Contribution to the study of the genus *Anthaxia* Eschscholtz, 1829 (subgenus *Haplanthaxia* Reitter, 1911) (Coleoptera, Buprestidae) of Turkey*

S. Mine ULAY** Serdar TEZCAN**

Summary

This paper provides faunistic information about 22 species of **Anthaxia** Eschscholtz, 1829 (subgenus **Haplanthaxia** Reitter, 1911) cited from Turkey. Amongst those **Anthaxia bettagi** Niehuis, 1983 is the new record for Turkish fauna. **A. bosdaghensis, A. cavazzutii, A. mundula, A. niehuisi, A. ovaciki, A. parapleuralis** and **A. serena** are endemic species. Material collected from the different parts of Turkey are given with attached maps.

Key words: Anthaxia, (subgenus Haplanthaxia), Buprestidae, fauna, Turkey Anahtar sözcükler: Anthaxia, (altcins Haplanthaxia), Buprestidae, fauna, Türkiye

Introduction

Anthaxia fauna of Turkey is quite rich. In the study of Karaman and Tezcan (1998) 39 species of Anthaxia (subgenus Anthaxia) have been evaluated. The species of Anthaxia (subgenus Haplanthaxia) is very rich. The studies of Bily (1977, 1980 a, 1980 b, 1984), Brandl (1984, 1987), Niehuis (1989), Novak (1994) have made great contribution to the richness of Turkish fauna.

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^{**} Plant Protection Department, Agricultural Faculty, Ege University, 35100 Bornova, Izmir-Turkey
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With this study, to make contribution to some faunistical records of **Anthaxia** (subgenus **Haplanthaxia**) of Turkey and to present the current situation to the specialists aimed at.

In this study, information about general distribution and the distribution in Turkey for each species is given. Information is also given about localities, period of collection, plants on which the specimens were collected from the labels of material. But the name of plant on all labels may not be the real hosts of larvae. The real host plants, if they are available and known, are also given referring to the previous works.

To clarify the understanding of **Anthaxia** (subgenus **Haplanthaxia**), previous faunistic records and the localities of material studied in this paper are given on maps of Turkey. Data from the literature is shown as an empty square, circle etc., data from the material studied is shown as covered square, circle etc.

Most of the material treated in this work have been collected from the different parts of Turkey by the specialists of Department of Plant Protection, Faculty of Agriculture, University of Ege, Bornova, İzmir, Turkey. **Anthaxia** specimens are preserved in the collections of the same department.

Results

As a result of this study 22 species belonging to *Anthaxia* (subgenus *Haplanthaxia*) were evaluated. Data about them are given as follows.

Anthaxia armeniaca armeniaca Obenberger, 1929

General distribution: Armenia, Azerbaidzhan, North Iraq, Southwest Iran (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Bily (1980 b) reported it from Adıyaman and Mardin.

Material studied: Adıyaman (Central province), Gaziantep (Central province), Mardin (Central province), Siirt (Central province) and Şanlıurfa (Central province, Hilvan). 21 specimens.

Biological note: Its host plant is *Pistacia vera* (Bily 1977, 1980 b). Adults were collected from the mid of June up to the mid of July during the period of 1972-1997. They were taken on *Pistacia vera*.

A. bettagi Niehuis, 1983

General distribution: Greece (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species described from Greece and new record for Turkey.

Material studied: Antalya (Central province, Akseki, Kemer), Bilecik (Central province). 5 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the mid of May up to the end of July. They were taken on **Cistus** sp., **Daucus carota** and **Thymus** sp. Its host plants are not known.

A. bosdaghensis Obenberger, 1938

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species is endemic. Described from Izmir (Bozdağ) and reported from Bursa (Inegöl) by Brandl (1984).

Material studied: Authors have no representatives of this species.

Biological note: Its host plants are not known.

A. cavazzutii Bily, 1980

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species is endemic. Described from Gümüşhane (Kelkit, Şiran) and Tunceli (Pülümür Passage) by Bily (1980 a).

Material studied: Authors have no representatives of this species.

Biological note: Its host plants are not known.

