#### METIN I.

# III. MURAD'DAN KRALIÇE ELIZABET'E GÖNDERİLEN NÂME.

# Tuğrā

#### MURĀD BİN SELĪM ḤĀN EL-MUZAFFAR DĀ'ÌMĀ

İftihār-ul-muhaddarāt-il-'İsaviyyah Muhtār-ul-muvakkarāti fil-millat-il-Masihiyyah Muşlihatu maşālih-it-ţā'ifat-in-naṣrāniyyah Sā-hibatu azyāl-il-haṣmati va 'lvakār viläyet-i İngiltere kralicesi | Elizabete Kralice hutimat 'avākibuha bil-hayr tavki'-i rafi'-i humāyūn vāṣil olicak ma'lūm ola ki

Ḥālā südde-i seniyye-i sa'ādet-medār ve 'atebe-i 'aliyye-i 'adālet-şi'ārumuza ki malāz-i salāţīn-i | 'ālī-mīkdār ve ma'āz-i havāķīn-i gerdūn-vaķardur ulu ve mu'teber elciñüz vāsiţasiyle mektūb-i şadāķat-maṣhūbuñuz vārid olub mażmūn-i meymūnında sābiķā murād-ı fuāduñuz üzere 'ahdnāme-i humāyūn-ı | 'izzet-maķrūnumuz

erzəni kılınub ademlerinüz emin ü salim varub işal eyledüklerin ve kendü vilayetünüz ademleri karadan ve deryadan memalik-i mahrüsemüze gelüb istedükleri yirlere emn ü eman | üzere yürüyüb

ticāret eyleyüb alış veriş eyleyüb kimesne zarar ü gezend irişdirmemek bābında fermān-ı kazā-cereyānumuz şudūr eyledügüne tamām

6 mertebe ḥazz idüb min-ba'd dahi memālik-i maḥrūsamüzde olan ümerā vü kuzāta ve ḥukkam ü vulāta aḥkâm-i şerifemüz irsāl olunub mābeynümüzde vāķi' olan şerāiţ-i 'ahd ü peymān ve revā-

biţ-i şulh ü emān kemā-yanbagi ri'āyet ü himāyet olunub | eger deryādan ve eger karadan kimesne dahl ü ta'arruż elemeyüb ādem-lerüñüz kemāl-i emn ü emān ve refah ü iţminān üzere kâr ü

8 kisblerinde ve ticāretlerinde olmak ve France kıralınuñ | elcisi ve konslosları olduğı gibi sizüñ dahi südde-i sacādetümüzde elciñüz oturub size mutacallik olan meşālih u mehāmmuñuzı görüb ve yir

yir konsuloslaruñuz oturub ticaret | eyleyen bazirganlaruñuzuñ ve sair ademlerüñüzüñ meşalihin görmek içün ruhşat ü icazetümüz reca

10 eyledügüñüz iş'ār olunmuş Ol bābda her ne ki taḥrir ü beyān | ve taḥrir ü 'iyān olunmuş ise cümlesi naḥir ü ḥiḥmir pāye-i serir-i 'ālem-maṣir-i pādiṣāhānemüze 'arż ü taḥrir olunub 'alā-'l-vech-il-

11 kâmil 'ilm-i şerifümüz muḥiţ ü şāmil olmuşdur İmdi | ebvāb-i 'aliyyet-ül-a'ķābumuz izhār-ı muvālāt idenlere luţf ü iḥsān yüzünden meftūḥ u güşāde ve cunūd-i sa'ādet-vufūdumuz mu'ādat

12 idenlere her zamān | ḥāżir ü āmāde olub müşārünileyh elciñüz Āsitān-i devlet - āṣyānumuzda France kıralı elcisi gibi ve sāir ʿate-

13 be-i 'ulyā ve südde-i sünyāmuza şadāķat ü ihlāş ile 'arż-i | muhā1 Metinde : جاماتكرى

laşet u ihtişāş eyleyen kırallaruñ elcileri gibi ri'āyet ü himāyet olunub size muta'alliķ vāķi' olan mesālih ü merām ve ādemlerüñüzüñ

berren ve bahren ahvāl | ü mehāmmların tedārük eyleyüb gözetmek huşūşında fermān-ı każā - cereyānumuz şudūr eyleyüb memālik-i

maḥrūsemüzde vāķi olan hükkâm ü vülāta ve ümerā vü ķużāta | müekkid aḥkâm-i şerifemüz yazılub mābeynümüzde vāķi olan ahd ü peymān ve şulh ü emāna muhālif vaż dan ihtiyāt ü iḥtirāz üzere

olmak muḥkem tenbih ü te'kid olunmuşdur İn-şâ' Allāhu | ta'ālā bā'iṣ-i fevz ü felāḥ olan şulḥ ü şalāḥa muḥālif vaż' şudūr eylemez Gerekdür ki nāme-i humāyūn-i sa'ādet - maķrūnumuz vuşūl

17 buldukda min-ba'd siz dahi | Āstāne-i adālet-'unvānumuz ile dāimā muvālāt u muşāfāt üzere olub cādde-i muhālaşat ü ihtişaşda

