

REVIEW

## Essential oils of Anatolian Lamiaceae - An update

Kemal Hüsnü Can Başer<sup>1\*</sup> and Neşe Kırımer<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Pharmacognosy, Near East University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Lefkoşa (Nicosia), N. Cyprus, Mersin 10, Turkey

<sup>2</sup>Anadolu University Faculty of Pharmacy Department of Pharmacognosy, 26470 Eskişehir, Turkey

\*Coresponding author Email: khcbaser@gmail.com

---

### Abstract

In the present review, Lamiaceae genera studied for their essential oils during 2006-2017 were investigated and compiled. *Acinos*, *Ajuga*, *Ballota*, *Calamintha (Clinopodium)*, *Coridothymus*, *Cyclotrichium*, *Dorystoechas*, *Hymenocrater*, *Hyssopus*, *Lallemantia*, *Lavandula*, *Marrubium*, *Melissa*, *Mentha*, *Micromeria*, *Nepeta*, *Ocimum*, *Origanum*, *Pentapleura*, *Perilla*, *Phlomis*, *Rosmarinus*, *Salvia*, *Satureja*, *Scutellaria*, *Sideritis*, *Stachys*, *Teucrium*, *Thymbra*, *Thymus*, *Wiedemannia*, and *Ziziphora* species were comparatively listed and grouped referring to their major essential oil components. In addition, commercially important culinary and aromatic plants of Lamiaceae were also highlighted.

**Keywords:** Lamiaceae, essential oil, aromatic plant

---

## Introduction

Turkey is situated in geographically between 42°N and 36°N altitudes. She is under the influence of three different climates, namely: Mediterranean, Continental, Oceanic. Her transect is between the sea level and 5137 m (Mt. Ararat). Anatolia is a peninsula thrusting from east to west. She has land in Anatolia and Thrace being at the junction of Asia and Europe. Turkey covers ca. 0.8 million sq. km. and supports ca. 80 million of human population in the rich flora and fauna.

Turkey is at the junction of three phytogeographic regions. Aegean and Mediterranean coastal areas are under the Mediterranean influence. Central and eastern parts enjoy the Irano-Turanian influence and the northern parts are affected by the Euro-Siberian phytogeography.

Flora of Turkey is well documented thanks to the efforts of the late Prof. P.H. Davis of Edinburgh University. He had edited and published the Flora of Turkey and the East Aegean Islands in nine volumes and one supplement between 1965 and 1988. Volume 11 (second supplement) was edited by Profs. Tuna Ekim, Adil Güner, Neriman Özhatay and K. Hüsnü Can Başer and published by Edinburgh University press in 2000 (distributed in April 2001). Publication of the Illustrated Flora of Turkey (in Turkish) [Resimli Türkiye Florası] started in 2014, to be completed in 2023.

Lamiaceae is the third largest family in Turkey with 46 genera, 782 taxa comprising 603 species and 179 subspecies and varieties. 346 taxa (271 species and 75 subspecies and varieties) are endemic. Endemism ratio is ca. 44%. There are 28 hybrids of which 24 are endemic.

The largest five genera are as follows: *Stachys* (118 taxa), *Salvia* (107 taxa), *Sideritis* (54 taxa), *Phlomis* (53 taxa) and *Teucrium* (49 taxa) (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017).

Extensive research has been carried out into studying the chemical composition of essential oils of the Lamiaceae plants of Turkey by our group (Başer, 1993; Başer & Kırımer, 2006).

So far, essential oils of 323 taxa (281 species) belonging to 32 genera in Lamiaceae have been investigated.

In this present work, Lamiaceae genera studied for their essential oils are *Acinos*, *Ajuga*, *Ballota*, *Calamintha* (*Clinopodium*), *Coridothymus*, *Cyclotrichium*, *Dorystoechas*, *Hymenocrater*, *Hyssopus*, *Lalemantia*, *Lavandula*, *Marrubium*, *Melissa*, *Mentha*, *Micromeria*, *Nepeta*, *Ocimum*, *Origanum*, *Pentapleura*, *Perilla*, *Phlomis*, *Rosmarinus*, *Salvia*, *Satureja*, *Scutellaria*, *Sideritis*, *Stachys*, *Teucrium*, *Thymbra*, *Thymus*, *Wiedemannia*, and *Ziziphora* species, which were comparatively reviewed and listed.

## Results and Discussion

The first review on the essential oil on Lamiaceae species were reported in 2006 (Baser & Kirimer). Recent literature, which cover the years 2006 and 2017 are summarized in this present work as below.

### *Ajuga laxmannii* (Murray) Benth.

*Ajuga* is represented by 23 taxa including 13 species in Turkey. Endemism ratio is 46% on species basis; 30% on taxon basis. Recently, essential oil composition of *Ajuga laxmannii* was reported.

Table 1. Essential oil composition of *A. laxmannii*

Sample	Main Compounds %	References
A	nonacosane 18, heptacosane 12, hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 11	Köse et al., 2015
B	hexadecanoic acid 21, dodecanoic acid 12, hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 9	
C	phytol 13, hexadecanoic acid 10, hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 9	
D	hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 9, hexadecanoic acid 9	
E	hexadecanoic acid 14, phytol 13	

Main components in the essential oil of the aerial parts of *Ajuga orientalis* L. from Erzurum were reported as phytol (36.7 %), *n*-hexadecanoic acid (14.2 %) and dodecanoic acid (12.2 %) (Küçükbay et al, 2013).

### *Ballota* spp.

*Ballota* is represented by 18 taxa including 12 species. Endemism ratio on species basis is 67%; on taxon basis 61%.

Table 2. *Ballota nigra* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>B. nigra</i> subsp. <i>uncinata</i>	caryophyllene oxide 21, hexadecanoic acid 20, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 19	Kaya et al., 2017
<i>B. nigra</i> subsp. <i>anatolica</i>	hexadecanoic acid 41, $\beta$ -bisabolene 13	

The volatiles of *Ballota nigra* subsp. *anatolica* P.H. Davis leaves and flowers from Kütahya were evaluated and 59 components were characterized, where hexenal (17.6%), germacrene D (6.7%) and  $\beta$ -caryophyllene (8.8%) were the main compound (Arikaya, 2017).

### *Calamintha* spp.

*Calamintha* has recently been merged with *Clinopodium* and the status of the following species mentioned in the table to *Clinopodium nepeta* subsp. *nepeta*, *Clinopodium nepeta* subsp. *glandulosum*, *Clinopodium menthifolium* subsp. *menthifolium*, *Clinopodium menthifolium* subsp. *ascendens*. The genus *Clinopodium* is represented by 21 species and altogether 32 taxa in Turkey. 12 taxa are endemic.