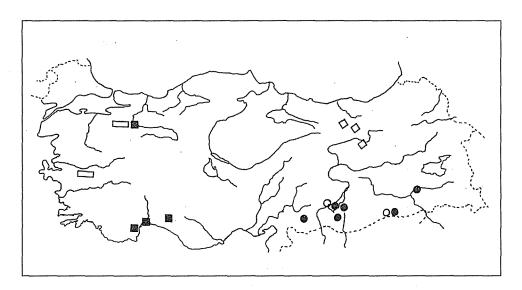


Figure 1. Distribution of Anthaxia armeniaca armeniaca $\bigcirc / \bigcirc ;$ A. bettagi $\square / \square ;$ A. bosdaghensis $\square / \square \square$ and A. cavazzutii \lozenge / \lozenge .

A. cichorii cichorii Olivier, 1790

General distribution: Austria, the Balcans, Belgium, Crete, Cyprus, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Hungary, Israel, Italy, Spain, Switzerland, Turkey and Ukraine (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Sahlberg (1912-1913) reported it from Içel (Bulgar Mountain, Tarsus). It was reported from Izmir by de Kerville (1939) and also from Edirne by Obenberger (1953). Recently Levey (1985) listed it from Mediterranean Region.

Material studied: Adana (Ceyhan-Misis, Karaisalı, Karataş, Kozan, Tuzla, Yumurtalık), Ankara (Central province), Antalya (Alanya, Gündoğmuş), Artvin (Central province), Aydın (Germencik, Kuşadası, Kuyucak, Samsun Mountain), Bartın (Ulus), Bolu (Düzce), Bitlis (Central province), Diyarbakır (Central province), Çermik), Gaziantep (Nizip), Hatay (Dörtyol), Hakkari (Central province), İçel (Erdemli-Cennet, Mut, Tarsus-Çamtepe), İzmir, (Bornova-Pınarbaşı, Menderes-Gölova, Dikili, Kemalpaşa-Örnekköy, Ören), Malatya (Central province), Manisa (Central province), Mardin (Nusaybin), Muğla (Köyceğiz), Sivas (Suşehri), Şırnak (Uludere) and Osmaniye (Gavur Mountain). 76 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the mid of April up to the beginning of August. They were taken on Centaurea sp., Cerasus avium, Daucus carota, Matricaria sp., Melilothus sp., Paliurus sp., Populus sp., Prunus domestica, Quercus sp., Triticum sp., some plants of Apiaceae, Poaceae and weeds. Gobbi (1986) cited Acer campestris, Ceratonia siliqua, Cercis siliquastrum, Fagus sylvatica, Pistacia terebinthus, Prunus sp. and Salix alba as host plants of this species.

A. cylindrica Abeille, 1900

General distribution: Lebanon, Syria and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Obenberger (1930) and Winkler (1924-1932) reported it from Turkey without giving exact locality.

Material studied: Antalya (Akseki, Serik), Içel (Anamur). 5 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the end of May up to the beginning of July. Its host plants are **Pinus** spp. but they were taken on **Cistus** sp., **Pyrus elaeagnifolia** and **Quercus** sp.

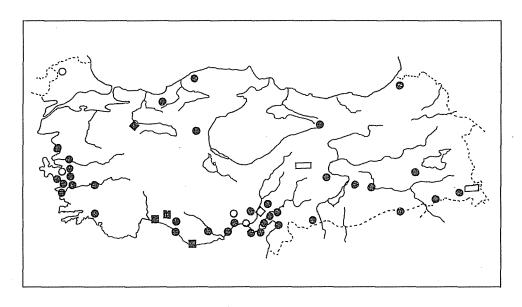


Figure 2. Distribution of Anthaxia cichorii cichorii \bigcirc / \bigcirc ; A. cylindrica \square / \bigcirc ;

A. flavicomis \square / \bigcirc and A. karsanthiana \lozenge / \lozenge .

A. flavicomis Abeille, 1900

General distribution: Armenia, Iran, Iraq and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Novak (1994) reported it from Hakkari (Yüksekova) and Sivas (Gürün).

Material studied: Authors have no representatives of this species.

Biological note: Bily (1983) reported **Amygdalus elaeagnifolia** as host plant of this species.

A. karsanthiana Pic, 1917

General distribution: Cyprus and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Obenberger (1930) reported it from Toros Mountains and Richter (1949) listed it from Adana (Karsantı). Recently it was reported from western parts of Turkey by Levey (1985).

