALES

CUTLERİACEAE

Zanardinia prototypus Nardo

SPHACELARIALES

SPHACELARIACEAE

Sphacelaria cirrosa (Roth) C. Agardh
 var. *cirrosa*
 var. *mediterranea* Sauvageau

STYPOCAULACEAE

Halopteris filicina (Grateloup)
 Kützing
H. scoparia Linnaeus Sauvageau

CLADOSTEPHACEAE

Cladostephus spongiosus (Hudson)
 C. Agardh
 f. *spongiosus*
 f. *verticillatus* (Lightfoot)
 Prod'homme van Reine

DICTYOTALES

DICTYOTACEAE

Dictyopteris polypodioides (A.P. de Candolle) J.V. Lamouroux
Dictyota fasciola (Roth) J.V.
 Lamouroux
 var. *fasciola*
 var. *repens* (J. Agardh)
 Ardissone
D. linearis (C. Agardh) Greville
 f. *linearis*

D. menstrualis (Hoyt) Schnetter,
Hornig & Weber-Peukert
var. *menstrualis*
Padina pavonica (Linnaeus) Thivy

DICTYOSIPHONALES
MYRIOTRICHIACEAE
Myriotrichia clavaeformis Harvey

GIRAUDIACEAE
Giraudia sphacelarioides Derbès &
Solier

STRIARIACEAE
Striaria attenuata (Greville),
Greville
f. *attenuata*

ASPEROCOCCACEAE
Asperococcus bullosus Lamouroux
f. *bullosus*
A. ensiformis (Delle Chiaje) M.J.
Wynne
A. fistulosus (Hudson) Hooker

PUNCTARIACEAE
Punctaria plantaginea (Roth)
Greville

SCYTOSIPHONALES
SCYTOSIPHONACEAE
Petalonia zosterifolia (Reinke) O.
Kuntze
Scytosiphon simplicissimus
(Clemente)
Cremades
var. *simplicissimus*

FUCALES
CYSTOSEIRACEAE
Cystoseira barbata (Stackhouse) C.
Agardh
var. *barbata*
f. *aurantia* (Kützing) Giaccone
C. compressa (Esper) Gerloff &
Nizamuddin

f. *compressa*
C. corniculata (Turner) Zanardini
var. *corniculata*
C. crinita (Desfontaines) Bory
f. *crinita*
f. *bosphorica* (Sauvageau.) Zinova
&
Kalugina
C. foeniculacea (Linnaeus) Greville

SARGASSACEAE
Sargassum acinarum (Linnaeus)
Setchell
S. hornschuchi C. Agardh
S. vulgare C. Agardh
var. *vulgare*

CHLOROPHYTA
CHLOROPHYCEAE
PHAEOPHILALES
PHAEOPHILACEAE
Phaeophila dendroides (P. L.
Crouan & H. M. Crouan)
Batters

CHAETOPHORALES
CHAETOPHORACEAE
Bolbocoleon piliferum Pringsheim
Entocladia viridis Reinke
Pringsheimiella scutata (Reinke)
Höhnel ex Marchewianka
**Stromatella monostromatica* (P.
Dangeard) Kornmann & Sahling

ULVOPHYCEAE
ULOTRICHIALES
BORODINELLACEAE
**Planophila microcysts* (P.
Dangeard) Kornmann & Sahling

ULOTHRICHALES
Ulothrix flacca (Dillwyn) Thuret in
Le Jolis
U. tenerrima (Kützing) Kützing
U. zonata (Weber van Bosse &
Mohr) Kützing

ULVALES**ULVELLACEAE**

Ulvelia lens P. L. Crouan &
H. M. Crouan

ULVACEAE

Blidingia marginata (J. Agardh)
P. Dangeard ex Bliding
B. minima (Nägeli ex Kützing) Kylin
var. *minima*
Enteromorpha ahleriana Bliding
nom. illeg
E. clathrata (Roth) Greville
E. compressa (Linnaeus) Nees
var. *compressa*
E. flexuosa (Wulfen) J. Agardh
subsp. *flexuosa*
E. intestinalis (Linnaeus) Nees
var. *intestinalis*
E. kylinii Bliding
E. linza (Linnaeus) J. Agardh
var. *linza*
var. *crispata* (Bertoloni) J. Agardh
var. *minor* Schiffneri
E. muscoides (Clemente) Cremades
E. prolifera (O.F. Müller) J. Agardh
subsp. *prolifera*
Ulva fasciata Delile
U. fenestrata Postels & Ruprecht
U. rigida C. Agardh
f. *rigida*

CLADOPHOROPHYCEAE**CLADOPHORALES**

CLADOPHORACEAE Wille
Chaetomorpha aerea (Dillwyn)
Kützing
C. linum (O.F. Müller) Kützing
Cladophora albida (Nees) Kützing
C. flexuosa (O.F. Möller) Kützing
C. fracta (O.F. Müller ex Vahl)
Kützing
C. glomerata (Linnaeus) Kützing
var. *glomerata*
var. *marina* Lyngbye

C. hutchinsiae (Dillwyn) Kützing
C. laetevirens (Dillwyn) Kützing
C. lehmanniana (Lindenberg)
Kützing

C. pellucida (Hudson) Kützing
f. *pellucida*
C. prolifera (Roth) Kützing
C. sericea (Hudson) Kützing
C. trichotoma (C. Agardh) Kützing
Rhizoclonium riparium (Roth)
Harvey
R. implexum (Dillwyn) Kützing
R. tortuosum (Dillwyn) Kützing