Table 3. *Clinopodium nepeta* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>C. nepeta</i>	<i>cis</i> -piperitone epoxide 49, piperitenone oxide 22, limonene 14	Gormez et al., 2015
	caryophylleneoxide 34, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 20	Ceker et al., 2013
<i>C. nepeta</i> subsp. <i>glandulosa</i>	pulegone 20, menthone 10	Alan et al., 2011
	<i>trans</i> -piperitone oxide 34, limonene 17, piperitenone oxide 11	Demirci B. et al., 2011
	pulegone 54, menthone 16	Yasar et al., 2011
<i>C. sylvatica</i> subsp. <i>sylvatica</i>	piperitone oxide 34, piperitenone oxide 16, isomenthone 11	
	<i>cis</i> -piperitone oxide 46, terpinen-4-ol 9	Alan et al., 2010
<i>C. sylvatica</i> subsp. <i>ascendens</i>	<i>cis</i> -piperitone oxide 22, limonene 16, piperitenone oxide 11	Alan et al., 2010

### ***Cyclotrichium niveum* (Boiss.) Manden & Scheng**

This species is characterized by pulegone (60-77%) as main constituent in the oil (Cetinus et al., 2007; Inan et al., 2014; Inan & Tel, 2014).

### ***Dorystaechas hastata* Boiss. & Heldr. ex Benth.**

*Dorystaechas hastata* is a monotypic endemic species distributed only in Antalya region of Turkey. 1,8-Cineole 26%, borneol 19%, camphor 17% were found as main constituents in the oil (Oz et al., 2012; Baser & Ozturk, 1992).

### ***Hyssopus officinalis* L.**

Table 4. *Hyssopus officinalis* essential oils

Main Compounds %	References
isopinocamphone 57, $\beta$ -pinene 7, terpinene-4-ol 7, pinocarvone 6	Kızıl et al., 2010a
$\beta$ -phellandrene 78, $\beta$ -myrcene 20	Salman et al., 2015
pinocarvone 27, $\beta$ -pinene 19, pinocamphone 14, isopinocamphone 14	Kürkçüoğlu et al., 2016

### ***Lallemandia iberica* (M.Bieb.) Fisch. & C.A.Mey**

Germacrene-D 36%,  $\beta$ -caryophyllene 18%, bicyclogermacrene 10% were found as main constituents in the oil from herbal parts (Yuce & Bagci, 2012).

### ***Lavandula* spp.**

*Lavandula stoechas*, the only native *Lavandula* species, is represented by two subsp. *stoechas* and *cariensis* in Turkey (Davis, 1982). Other *Lavandula* species mentioned are introduced taxa.

Table 5. *Lavandula* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>L. x intermedia</i>	linalool 43, linalyl acetate 34, isoborneol 9	Salman et al., 2015
<i>L. stoechas</i> subsp. <i>stoechas</i> (leaves)	$\alpha$ -fenchone 42, 1,8-cineole 16, camphor 12	Kirmizibekmez et al., 2009
<i>L. stoechas</i> subsp. <i>stoechas</i> (flowers)	$\alpha$ -fenchone 39, myrtenyl acetate 10	Kirmizibekmez et al., 2009
<i>L. stoechas</i> subsp. <i>stoechas</i>	$\alpha$ -thujone 66, L-camphor 18	Sertkaya et al., 2010

Oils from cultivated samples revealed T-cadinol (17-9%), borneol (14-9%) ve δ-3-carene (9%) as main constituents while those from micropropagated samples linalool (15-22%), lavandulyl acetate (13-15%), T-cadinol (10-11%) ve linalyl acetate (5-15%) were found as main constituents of *L. angustifolia* (Kırimer et al., 2017).

### ***Marrubium* spp.**

*Marrubium* is represented by 21 species and altogether 27 taxa in Turkey. The rate of endemism on species basis is 52%, on taxon basis 63% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017).

Table 6. *Marrubium* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>M. anisodon</i>	(Z)-β-farnesene 20, β-caryophyllene 13	Kırimer et al., 2015
<i>M. bourgaei</i> subsp. <i>bourgaei</i>	hexadecanoic acid 33, hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 6	Kürkçüoğlu et al., 2007
<i>M. globosum</i> subsp. <i>globosum</i>	spathulenol 16, β-caryophyllene 9	Sarıkurku et al., 2008

### ***Melissa officinalis* L.**

Oil samples from micropropagated plants via tissue culture showed geranal (43-45%), neral (27-30%) as main constituents (Mokhtarzadeh et al., 2017).

### ***Mentha* spp.**

The genus *Mentha* is represented in Turkey by 6 species and altogether 15 taxa including 5 hybrids (Baser et al., 2012). Recent results on mint oils of Turkey are represented here. Previously communicated results on *Mentha* oils did not include *M. x rotundifolia*. Here, we incorporate those results as well.

Table 7. *Mentha* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>M. aquatica</i>	2 samples: menthofuran 35-58 3 samples: menthofuran 14-30 1,8-cineole 15-27	Baser et al., 2012
<i>M. x dumerotum</i>	menthofuran 28, menthol acetate 18, β-caryophyllene 12, menthol 9 carvone 40, eucalyptol 14, dihydrocarvone 13, limonene 8	Baser et al., 2012 Onaran et al., 2014; Yilar et al., 2013
<i>M. longifolia</i> subsp. <i>longifolia</i>	menthone 19, pulegone 12, piperitone 11 An unknown compound with RI: 2209 at GC (35%), 1,8-cineole 15 carvone 52, limonene 14, 1,8-cineole 13	Okut et al., 2017 Baser et al., 2012 Baser et al., 2012
<i>M. piperita</i>	menthol 38, menthol 36, neomenthol 7 isomenthone 50, menthol 22, menthofuran 5	Kızıl et al., 2010b Orhan et al., 2011
<i>M. pulegium</i>	11 samples: isomenthone 29-74 pulegone 10-57 One sample: pulegone 36, menthone 34 One sample: piperitone 95	Baser et al., 2012
<i>M. x rotundifolia</i>	piperitenone oxide 64 α-pinene 4	Baser et al., 2012
<i>M. spicata</i>	carvone 75, limonene 8 carvone 75, limonene 8 carvone 60, limonene 10, 1,8-cineole 7	Orhan et al., 2011 Kızıl et al., 2010b Sertkaya et al., 2010

<i>M. spicata</i> subsp. <i>spicata</i>	<u>7 samples</u> : carvone 59-77, limonene 2-23, 1,8-cineole 1-7 <u>One sample</u> : isomenthone 32, <i>cis</i> -piperitone oxide 30, menthone 14 carvone 48, 1,8-cineole 21	Baser et al., 2012 Sarer et al., 2011
<i>M. spicata</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	<u>13 samples</u> : piperitenone oxide 1-74, <i>trans</i> -piperitone oxide 0-61, <i>cis</i> -piperitone oxide 0-11, 1,8-cineole 1-9 <u>One sample</u> : isopulegyl acetate 30, isopulegol 21, pulegone 15	Baser et al., 2012
<i>M. suaveolens</i>	piperitenone oxide 63-77, limonene 2-6	Baser et al., 2012
<i>M. X villosa-nervata</i>	<i>trans</i> -piperitone oxide 58-76, piperitenone oxide 2-13, 1,8-cineole 1-7	Baser et al., 2012

### ***Micromeria* spp.**

*Micromeria* is represented by 9 species and altogether 13 taxa of which 8 are endemic in Turkey (Duman & Dirmenci, 2017). Recent results on *Micromeria* essential oils are as follows.

Table 8. *Micromeria* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>M. congesta</i>	piperitone oxide 40, pulegone 24	Herken et al., 2012
<i>M. fruticosa</i>	pulegone 57-61, isomenthone 15-19, piperitenone 7-9, $\beta$ -pinene 1-4, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 1-2, piperitone tr-2	Arslan, 2012

### ***Nepeta* spp.**

*Nepeta* is represented by 39 species and altogether 46 taxa in the flora of Turkey. The rate of endemism on species basis is 44% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017). The following table shows the results of recent studies on the essential oils of *Nepeta* taxa of Turkey.