Material studied: Bilecik (Central province). 1 specimen.

Biological note: Adult was collected at the mid of May. Its host plants are not known.

A. kiesenwetteri Marseul, 1865

General distribution: Bulgaria, Georgia, Greece, Israel, Syria and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species reported from Turkey without precise locality by Richter (1949).

Material studied: Adana (Karaisalı), Osmaniye (Gavur Mountain). 2 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected at the beginning of June on *Quercus* sp. and weeds. Gobbi (1986) collected this species on *Cichorium* spp.

A. laticeps navratili Bily, 1984

General distribution: Crete, Cyprus, Syria and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Its exact locality in Turkey is not known.

Material studied: Antalya (Finike). 1 specimen.

Biological note: Adult was collected at the end of July on Pinus sp.

A. millefolii millefolii (Fabricius, 1801)

General distribution: Austria, the Balcans, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Hungary, Italy, Slovakia, Turkey and Ukraine (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Obenberger (1953) reported it from Ankara (Barrage), Kocaeli (Mollafeneri) and Osmaniye (Gavur Mountain) and Ural et al. (1973) listed it from Eastern Blacksea Region of Turkey.

Material studied: Adana (Central province), Aydın (Samsun Mountain), Çorum (Dodurga, Iskilip), Gaziantep (Central province), Hatay (Hassa-Akbez, Yayladağ), Isparta, (Keçiborlu), Izmir (Menemen-Emiralem, Ödemiş, Bergama-Kozak, Bornova-Pınarbaşı), Kastamonu (Cide), Osmaniye (Zorkun), Sivas (Koyulhisar, Suşehri) and Zonguldak (Central province). 22 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the beginning of May up to the beginning of August during the years of 1962-1988. They were taken on Anthemis sp., Cistus sp., Laurus sp., Prunus domestica, Quercus sp. and some plants of Asteraceae, Leguminosae and weeds. Ural et al. (1973) reported Corylus avellena and also Gobbi (1986) listed Ceratonia siliqua, Nerium oleander, Pistacia lentiscus and Pyrus amygdaliformis as host plants of this species.

A. mundula Kiesenwetter, 1857

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: It is endemic although Obenberger (1930) reported this species also from the Balcans. Sahlberg (1912-1913) reported it from Içel (Mersin) and also Obenberger (1953) listed it from Adana (Bürücek).

Material studied: Adana (Karaisalı, Tufanbeyli), Adıyaman (Besni), Ankara (Central province), Antalya (Central province, Akseki, Alanya, Finike, Gündoğmuş, Manavgat), Aydın (Kuşadası), Balıkesir (Dursunbey), Burdur (Gölhisar), Diyarbakır (Central province), Hatay (Yayladağ), İçel (Anamur, Arslanköy, Cehennemdere, Çamlıyayla, Fındıkpınarı, Mut, Silifke), İzmir (Bornova, Karagöl, Karaburun-Mordoğan, Çeşme-Uzunkoy, Urla-Çeşmealtı), Kahramanmaraş (Central province), Karaman (Ermenek), Manisa (Gördes, Spil Mountain), Mardin (Yeşilli), Muğla (Köyceğiz), Osmaniye (Zorkun) and Siirt (Central province). 633 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the beginning of May up to the beginning of August during the years of 1960-1997. They were taken on Cerasus avium, Cirsium sp., Cistus sp., Daucus carota, Juniperus sp., Juglans regia, Mentha sp., Phlomis sp., Pimpinella anisum, P. saxifraga, Pistacia vera, Rhus sp., Tamarix sp., Verbascum sp. and mostly on weeds.

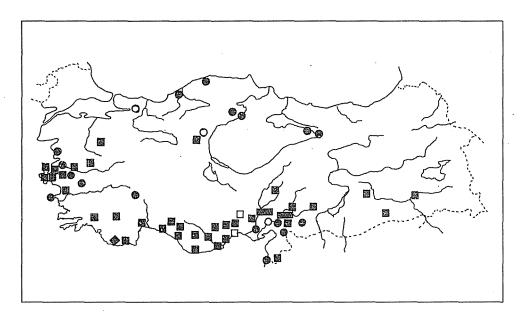


Figure 3. Distribution of Anthaxia kiesenwetteri \square / \bowtie ; A. laticeps navratili \lozenge/\diamondsuit ; A. millefolii millefolii $\circlearrowleft/\diamondsuit$ and A. mundula \square/\boxtimes .