18 sābit-ķadem ve şāhrāh-i muṣādaķat ü ihtiṣāṣda rāsih-dem olub | taḥt-i hükûmetüñüzde olan tüccār ve bāzirgânlar memālik-i maḥrūsemüze gelüb gidüb kendü hāllerinde olub memleket ü vilāyete

bā<sup>c</sup>iṣ-i <sup>c</sup>htilāl olur huṣuṣlardan ihtiyāt üzere olalar | Deryāda ve karada istedükleri yirlerde ticāret eyleyüb kâr ü kisblerinde olub mābeynümüzde vāķi<sup>c</sup> olan ṣarāyiṭ-i <sup>c</sup>ahd ü peymān ve revābiṭ-i

20 şulh ü emān | ţarafeynden kemā-yanbaģī ri āyet olunub İn-şā Allāu a azz şulh ü şalāha muhālif bu cānibden bir vaz şudūr eyle-

21 mek iḥtimāli yokdur Hemen siz daḥi | bā'iṣ-i fevz ü felāh olan şulh ü ṣalāḥ ri'āyetinde geregi gibi mukayyed olub dāimā aḥbār-i

22 siḥḥat-āṣār ile ol diyār-i keṣir-ül-i'tibāruñ aḥvāl | ü eṭvārın 'ala-'t-tevāli i'lāmdan ḫāli olmıyasuz

Taḥrīren fī - avāḥiri şehri Rabī'-īl-āḥir seneti iḥdā va tis'īna va tis'a mi'ah.

Bi-maķām-i Ķosţanţiniyyat il-maḥrūsa

### METIN II.

CHARLES 1 BY THE GRACE OF GOD KING OF GREAT BRITTAINE, FRAUNCE AND IRELAND THE MOST TRUE PROFESSOR AND PUISSANT DEFENDOR OF THE CHRISTIAN FAITH. TO THE MOST HIGHE AND MIGHTIE EMPEROR SULTAN MORATT HAN SUPREAME MONARCH OF THE EASTERNE EMPIRE, GREAT LORD, AND COMAUNDER OF THE OTTOMAN KINGDOMES, WISHETH ALL DUE HONOUR AND HAPPINES.

When this our Imperiall Pres shalbee presented before your high Throane, by the hands of our Ambassador, they will declare unto yow the fulnes of our good wishes with the honour, and esteeme wee haue of your rotall freindship. Ffor the better preservacon whereof, our faithfull seruant Sr Peter Wyche 3 hath by our Comand, under your eminent fauour, long continued in your Happie Port, And wee hauing now occasion to recall him for our especiall Seruice, desire yow with like honour, and in his roome, and stead to receive this, our trustie, and welbeloued Seruant Sr Sackuile Crow 4 Baronett, one of the Principall Gent's of our Court, and Private Chamber. Whome (being well assured of his fidelitie and good discretion) wee send according to our Capitulacons to reside with yow, authorized by our Pres Pattents to treate, and negotiate the affaires of Us and of our Subjects, hauing given him power from Us and in our name not onelie to ratefie such auntient Capitulacons of Peace, and Comerce, as haue formerly bene concluded on betweene your renowned Auncestors and ours of happie Memorie and confirmed by your Imperiall Ma: tie with Us by Former treaties and assurances, but have given him Instructions, and full power to propound and agree uppon the enlargment of anie other Articles that shall bee found necessarie for the more free and safe Comerce of our Merchants in future and requisite for the mutuall benefitt and securitie of your Ma: tie and Us. And for the negotiating and concluding of all other Matters and affairs importing our honor and tending to the maintenance of Peace, and Amitie betweene the Kingdomes, Subjects and Allies of both Crownes, agreeable to our Instructions; desiring, that accordinglie Hee maie bee esteemed and receive Creditt from your Highnes. And that when anie important occasion shall require ytt, Hee maie haue yor Ma: tie fauourable audience, that thereby all misunderstanding maie bee prevented and that Peace and Amitie continued, and increased by al faithull offices,

<sup>1</sup> Chanles I. (1625 - 1649), İngiltere kıralı.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> IV. Murat (1623-1640).

<sup>3</sup> Sir Peter Wyche, 1628 - 1639 yıllarında, İstanbuldaki İngiliz elçisi.

Sir Sackville Crow, 1639 - 1647 yıllarında İstanbuldaki İngiliz elçisi.