Table 9. *Nepeta* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>N. baytopii</i>	1,8-cineole 23, nepetalactone 13	Kilic et al., 2013
<i>N. cataria</i>	nepetalactone 28, 1,8-cineole 11, germacrene D 9	Kilic et al., 2013
<i>N. conferta</i>	<i>p</i> -cymene 26, eucalyptol 10	Yayli et al., 2014
<i>N. congesta</i> var. <i>congesta</i>	1,8-cineole 30, germacrene D 20, sabinene 10	Kaya et al., 2007
<i>N. fissa</i>	1,8-cineole 24, nepetalactone 18	Kilic et al., 2013
<i>N. italicica</i>	linalool 42, T-cadinol 21	Hasimi et al., 2015
<i>N. meyeri</i>	4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ -nepetalactone 83, 4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ -nepetalactone 9	Mutlu et al., 2010
<i>N. nuda</i> subsp. <i>albiflora</i>	4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ -nepetalactone 74, 2(1H)-naphthalenone, octahydro-8a-methyl- <i>trans</i> - 10	Bozok et al., 2017
<i>N. nuda</i> subsp. <i>nuda</i>	camphor 24, 1,8-cineole 21, borneol 19	Kilic et al., 2011
<i>N. nuda</i>	4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\beta$ ,7 $\alpha$ -nepetalactone 18, germacrene 16, elemol 14, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 9	Gormez et al., 2013
<i>N. transcaucasica</i>	4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ -nepetalactone 40, 4 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ ,7 $\alpha$ -nepetalactone 28, germacrene D 16	Iscan et al., 2011)

### ***Ocimum basilicum* L.**

Main constituents in the oils from leaf, flower and branches were found as follows: Leaves: estragole 53%, limonene 14% and *p*-cymene 2%; flowers: estragole 58% and limonene 19%, branches: dill apiole 50%, estragole 16% and apiole 9% (Chalchat & Ozcan, 2008).

In two cultivated samples linalool 40-76%, 1,8-cineole 0-18%, (*E*)-methyl cinnamate 1-13% and  $\delta$ -cadinene 1-12% were found as main constituents (Orhan et al., 2011; Karaman et al., 2008).

Giachino et al. reported the existence of 7 genotypes in their study with 14 *O. basilicum* samples. Main compounds found in the oil of these genotypes were as follows: linalool, methyl chavicol, citral/methyl chavicol, methyl eugenol, methyl cinnamate/linalool, linalool/methyl eugenol, methyl chavicol/linalool (Giachino et al., 2014). Telci et al. reported the occurrence of linalool, citral and methyl chavicol in three genotypes (Telci et al., 2006).

A study involving hydrodistillation with fresh samples resulted in the characterization of linalool 41%,  $\gamma$ -cadinene 10%, methyl chavicol 10% and germacrene D 9%. Results with steam distillation indicated linalool 36%, (*E*)-methyl cinnamate 17%, eugenol 15% and  $\beta$ -sesquiphellandrene 9% as main constituents (Onar et al., 2010).

### ***Origanum* spp.**

According to recent results, *Origanum* is represented in Turkey by 27 species and altogether 31 taxa. The rate of endemism on species basis is 67%, on taxon basis 58% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017).

Table 10. *Origanum* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>O. acutidens</i>	<i>m</i> -cymene 40*, allo-aromadendrene 25, aromadendrene 12	Yilmaz, H. et al., 2017
	carvacrol 87, linalool acetate 2, <i>p</i> -cymene 2, borneol 2	Tozlu, 2011
	carvacrol 87, <i>p</i> -cymene 2, borneol 2, linalool acetate 2	Kordali et al., 2008
<i>O. bilgeri</i>	carvacrol 93, <i>p</i> -cymene 2, borneol 2, $\gamma$ -terpinene 2	Koc, S. et al., 20013
	carvacrol 85, <i>p</i> -cymene 4, $\gamma$ -terpinene 3, borneol 2	Kose et al., 2013
<i>O. brevidens</i>	carvacrol 72, carvone 9	Yilmaz, H. et al., 2017
<i>O. haussknechtii</i>	aromadendrene 24, carvacrol 16, allo-aromadendrene 15, $\alpha$ -himachalene 12	Yilmaz, H. et al., 2017
<i>O. husnucanbaseri</i>	<i>cis</i> - $\beta$ -terpineol 24, menth-3-en-8-ol 23, menthone 13	Yilmaz, H. et al., 2017
	borneol 13-15, terpinen-4-ol 11-12, $\alpha$ -terpineol 12-11, <i>trans</i> -sabinenehydrate 10-12	Uysal et al., 2010
<i>O. hypericifolium</i>	<i>p</i> -cymene 43, carvacrol 32, $\gamma$ -terpinene 8	Celik, A. et al., 2010
	cymene 34, carvacrol 22, thymol 20. $\gamma$ -terpinene 14	Ili & Keskin, 2013
<i>O. leptocladum</i>	T-muurolene 20, <i>p</i> -cymene 17, borneol 16	Yilmaz, H. et al., 2017
<i>O. saccatum</i>	<i>p</i> -cymene 83, <i>p</i> -cymene-8-ol 1, carvacrol 1	Ozcan & Chalchat, 2009
<i>O. rotundifolium</i>	isopulegyl acetate 20, aromadendrene 16, limonene oxide 15, viridiflorol 10	Yilmaz, H. et al., 2017

\*It is unusual to find *m*-cymene in the absence of *p*-cymene as a major constituent. This must be read as *p*-cymene. Recent literature information on commercial *Origanum* species are shown in the following table. In a study, DNA data have indicated that the status of *O. majorana* recorded in the Flora of Turkey must be changed to *O. dubium*. Therefore, all the previous literature on the oils of *O. majorana* rich in carvacrol from Turkey must be read as *O. dubium* (Lukas et al., 2013).