A. niehuisi Brandl, 1987

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species is endemic and described from the material collected from Antalya (Güllük Mountain-Termessos) (Brandl, 1987).

Material studied: Antalya (Güllük Mountain), Izmir (Urla-Çeşmealtı, Kemalpaşa). 29 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the end of May up to the end of July on the plants of the Apiaceae such as *Pimpinella anisum*.

A. olympica olympica Kiesenwetter, 1880

General distribution: Armenia, the Balcans, Czech Republic, Georgia, Hungary, Turkey and Ukraine (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: de Kerville (1939) reported it from Izmir and also Obenberger (1953) listed it from Edirne.

Material studied: Içel (Gözne), Izmir (Bornova), Siirt (Aydınlar) and Sivas (Suşehri). 4 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the mid of April up to the mid of July. They were taken on Poaceaeous plants and weeds. Host plant of this species is **Cerasus** spp. (Bily, in litt.).

A. ovaciki Novak, 1994

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species is endemic. Novak (1994) descibed it from the material collected in Tunceli (Ovacık).

Material studied: Authors have no representatives of this species.

Biological note: Its host plants are not known.

A. parapleuralis Obenberger, 1929

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This species is endemic and its exact localities are not known.

Material studied: Authors have no representatives of this species.

Biological note: Its host plants are not known.

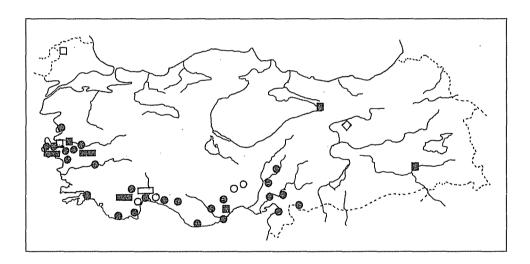
A. praeclara Mannerheim, 1837

General distribution: Algeria, Greece, Israel, Italy, Morocco, Portugal, Spain, Syria and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Bodemeyer (1900) reported it from Içel (Alihoca, Bulgarmadeni) and Tosun (1976) listed it from Antalya (Kumköy, Serik-Belek).

Material studied: Adana (Ceyhan-Misis, Karatepe-Kozan, Saimbeyli), Antalya (Central province, Gündoğmuş, Kaş, Korkuteli, Kumluca, Manavgat), Aydın (Kuyucak), Hatay (İskenderun-Arsuz), İçel (Anamur, Arslanköy, Mut, Silifke), İzmir (Bergama, Bornova, Buca, Çeşme, Kemalpaşa-Örnekköy, Narlıdere, Torbalı), Kilis (Central province), Muğla (Marmaris) and Osmaniye (Zorkun). 59 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the end of April up to the mid of August mostly in June and July during the years of 1962-1997. They were taken on Cerasus avium, Cirsium sp., Daucus carota, Hypericum sp., Ligustrum sp., Pinus sp., Pyrus elaeagnifolia, Quercus sp., Vitex agnus-castus and weeds. Gobbi (1986) reported Hypericum sp., Pinus halepensis, Ranunculus sp., some plants of Asteraceae and Apiaceae as host plant of this species. Tosun (1976) reared this species on branches of Pinus pinea.



A. puella Bily, 1980

General distribution: North Iraq and Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Bily (1980 a) described it from the material collected from Mardin and Tunceli.

Material studied: Authors have no representatives of this species.

Biological note: Its host plants are not known.

A. rossica Daniel, 1903

General distribution: Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Romania, Turkey and Ukraine (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Obenberger (1953) reported it from Ankara (Barrage).

Material studied: Izmir (Bornova), Kırklareli. 4 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected at the end of April and at the beginning of July on weeds. Its host plants are not known.

A. serena Daniel, 1903

General distribution: Turkey (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: This endemic species reported form Turkey without precise locality by Winkler (1924-1932), Obenberger (1930), Richter (1949) and Bily (1997).

Material studied: Içel (Fındıkpınarı). 1 specimen.