which with your Imperiall Ma: tie from our most inmost and sincerest thoughts wee haue ever endevored to preserve and desire by all honorable meanes most faithfullie, and inviolablie to maintaine for long as Wee shall find the like measure of kindnes, and effects of interest, and justice by your Ma: tie and youres returned to Us, and our faithull subjects, which as by the sacred Bond of your royall Capitulacons, and by the Lawes of right and honor wee haue reason to expect. Soe from the fountaine of your eminent Justice and vertue, Wee doubt not but wee shall euer upon due informacon constantlie receive. In confidence whereof (amongst other things) Wee haue given Instruccons to our Ambassador more perticulerly to represent ynto your Ma: tie diuers greate Exactions and Leavies vsuallie made vpon the Goods of our faithfull Subjects contrarie to our Capitulations, by the Customers, and Officers of your Portes; and more espetiallie of that great, and horrid violence offered to by some of your Officers and Vassailes even in the royall Port of Constantinople in the year 1634; where (as our Subjects complaine vnto Us) their Persons haue bene arrested, their Liues menaced without anie materiall Cause shewen, or examinacon had, or proofe made of anie Crime in them, and that thereby they have bene forced to ransome their Lives, Estates, and Liberties with great Sommes of Moneye. Which Proceedinges as they are repugnant to your royall Capitulacons, the Law of Nations, and the comon rules of Justice, for Wee are most confident that against yor Ma: tie knowledge att leste without your direction they have bene done and executed. And that in due time when they shalbee truly represented to yow, yow will cause such reparation to bee made to Us, and our Subjects heerein as shalbee agreeable to our honour, and just expectacons. Wee are likewise urged to putt your Ma: tie in minds, and againe to desire yow to exercise your great and mightie power in the due chatizement of those your Vassailes of Algiers and Tunis, the comon Disturbers of all Civill Comerce, the profest Enemies of Peace, and greate Defamors of your honour and Ma: tie, who usually make your Imperiall Flagg a colour to their Depredations, which euer heeretofore was held an Ensigne of Safetie to all in Amitie with you. And now of late they have presumed soe much of your Lenitie and our constant civilitie towardes your Imperiall Throane, as that they have not onely taken our Subjects, and disturbed their peaceable Trades in the Levant Seas, and affronted them in your royall Portes, but haue taken the bouldnes to come into our Seas and emote Havens and there to comitt most fowle and horrid outrages and Piracie whereof formerely by our Ambassador wee haue likewise complayned, and therein haue bene as often petioned by our Subiects to obtaine satisfaccon for them, or that according to the Lawes of Nations, Wee would give them Leave and our royall warrant to seeke

their owne Reparacons as they could. But We having often received assurance from our Ministerr resident in your Happie Port how contrarie theis thinges are by your roiall pleasure. And wee knowing, that such Libertie in Subjects handes often growes beyond itt's intruded Limitts and soe under pretence of a just satisfaccon might disturb that firm peace, which wee haue soe Exaigthly contraced, haue cure dulie kept, and desire for our partes to maintaine inviolablie with your Imperiall Ma: tie, and all youres, Wee have thought itt rather fitt and more agreeable to the honour of our Imperiall Dignitie thus farr to iustefie our Selues both to your Ma: tie and all the world, as first by an Expresse of our owne and in all freindly manner to represent the Greiuances of our Subiects, and Iniuries done unto our owne honour, assuring our Selues that in your transcendent wisdsme yow cannot but esteeme, and will preserve the honour of your Imperiall Capitulacons sacred and not onely kept them soe, but by all your subjects and Vassailes, cause them to bee kept inuiolablie as well for the honour of your Justice as for that Profitt which dailie growes thereby and maie, and will more and more increase to your Ma: tie and your Kingdomes up such as contract Peace with your maie bee assured of a safe and free Commerce, and haue the proteccon of the power and iustice to maintaine ytt. The waie to our reparacon, manner of satisfaccon, and assurance for Exeucucon of the like in future, wee leave to bee propounded, and treated by our Embassador according to such Instruccons as wee haue given him in that behalf, desiring by your Pres to understand, and to bee assured of the manner of your proceedings, and your good affections towardes Us heerein, that soe Wee maie gouerne our Selues, and comannd our Subjects accordingly for the future. And for a full and more perticuler assurance of your good will towardes Us heerein and demonstracon to the world of your Ma: tie just inclinacons to Peace, and freindship with Us, Wee desire that your Ma: tie by your royall Edicts and Imperiall orders would strictlie command all your Vice-roies, Presidents, and Judges in euery of their places respectiuelye within your Empires, Kingdomes, and Dominions forthwith to sitt at liberrtie and freelie to release such our Subjects, as haue bene iniuriouslie taken Prisoners made slaues and detained by your Ma: tie Vassailes contrarie to our Capitulacons, espetially those att Algiers and Tunis, wherein if wee should bee denyed or delayed though wee our Selfes should sitt still, declyne our honour and not hearken to the Cries of our People (which God forbidd) itt would yett prowoke those of our Subjects, that have bene damnified heerein to break through the rules of obedience, and to vindicate their fellow Christians, their Losses of Estates, Wyves, Ffreindes and Allies, which for the aforesaid reasons, and for the good affeccons wee beare to your person and royall Throane and for the preuention of further inconueniences on both partes, wee haue hitherto endeuored to restraine, being rather assured, that wee shalbee afterwards by your Imperiall Ma: tie with all due honour, and iust satisfaccon worthy this our royall Freindship. And thereupon confidently relying, assure your Ma: tie that wee shalbee alwaies gladd off, and embrace all occasions to returne your Ma: tie and youres all good effects of perfect Loue and Amitie. In the fulnes whereof wee now wishe your Health, Long Life, a happie and glorious raigne heere, and the blessinges of eternitie heereafter.