Table 11. *Origanum* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>O. dubium</i>	carvacrol 63, $\gamma$ -terpinene 11, <i>p</i> -cymene 9	Maral et al., 2017.
<i>O. majorana</i>	carvacrol 53, linalool 45	Erdogan A. & Ozkan, 2017
	carvacrol 80, $\gamma$ -terpinene 7	Orhan et al., 2011
	linalool 88, thymol 12	Karaborklu et al., 2011
<i>O. minutiflorum</i>	carvacrol 79, <i>p</i> -cymene 8	Ozkum et al., 2010
	<i>micropagation</i> : carvacrol 86, <i>p</i> -cymene 4, $\gamma$ -terpinene 4	
	carvacrol 98	Oz et al., 2012
	carvacrol 74, <i>p</i> -cymene 7	Altundag et al., 2011
<i>O. onites</i>	carvacrol 68, $\gamma$ -terpinene 15	Orhan et al., 2011
	carvacrol 84-89, $\gamma$ -terpinene 3-6	Ozkan, G. et al, 2010a
	carvacrol 70, linalool 12, thymol 9	Ayvaz et al, 2010
	carvacrol 68, <i>p</i> -cymene 11, $\gamma$ -terpinene 7	Sertkaya et al, 2010
	carvacrol 83, thymol 13	Gormez, O. et al, 2014
	carvacrol 47, <i>p</i> -cymene 16, $\gamma$ -terpinene 9, myrcene 9	Yaylı et al., 2014
	carvacrol 81, linalool 6	Koca & Cevikbas, 2015
	carvacrol 64, linalool 14, <i>p</i> -cymene 7	Bostancıoglu et al., 2012
	carvacrol 57, $\gamma$ -terpinene 9, linalool 8, <i>p</i> -cymene 8	Atak et al., 2016
	<u>13 samples</u> : carvacrol 65-81, $\gamma$ -terpinene 4-9, <i>p</i> -cymene 2-6	Tonk et al., 2010
<i>O. vulgare</i> subsp. <i>hirtum</i>	<u>One sample</u> : thymol 66, carvacrol 6, $\alpha$ -terpinene 5	
	<u>20 samples</u> : carvacrol 8-83, thymol 0.3-60, <i>p</i> -cymene 6-31	Esen et al., 2007
	<u>20 samples, cultivated</u> : carvacrol 5-89, thymol 0.3-68, $\gamma$ -terpinene 3-20, <i>p</i> -cymene 4-32	
	carvacrol 61, linalool 9, <i>p</i> -cymene 7	Maral et al., 2017

Table 12. Oregano exports of Turkey (TUIK 2016):

Kekik	2011	2016
Ton	13.112	17.085
USD (\$)	29.721	63.351
Unit Export Value (\$/kg)	2.3	3.7

Table 13. Cultivation areas and production in Turkey (TUIK 2016):

Year	Cultivation Areas (Hectare)	Production (Ton)
2009	8.496	12.329
2012	9.428	11.598
2016	12.112	14.724

### ***Phlomis* spp.**

*Phlomis* is represented in Turkey by 33 species and altogether 53 taxa. The rate of endemism on species basis is 48%, on taxon basis 57% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017). Recent results are summarized in the following table.

Table 14. *Phlomis* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>P. amanica</i>	8(14),15-isopimaradien-11 $\alpha$ -ol 23, germacrene-D 15, bicyclogermacrene 11	Demirci B. et al., 2009
<i>P. armeniaca</i>	hexadecanoic acid 5, pentacosane 3, hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 2, spathulenol 2, heptacosane 2 germacrene D 27-23, (E)-2-hexenal 10-12, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 12-17	Demirci B. et al., 2009 Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016
<i>P. bourgaei</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 15-22, $\alpha$ -cubebene 14-16, germacrene-D 11-15 germacrene D 11, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 11, manoyl oxide 4	Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016 Başer et al., 2008
<i>P. chimerae</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 35, germacrene D 16, caryophyllene oxide 6	Başer et al., 2008
<i>P. grandiflora</i> var. <i>grandiflora</i>	$\beta$ -eudesmol 61-62, $\beta$ -curcumene 3-6, ar-curcumene 2 $\beta$ -eudesmol 42, $\alpha$ -eudesmol 16, ar-curcumene 3 $\alpha$ -pinene 19-26, $\alpha$ -cedrene 19-28, $\alpha$ -curcumene 12-14	Ozcan et al., 2011 Demirci F. et al., 2008 Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016
<i>P. lunatifolia</i>	hexadecanoic acid 10, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 9, germacrene-D 8	Demirci B. et al., 2009
<i>P. lycia</i>	germacrene-D 16, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 18, limonene 14	Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016
<i>P. monocephala</i>	8(14),15-isopimaradien-11 $\alpha$ -ol 13, germacrene D 6, manoyl oxide 6	Demirci B. et al., 2009
<i>P. nissoli</i>	limonene 16-24, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 10-13, germacrene-D 12-21 germacrene D 34, bicyclogermacrene 15, (Z)- $\beta$ -farnesene 11, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 9	Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016 Kirimer et al., 2006
<i>P. pungens</i> var. <i>pungens</i>	(E)-2-hexenal 13-18, vinyl amyl carbinol 13-19, germacrene-D 8-10	Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016
<i>P. rigida</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 31-39, $\beta$ -selinene 13-15, caryophyllene oxide 4-5	Demirci B. et al., 2006
<i>P. russelina</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 22, germacrene-D 15, caryophyllene oxide 8	Demirci F. et al., 2008
<i>P. samia</i>	germacrene D 34, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 6	Demirci B. et al., 2006
<i>P. sieheana</i>	germacrene-D 19-23, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 14-15, $\alpha$ -copaene 10-11 germacrene D 16, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 11, $\alpha$ -pinene 8	Sarıkaya & Fakir, 2016 Ozdemir FA et al., 2017
<i>P. X vuralii</i>	spathulenol 3, hexahydrofarnesyl acetone 2, hexadecanoic acid 2 caryophyllene oxide 17, diterpene 8,12-epoxylabd-14-en-13-ol 6	Demirci B. et al., 2009 Başer et al., 2008

***Rosmarinus officinalis* L.**Table 15. *Rosmarinus officinalis* essential oils

Main Compounds %	References
1,8-cineole 21, camphor 20, borneol 9	Atak et al., 2016
1,8-cineole 12-61, camphor 6-17, verbenone tr-45, borneol 2-9, $\alpha$ -pinene 1-14, $\alpha$ -terpineol 1-7 camphor 17, borneol 11, 1,8-cineole 10, linalool 6, $\alpha$ -pinene 6 (dried)	Yesil Celiktas et al., 2007 Bagci et al., 2017
camphor 16, borneol 12, 1,8-cineole 8, linalool 8, bornyl acetate 8, verbenone 6 (fresh, cultivated) camphor 15, 1,8-cineole 14, $\alpha$ -pinene 10, verbenone 9, borneol 6 (fresh)	Bagci et al., 2017 Bagci et al., 2017
camphor 26, 1,8-cineole 18, $\alpha$ -pinene 13, camphene 8 (dried, cultivated) camphor 35, 1,8-cineole 25, borneol 23, $\alpha$ -pinene 7 borneol 26, verbenone 24, camphor 20, 1,8-cineole 6	Bagci et al., 2017 Salman et al., 2015 Gudek & Cetin, 2016

***Salvia* spp.**

In the Flora of Turkey, there are 100 species and 107 taxa. Rate of endemism on taxon basis is 54% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017). The following table summarizes the recent work on the essential oils of *Salvia* taxa of Turkish origin.