Biological note: Adult was collected at the beginning of July on weeds. Its host plants are not known.

A. umbellatarum (Fabricius, 1787)

General distribution: Algeria, Armenia, Austria, Crete, France, Hungary, Iraq, Italy, Morocco, Portugal, Slovakia, Spain, Syria, Turkey and Ukraine (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Bodemeyer (1906), Obenberger (1930) and Richter (1949) reported it from Turkey without precise locality.

Material studied: Aydın (Central province, Nazilli), Çanakkale (Eceabat), Izmir (Bornova-Pınarbaşı, Urla-Çeşmealtı, Ödemiş, Selçuk-Pamucak), Manisa (Salihli) and Muğla (Bodrum). 103 specimens.

Biological note: Adults were collected from the end of April up to the mid of July. They were taken on Daucus carota, Pimpinella anisum, Prunus domestica and weeds. Levey (1985) and Gobbi (1986) reported Acacia karoo, Castanea sativa, Ficus carica, Pistacia lentiscus, P. terebinthus, Prunus persica and Ulmus campestris as host plants of this species.

A. ursulae Niehuis, 1989

General distribution: Eastern Anatolia and Iran (Bily, 1997).

Distribution in Turkey: Niehuis (1989) described it from the material collected from Bingöl (Buğlan Passage, Solhan), Bitlis (Sarıkonak), Hakkari (Aşağıdereli, Beytüşşebap, Çiğlisuyu, Süvarihalil Passage), Muş (Central province), Tunceli (Pülümür Passage).

Material studied: Bilecik (Central province). 1 specimen.

Biological note: Adult was collected at the mid of July. Niehuis (1989) reported Asteraceaeous and Apiaceaeous plants as host plants of this species.

Discussion

In consequence of this study totally 22 species belonging to the **Anthaxia** (subgenus **Haplanthaxia**) have been discussed in Turkey. Amongst those **Anthaxia bettagi** is new record for Turkish fauna and **A. bosdaghensis**, **A. cavazzutii**, **A. mundula**, **A. niehuisi**, **A. ovaciki**, **A. parapleuralis** and **A. serena** are endemic species.

On the other hand A. cichorii, A. millefolii, A. mundula, A. praeclara and A. umbellatarum species are widespread in the Turkish fauna.

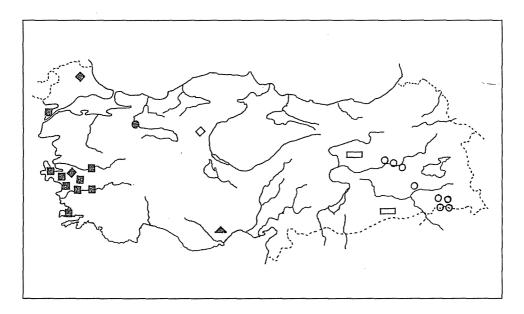


Figure 5. Distribution of Anthaxia puella \square / \bowtie ; A. rossica \lozenge/\diamondsuit ; A. serena Δ/\triangle ; A. umbellatarum \square/\boxtimes and A. ursulae \bigcirc/\diamondsuit .

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Özet

Türkiye Anthaxia Eschscholtz, 1829 (subgenus Haplanthaxia Reitter, 1911) (Coleoptera, Buprestidae) türleri üzerinde faunistik notlar

Bu çalışmada, Türkiye'nin değişik yerlerinden 1960 yılından sonra toplanarak Ege Üniversitesi Ziraat Fakültesi Bitki Koruma Bölümü müzesi koleksiyonunda korunmakta olan Anthaxia (subgenus Haplanthaxia) cinsine bağlı 22 tür ele alınmıştır. Her türün yayılışı, toplandığı yöre ve üzerinden toplandığı bitkiler belirtilerek konuyla ilgili önceki literatürün ışığında Türkiye'deki yayılışları haritalarla gösterilmiştir. Bunlardan A. bettagi Türkiye faunası için ilk kayıttır. A. bosdaghensis, A. cavazzutii, A. mundula, A. niehuisi, A. ovaciki, A. parapleuralis ve A. serena'nın endemik türler olduğu belirlenmiştir. A. cichorii, A. millefolii, A. praeclara ve A. umbellatarum ise en yaygın ve bol olan türlerdir.

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