BRYOPSIDOPHYCEAE**BRYOPSIDALES** Schaffner**BRYOPSIDACEAE** Bory

Bryopsis corymbosa J. Agardh
B. flagellata Kützing
B. hypnoides J.V. Lamouroux
var. *hypnoides*
B. plumosa (Hudson) C. Agardh

CODIALES**CODIACEAE** Kützing

Codium tomentosum Stackhouse

MAGNOLIOPHYTA**LILIOPSIDA****ALISMATIDAE****POTAMOGETONALES****CYMODOCEACEAE**

Cymodocea nodosa (Ucria)
Ascherson

ZOSTERACEAE

Zostera marina Linnaeus
Z. noltii Homermann

Discussion

In the present study, 262 taxa as Magnoliophyta (3), *Chlorophyta* (48), Ochrophyta (56), *Rhodophyta* (133) and *Cyanophyta* (22) have been found.

A comparison is made of number of algae species between Kastamonu and remaining provinces of the region is presented in Table 2.

As seen in table 2, the species of *Cyanophyta* is relatively lower in the provinces such as Trabzon, Rize and Artvin than the other provinces of the area having almost equal number of species (*Cyanophyta*) possibly as a result of ignorance this group by previous researchers.

Table 2. A comparison, in terms of number of algae species between Kastamonu and remaining provinces of the region (KS: Kastamonu, KR: Kırklareli, KSD: Kocaeli, Sakarya, Düzce, ZN: Zonguldak, BR: Bartın, SN: Sinop, SM: Samsun OR: Ordu, TR: Trabzon, RA: Rize, Artvin).

Division	Studied Stations of Turkish Black Sea Shores									
	KS	KR	KSD	ZN	BR	SN	SM	OR	TR	RA
<i>Cyanophyta</i> (Cy)	22	23	30	20	12	22	20	14	1	3
<i>Rhodophyta</i> (R)	133	71	126	100	116	136	106	93	23	43
<i>Ochrophyta</i> (O)	56	24	50	42	43	52	27	27	8	15
<i>Chlorophyta</i> (C)	48	30	46	43	39	55	22	26	23	27
<i>Magnoliophyta</i>	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	3	3
Total	262	151	255	208	213	268	178	164	58	91

Phycologically, Kastamonu, is one of the richest province of northeastern Turkey compared with the other cities of Black Sea.

Species of *Cystoseira*, *Sargassum* and *Stilophora* are the most encountered algae along sea shore . *Acrochaetium parvulum*, *Callithamnion corymbosum*, *Ceramium siliquosum* var. *siliquosum*, *Dasya ocellata*, *Herposiphonia secunda* f. *secunda*, *Laurencia obtusa*

var. obtusa, *Polysiphonia elongata*, *P. sertularioides* (*Rhodophyta*), *Ectocarpus siliculosus* var. *siliculosus*, *Feldmannia irregularis* (*Ochrophyta*), *Blidingia marginata*, *Enteromorpha linza* var. *linza*, *E. prolifera* subsp. *prolifera*, *Ulva rigida* f. *rigida* and *Cladophora albida* (*Chlorophyta*) are common algae of the area.

As seen in Table 3, number of *Cyanophyta* species is low in Artvin, Rize and Trabzon provinces. These taxa prefer asidic habitats and it means that Black Sea region of Turkey has no dangerous problem regarding asidification of sea water. *Rhodophyta* is represented three times more than *Chlorophyta* and *Ochrophyta* in all provinces.

While common taxa of the seagrasses *Zostera* and *Cymodocea* are also found in Kastamonu shores, some algae, such as taxa of *Polysiphonia*, *Ceramium*, *Ectocarpus*, *Enteromorpha* and *Cladophora* are common.

Dominancy of taxa in the provinces are summarized in table 3. In this table, R/O values are relatively close among all the provinces varying between 2,37 and 3,44. According to the data, it can be stated that Turkish shores of Black Sea are not polluted heavily.

Table 3. Dominancy in division level among northeastern provinces of Turkey

Division	Dominancy in division level from the Black Sea Shores of Turkey									
	KS	KR	KSD	ZN	BR	SN	SM	OR	TR	RA
R/O	2,37	3	2,52	2,4	2,7	2,60	3,92	3,44	2,9	2,9
R/C	2,77	3,7	2,73	2,3	3	2,50	4,81	3,58	1	1,6
R/CY	6,04	3,1	4,2	5	9,7	6,50	4,3	6,64	23	14,3
O/C	1,16	0,8	1,08	1	1,1	0,96	1,22	1,04	0,3	0,6
O/CY	2,54	1	1,66	2,1	3,6	2,50	1,35	1,93	8	5
C/CY	2,18	1,3	1,53	2,2	3,3	2,59	1,1	1,86	23	9

Eupogdon planus, *Spermothamnion repens*, *Planophila microcystis* and *Stromatella monostromatica* are new records for Black Sea and Turkish black sea shores.

Özet

Bu araştırmada, Kastamonu (Karadeniz) kıyılarının üst infralittoralinde yayılış gösteren deniz algleri ve deniz çayırları çalışılmıştır. Toplam 262 takson tayin edilmiştir. Bunlar Mavi-yeşil bakteriler (22 takson), kırmızı algler (133 takson), kahverengi algler (56 takson), yeşil algler (48 takson) ve çiçekli bitkilerdir (3 takson). *Eupogodon planus*, *Spermothamnion repens* (*Rhodophyceae*), *Planophila microcystis* ve *Stromatella monostromatica* (*Fucophyceae*) Karadeniz ve Türkiye Karadeniz kıyıları için yeni kayittır.

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