Table 16. *Salvia* spp. essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>S. adenophylla</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 16, $\beta$ -pinene 14, $\alpha$ -terpineol 5, borneol 5	Kaya et al., 2017b
<i>S. aethiopis</i>	$\alpha$ -copaene 18, $\alpha$ -cubebene 12, (-)-spathulenol 12, germacrene-D 8, $\alpha$ -limonene 7, ledol 7	Goze et al., 2016
<i>S. aramiensis</i>	1,8-cineole 46, $\beta$ -pinene 10, camphor 9, $\alpha$ -pinene 5	Kelen & Tepe, 2008
<i>S. aucheri</i> var. <i>aucheri</i>	1,8-cineole 31, camphor 21, borneol 9, $\alpha$ -pinene 8, camphene 8, $\beta$ -pinene 6	Kelen & Tepe, 2008
<i>S. balliana</i>	caryophyllene oxide 34, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 8, $\alpha$ -pinene 8	Temel et al., 2016
<i>S. blepharochlaena</i>	1,8-cineol 27, <i>cis</i> - $\beta$ -ocimene 15, $\beta$ -pinene 8, camphor 6, camphene 6	Goze et al., 2016
<i>S. bracteata</i>	caryophyllene oxide 18, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 17, $\beta$ -pinene 11	Doğan et al., 2014
<i>S. ceratophylla</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 27, $\beta$ -pinene 16, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 11, bornyl acetate 6 $\alpha$ -pinene 25, $\beta$ -pinene 10, 1,8- cineole 7, $\alpha$ -terpineol 6 germacrene D 24, $\alpha$ -copaene 20, 1,8-cineole 8, camphor 6 $\gamma$ -muurolene 11, $\gamma$ -cadinene 6, <i>trans</i> -pinocarvyl acetate 5, $\alpha$ -copaene 5	Baser et al., 2015 Baser et al., 2015 Kılıç, 2016 Gürsoy et al., 2012
<i>S. cilicica</i>	spathulenol 24, caryophyllene oxide 15, hexadecanoic acid 10	Tan et al., 2016
<i>S. cryptantha</i>	camphor 19, 1,8-cineole 16, borneol 12, viridiflorol 12	Akın et al., 2010
<i>S. cyanescens</i>	spathulenol 23, <i>p</i> -cymene 10, 1,8-cineole 9	Temel et al., 2016
<i>S. dicroantha</i>	caryophyllene oxide 22, phytol 6, caryophyllenol II 6	Kunduhoglu et al., 2011
<i>S. divaricata</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 17, camphor 10, camphene 7, 1,8-cineole 3	Temel et al., 2016
<i>S. euphratica</i> var. <i>euphratica</i> (Syn. <i>S. pseudoeuphratica</i> )	<i>cis</i> -sabinol 22, myrcenyl acetate 17, 1,8-cineole 9 camphor 54, 1,8-cineole 17, cryptone 5	Goze et al., 2016 Temel et al., 2016
<i>S. fruticosa</i>	1,8-cineole 59, $\alpha$ -pinene 6, $\beta$ -pinene 5, $\beta$ -myrcene 5, camphor 5 1,8-cineole 36, camphor 19, thujon 8, $\beta$ -pinene 6, $\alpha$ -pinene 5, camphene 6, caryophyllene 5	Topcu et al., 2013 Senol et al., 2011
<i>S. heldreichiana</i>	linalool 9, $\alpha$ -pinene 6, 1,8-cineole 6, borneol 6, cryptone 5, linalyl acetate 5 $\alpha$ -pinene 14	Akin et al., 2010 Basalma et al., 2007
<i>S. hydrangea</i>	camphor 47, camphene 9, 1,8-cineole 7 camphor 54, $\alpha$ -humulene 4	Temel et al., 2016 Kotan et al., 2008
<i>S. kronenburgii</i>	limonene 12, 2-cyclohexen-1-ol 9, <i>trans</i> -verbenol 8, <i>trans</i> -(+)-carveol 7	Kocak & Bagci, 2011
<i>S. limbata</i>	spathulenol 30, $\beta$ -eudesmol 7	Ogutcu et al., 2008
<i>S. macrochlamys</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 26, caryophyllene oxide 22, $\beta$ -pinene 5 1,8-cineole 27, borneol 13, camphor 11, caryophyllene oxide 8, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 7	Temel et al., 2016 Tabanca et al., 2006
<i>S. multicaulis</i>	caryophyllene oxide 23, spathulenol 13, $\beta$ -pinene 8	Kilic, 2016
<i>S. nydeggeri</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 16, $\beta$ -pinene 9, cubebol 6, caryophyllene oxide 6	Temel et al., 2016
<i>S. officinalis</i> (cultivated)	1,8-cineole 35, camphor 30, $\alpha$ -thujone 20 camphor 20, <i>cis</i> -thujone 20, 1,8-cineole 18, <i>trans</i> -thujone 9 camphor 43, 1,8-cineole 24, <i>cis</i> -thujone 16	Salman et al., 2015 Baydar et al., 2013 Baydar et al., 2013

<i>S. pachystachys</i>	camphor 27, 1,8-cineole 18, <i>cis</i> -thujone 14, viridiflorol 9 camphor 20, linalool 11, linalyl acetate 11, <i>cis</i> -thujone 11, viridiflorol 11, borneol 8	Baydar et al., 2013 Baydar et al., 2013
<i>S. palestina</i>	$\beta$ -pinene 24, $\alpha$ -pinene 12, spathulenol 10	Temel et al., 2016
<i>S. pilifera</i>	caryophyllene oxide 16, ( <i>E</i> )-caryophyllene 5	Gursoy et al., 2012
<i>S. pisidica</i>	$\beta$ -pinene 25, myrcene 9, $\alpha$ -humulene 8 $\alpha$ -pinene 14, 1,8-cineole 9, <i>trans</i> -thujone 4	Kaya et al., 2017b Kelen, 2008
<i>S. pinnata</i>	camphor 24, sabinol 20, $\alpha$ -thujone 14, 1,8-cineole 6 bornyl acetate 26-43, camphor 12-18, camphene 10-15 bornyl formate 5-7	Ozkan et al., 2010b Somer et al., 2015
<i>S. potentillifolia</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 29, $\beta$ -pinene 15, 1,8-cineole 7	Kıvrak et al., 2009
<i>S. recognita</i>	camphor 42, 1,8-cineole 12, camphene 7	Tabanca et al., 2006
<i>S. rosifolia</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 16-35, 1,8-cineole 17-25, $\beta$ -pinene 7-14, <i>p</i> -cymene 2-7	Ozek et al., 2010
<i>S. russelli</i>	$\beta$ -pinene 20, 1,8-cineole 10, $\alpha$ -copaene 9, valerenone 8 thymol 32, $\alpha$ -terpinol 13, $\gamma$ -terpinene 13	Temel et al., 2016 Dogan et al., 2014
<i>S. sclarea</i>	germacrene-D 25, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 16, bicyclogermacrene 10, linalyl acetate 6	Ogutcu et al., 2008
<i>S. sericeo-tomentosa</i> var. <i>hatayica</i>	sabinyl acetate 80, $\alpha$ -pinene 3, <i>trans</i> -sabinol 3, cumin alcohol 3	Tan et al., 2017
<i>S. tomentosa</i>	$\beta$ -pinene 37, $\alpha$ -pinene 6 1,8-cineole 32, $\alpha$ -pinene 16, borneol 7, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 5	Ulukanlı et al., 2013 Haznedaroglu et al., 2013
	<u>20 samples:</u> pinene 2-39, $\beta$ -pinene 2-36, camphor 2-41, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 3-11, borneol 2-12	Karık et al., 2013
<i>S. trichoclada</i>	caryophyllene oxide 25, spathulenol 15, $\beta$ -pinene 12, 1,8-cineole 7, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 5	Kılıç, 2016
<i>S. verticillata</i> subsp. <i>amasiaca</i>	germacrene D 37, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 8, hexadecanoic acid 7, $\beta$ -copaene 6, spathulenol 5	Kunduhoglu et al., 2011
<i>S. verticillata</i> subsp. <i>verticillata</i>	spathulenol 31, $\alpha$ -pinene 8, limonene 4	Tabanca et al., 2006
<i>S. virgata</i>	1,8-cineole 20, $\alpha$ -copaene 19, germacrene D 18, camphor 5	Kilic, 2016
<i>S. viscosa</i>	$\alpha$ -copaene 13, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 11, $\gamma$ -murolene 10, $\delta$ -cadinene 8, germacrene D 5	Kaya et al., 2017b
<i>S. wiedemannii</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 36, 1,8-cineole 14, $\beta$ -pinene 13, camphor 7, <i>p</i> -cymene 5	Kunduhoglu et al., 2011

Typical groups of compounds found in *Salvia* oils and their classification are as follows (Başer, 1993; Başer & Kırımer, 2006):

Table 17. *Salvia* spp. essential oils

Group	Taxa (oil yield %) content (%)
$\alpha/\beta$ -Pinene	<i>tomentosa</i> (0.6-1.3) 2-39/2-37 <i>rosifolia</i> (0.4) 16-35/7-14 <i>potentillifolia</i> (0.9) 29/15 <i>ceratophylla</i> (0.8) 25/10 <i>wiedemannii</i> (0.4-0.6) 23-36/13-30 <i>adenophylla</i> (0.3) 16/14 <i>nydeggeri</i> (0.3) 16/9 <i>heldreichiana</i> (0.2-0.8) 14/- <i>pachystachys</i> (0.1) 12/24 <i>potentillifolia</i> (0.4) 10/8

---

Camphor/1,8-cineole (CaCi)	<i>pilifera</i> (0.2-0.8) -/25 <i>russelli</i> (tr-0.8) -/20 <i>euphratica/eupratica</i> (0.7) 54/17 <i>hydrangea</i> (0.5-0.8) 47-54/2-7 <i>officinalis</i> (0.2-0.6) 20-43/18-24 <i>recognita</i> (0.3-0.6) 37-42/8-12 <i>tomentosa</i> (0.7-3.5) 2-41/15 <i>aytachii</i> (0.9) 31/27 <i>pisidica</i> (0.04-0.4) 24-30/6 <i>cryptantha</i> (0.4-09) 19-24/16-10 <i>tchihatcheffii</i> (0.6-1.9) 20-23/16 <i>aucheri/aucheri</i> (0.7) 21/20 <i>multicaulis</i> (tr) 19/8 <i>blepharochlaena</i> (tr) 18/14 <i>aramiensis</i> (3.0) 17/-
1,8-Cineole/Camphor (CiCa)	<i>fruticosa</i> (0.9-2.8) 35-51/7-13 <i>cryptantha</i> (0.6-0.9) 16-37/6- <i>officinalis</i> (-) 35/30 <i>tomentosa</i> (0.6) 32/- <i>divaricata</i> (0.3) 31/10 <i>macrochlamys</i> (0.2) 27/11 <i>aucheri/canescens</i> (0.4-0.8) 15-25/14-18 <i>virgata</i> (-) 20/5 <i>pilifera</i> (0.2) 9/-
1,8-Cineole/Cryptone	<i>cadmica</i> (0.2) 22/12 <i>smyrnaea</i> (0.4) 18/18
$\alpha/\beta$ -Thujone	<i>pomifera</i> [1.0; 2.7 (Leaf)] 16-20/16-51 <i>caespitosa</i> (0.6) 24(a+b)
Linalyl acetate/Linalool (LaLi)	<i>sclarea</i> (0.3-1.3) 14-49/6-29 <i>palaestina</i> (0.3) 24/12 <i>trichoclada</i> (0.3) 24/26 <i>multicaulis</i> (0.1) 21/12 <i>heldreichiana</i> (0.5) 9/5 <i>aethiopis</i> (tr) -/20
Other monoterpenes esters	<i>sericeo-tomentosa/hatayica</i> (-) sabinylacetate 80 <i>pisidica</i> (0.4-1.1) sabinyl acetate 16-33 <i>chrysophylla</i> (0.4) $\alpha$ -terpinyl acetate 26 <i>euphratica/eupratica</i> (0.04) <i>trans</i> -pinocarvyl acetate 17 <i>pinnata</i> (0.06-0.1) bornyl acetate 26-43 <i>suffruticosa</i> (0.2) bornyl acetate 10
Other oxygenated monoterpenes	<i>halophila</i> (0.01) carvacrol 36 <i>russelli</i> (0.8) thymol 32 <i>aethiopis</i> (tr) linalool 20 <i>candidissima/occidentalis</i> (0.2) linalool 9 <i>cyanescens</i> (0.4) borneol+isoborneol 10 <i>tomentosa</i> (1.3) borneol 27 <i>cryptantha</i> (0.6) borneol 25 <i>heldreichiana</i> (tr) borneol 15 <i>euprathica/euprathica</i> (-) <i>cis</i> -sabinol 22 <i>albimaculata</i> (0.3) <i>trans</i> -verbenol + $\gamma$ -selinene 11
Sesquiterpene hydrocarbons	<u><math>\beta</math>-caryophyllene</u> <i>virgata</i> (tr-0.02) 28-55

	<i>macrochlamys</i> (0.1) 26
	<i>dichroantha</i> (tr-0.2) 23
	<i>bracteata</i> (0.2) 21
	<i>napifolia</i> (0.4) 20
	<i>microphylla</i> (0.4-0.5) 14-17
	<i>verticillata/amasiaca</i> (0.1) 17
	<i>yosgadensis</i> (0.3) 13
	<u>germacrene D</u>
	<i>chionantha</i> (0.02) 38
	<i>verticillata/amasiaca</i> (-) 37
	<i>argentea</i> (0.2) 27
	<i>sclarea</i> (2.4) 25
	<i>ceratophylla</i> (-) 24
	<i>syriaca</i> (0.1) 24
	<i>candidissima/candidissima</i> (0.2) 21
	<i>verticillata/verticillata</i> (0.06-0.07) 10-16
	<i>forskahlei</i> (0.05) 15
	<i>candidissima/occidentalis</i> (0.1) 13
	<i>hypargeia</i> (0.02) 11
	<i>cilicina</i> (0.04) 10
	<u>others</u>
	<i>aethiopis</i> (0.1-0.2) α-copaene 18-25
	<i>viscosa</i> (0.1) α-copaene 13
	<i>albimaculata</i> (0.3) β-selinene 11 (with <i>trans</i> -verbenol)
	<i>ceratophylla</i> (0.8) γ-muurolene 11
Oxygenated sesquiterpenes	<u>spathulenol</u>
	<i>verticillata/verticillata</i> (0.05) 31
	<i>limbata</i> (1.5) 30
	<i>cilicina</i> (-) 24
	<i>cyanescens</i> (0.07) 23
	<i>syriaca</i> (0.03-0.08) 11-20
	<i>heldreichiana</i> (0.2) 9
	<i>microstegia</i> (0.1) 5
	<u>caryophyllene oxide</u>
	<i>ballisiana</i> (0.2) 34
	<i>trichoclada</i> (-) 25
	<i>bracteata</i> (0.7) 18
	<i>multicaulis</i> (-) 23
	<i>dicroantha</i> (-) 22
Phenylpropanoids	<i>viridis</i> (0.02) methyl chavicol 28

Commercial *Salvia* species belong to the following groups:

CiCa group: *S. fruticosa* (syn. *S. triloba*)

Pinene group: *S. tomentosa*

Thujone group: *S. officinalis*, *S. pomifera* (syn. *S. calycina*)

Sage [*Salvia fruticosa* and *S. officinalis* (*Cultivated*)] herb exports of Turkey can be seen in the following table (Temel et al., 2018)

Table 18. *Salvia* essential oils commercial figure

Data	2005	2016
Kg	1.689.200	1.918.000
US Dollar	4.694.571	7.285.000
Unit Export Value (\$/kg)	2.78	3.80

***Satureja* spp.**

*Satureja* is represented in the flora of Turkey by 16 species and altogether 17 taxa. Rate of endemism on species basis is 31% and on taxon basis 35% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017). Carvacrol being a major component in their oils, *Satureja* species are used as a culinary herb like kekik (oregano).

Table 19. *Satureja* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>S. boissieri</i>	γ-terpinene 23, <i>p</i> -cymene 23, carvacrol 21, thymol 19	Oke-Altuntas et al., 2016
<i>S. ciliica</i>	<i>p</i> -cymene 18, carvacrol 14, γ-terpinene 11, thymol 9 thymol 23, carvacrol 19, <i>p</i> -cymene 20, γ-terpinene 13	Arabaci et al., 2017 Ozkan G., et al., 2007
<i>S. cuneifolia</i>	carvacrol 67, γ-terpinene 15, <i>p</i> -cymene 7 carvacrol 45, <i>p</i> -cymene 22, thymol 9 carvacrol 59, thymol 16, <i>p</i> -cymene 10 thymol 42, <i>o</i> -cymene 22, γ-terpinene 5 carvacrol 33, <i>p</i> -cymene 22, γ-terpinene 15	Eminagaoglu et al., 2007 Oke et al., 2009 Kan et al., 2006 Orhan et al., 2011 Yayli et al., 2014
<i>S. hortensis</i>	thymol 41, γ-terpinene 19, carvacrol 14, <i>p</i> -cymene 9 carvacrol 15, cyclohexanone 15, cymene 13, phenol-2-methyl 12, thymol 11, γ-terpinene 9 carvacrol 55, γ-terpinene 21, <i>p</i> -cymene 12 carvacrol 80, γ-terpinene 9 carvacrol 79, γ-terpinene 9 carvacrol 25, thymol 15, <i>o</i> -cymene 11 carvacrol 41-51, γ-terpinene 33-39, α-terpinene 3-6	Adiguzel et al., 2007 Bozari et al., 2017 Tozlu, 2011 Ceker et al., 2014 Gormez et al., 2015 Sagdic et al., 2013 Katar et al., 2017
<i>S. spicigera</i>	carvacrol 43, γ-terpinene 22, <i>p</i> -cymene 21	Eminagaoglu et al., 2007
<i>S. thymbra</i>	γ-terpinene 41, carvacrol 18, thymol 13, <i>p</i> -cymene 13 carvacrol 54, γ-terpinene 18, thymol 13, <i>p</i> -cymene 10 carvacrol 35, γ-terpinene 23, <i>p</i> -cymene 13, thymol 13 carvacrol 53, thymol 26, γ-terpinene 9	Karabay-Yavasoglu et al., 2006 Ayvaz et al., 2010 Ozturk, M., 2012 Gormez & Diler, 2014

***Scutellaria* spp.**

*Scutellaria* is represented in the flora of Turkey by 39 taxa including 17 species. Endemism ratio is 44% on taxon basis and 35% on species basis (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017).

Table 20. *Scutellaria* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>S. diffusa</i>	hexadecanoic acid 30, caryophyllene oxide 9, tetradecanoic acid 6, palmito-γ-lactone 5	Cicek et al., 2011
<i>S. heterophylla</i>	germacrene D 21, hexadecanoic acid 16, β-caryophyllene 13, bicyclogermacrene 7	Cicek et al., 2011
<i>S. salviifolia</i>	germacrene D 40, bicyclogermacrene 14, β-caryophyllene 11	Cicek et al., 2011

## *Sideritis* spp.

Two main gene centres for *Sideritis* are Iberic peninsula and Turkey. In the Iberic peninsula, only section *Sideritis* exists with 69 species and altogether 100 taxa. In Turkey, Sections Empedoclia and Hesiodia (annuals) exist with 45 species and altogether 54 taxa comprising 40 endemic taxa. Taxon based endemism ratio is 74% while it is 80% on species basis (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017).

A comprehensive research into taxonomical, anatomical, morphological, caryological, palinological and genetical aspects of all the *Sideritis* species growing in Turkey was recently reported (Duman, 2003).

The essential oil yields ranged between trace (<0.01) and 0.85%. A rough correlation may be established according to the oil yield and main groups of constituents in *Sideritis* oils of Turkey as follows: The higher the oil yield the higher the monoterpene hydrocarbons content. The lower the oil yield the higher the sesquiterpenes content.

Correlation between the oil yield and main groups of constituents are as follows in Table 21.

Table 21. *Sideritis* essential oils

Oil yield	Main Groups of Constituents*
0.85 - 0.2	Monoterpene
0.2 - 0.02	Monoterpene+ Sesquiterpenes
0.02 - tr	Sesquiterpenes

\*Diterpenes may occur at any yield.

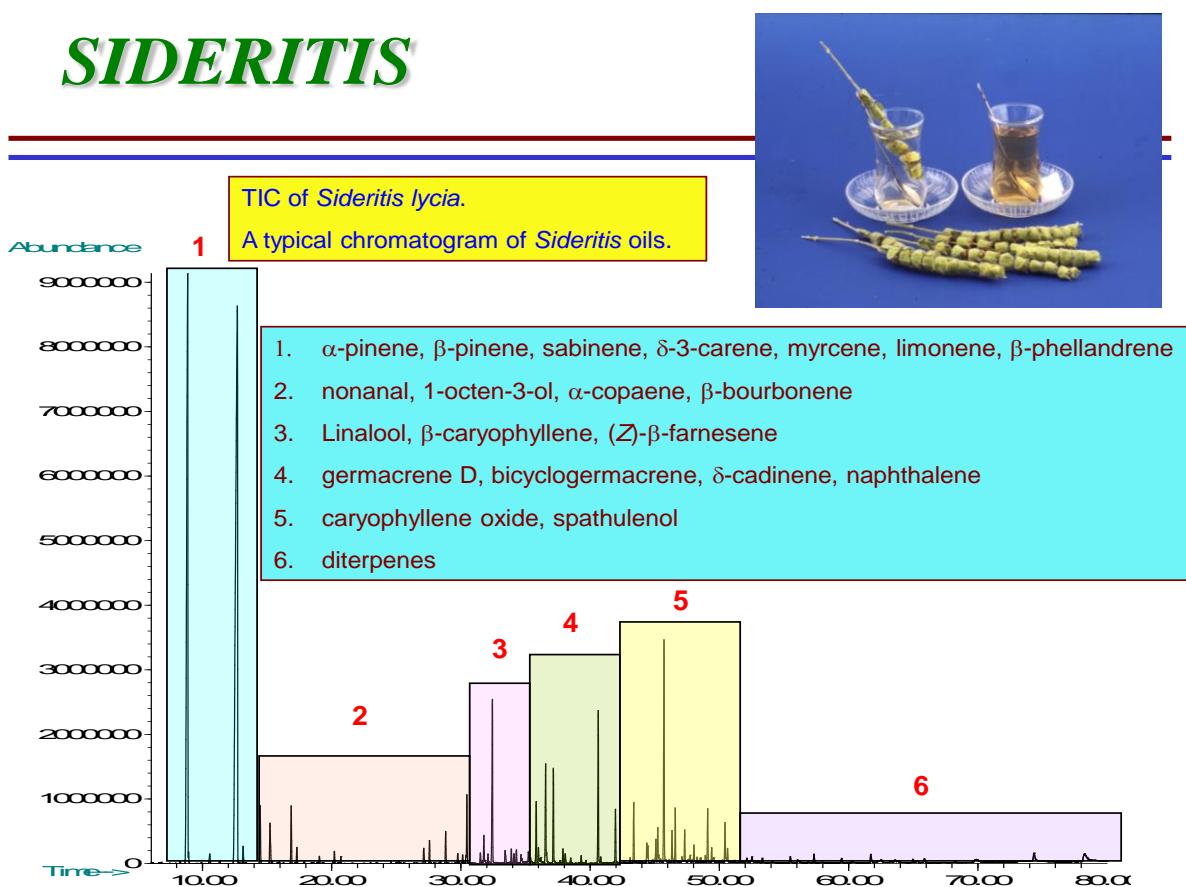


Fig. 1. *Sideritis lycia* Boiss. & Heldr. essential oil GC/MS analysis chromatogram

As far as diterpenes are concerned, plants of section *Empedoclia* distributed in Turkey and Central and southern Europe contain ent-kaurane type diterpenoids, however, section *Sideritis* distributed in Spain and Canary Islands may comprise ent-kaurane, ent-labdane, ent-trachilobane and ent-beyerene type diterpenoids (Bondi et al., 2000; Topcu et al., 1999).

Table 22. Recent *Sideritis* essential oil studies

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>S. brevibracteata</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 43, germacrene-D 11, $\alpha$ -cadinene 10, carvacrol 5, $\beta$ -pinene 5	Sagir et al., 2017
<i>S. caesarea</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 6-13, caryophyllene oxide 7-20, spathulenol 3-6, hexadecanoic acid 9-21	Gunbatan et al., 2017
<i>S. cilicica</i>	$\beta$ -Pinene 39, $\alpha$ -pinene 28, $\beta$ -phellandrene 20	Iscan et al., 2005
<i>S. eryrantha</i> subsp. <i>eryrantha</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 18, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 12, sabinene 10, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 8, $\alpha$ -bisabolol 8	Altundag et al., 2011
<i>S. montana</i> subsp. <i>montana</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 30, $\alpha$ -pinene 13, $\beta$ -pinene 11	Kilic, 2014
<i>S. vulcanica</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 16, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 13, 1,8-cineole 10	Kilic, 2014
<i>S. trojana</i>	valerenone 11, $\alpha$ -bisabolol 11, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 9	Kirmizibekmez et al., 2017

Classification of *Sideritis* species of Turkey in order of main components of their essential oils is as follows (Başer, 1993; Başer & Kırımer, 2006):

Table 23. *Sideritis* classifications according their essential oil compositions

Monoterpene hydrocarbons	<i>amasiaca</i> , <i>argyrea</i> , <i>armeniaca</i> , <i>athoa</i> , <i>bilgerana</i> , <i>brevidens</i> , <i>cilicina</i> , <i>congesta</i> , <i>dichotoma</i> , <i>erythrantha</i> var. <i>erythrantha</i> , <i>erythrantha</i> var. <i>cedretorum</i> , <i>galatica</i> , <i>germanicapitolitana</i> ssp. <i>germanicapitolitana</i> , <i>germanicapitolitana</i> ssp. <i>viridis</i> , <i>gulendamii</i> , <i>hispida</i> , <i>huber-morathii</i> , <i>libanotica</i> ssp. <i>libanotica</i> , <i>libanotica</i> ssp. <i>kurdica</i> , <i>lycia</i> , <i>montana</i> ssp. <i>remota</i> , <i>niveotomentosa</i> , <i>phrygia</i> , <i>pisidica</i> var. <i>termessii</i> , <i>rubriflora</i> , <i>scardica</i> ssp. <i>scardica</i> , <i>serratifolia</i> , <i>sipylea</i> , <i>stricta</i> , <i>syriaca</i> ssp. <i>nusairiensis</i> , <i>trojana</i> , <i>vulcanica</i> , <i>vuralii</i>
Oxygenated monoterpenes	<i>arguta</i> , <i>libanotica</i> ssp. <i>microchlamys</i> , <i>romana</i> ssp. <i>romana</i>
Sesquiterpene hydrocarbons	<i>akmanii</i> , <i>albiflora</i> , <i>brevibracteata</i> , <i>caesarea</i> , <i>cilicina</i> , <i>condensata</i> , <i>curvidens</i> , <i>hololeuca</i> , <i>leptoclada</i> , <i>libanotica</i> ssp. <i>linearis</i> , <i>libanotica</i> ssp. <i>violascens</i> , <i>montana</i> ssp. <i>montana</i> , <i>ozturkii</i> , <i>pisidica</i> var. <i>pisidica</i> , <i>romana</i> ssp. <i>romana</i> , <i>tmolea</i> , <i>vulcanica</i>
Oxygenated sesquiterpenes	<i>phlomoides</i> , <i>taurica</i> , <i>trojana</i>
Diterpenes	<i>dichotoma</i> , <i>perfoliata</i> , <i>lanata</i>
Others	<i>lanata</i>

### ***Stachys* spp.**

The genus *Stachys* is represented in the flora of Turkey by 90 species and altogether 118 taxa. Endemism ratio on species basis is 48%, on taxon basis is 45% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017). It is generally considered as an oil-poor genus.

Table 24. *Stachys* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>S. aetherocalyx</i>	germacrene D 25, $\beta$ -myrcene 16, linalool 12, linalyl acetate 11	Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. aleurites</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 34, bicyclogermacrene 15, germacrene D 10, $\alpha$ -pinene 8	Flamini et al., 2005
<i>S. amanca</i>	<u>Sample I:</u> $\alpha$ -pinene 30, $\alpha$ -bisabolol 9, ( <i>E</i> )- $\beta$ -caryophyllene 6 <u>Sample II:</u> $\alpha$ -pinene 33, $\beta$ -pinene 28, ( <i>E</i> )- $\beta$ -caryophyllene 5	Ilcim et al., 2014

<i>S. angustifolia</i>	germacrene D 22, $\alpha$ -terpineol 20, $\beta$ -myrcene 12	Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. annua</i> subsp. <i>annua</i> var. <i>annua</i>	(Z)- $\beta$ -ocimene 25, $\beta$ -pinene 23, $\alpha$ -pinene 11, benzaldehyde 11, $\beta$ -bourbonene 7	Renda et al., 2017
	germacrene D 22, $\alpha$ -terpineol 22, 1,8-cineol 22, linalyl acetate 14, linalool 7, $\beta$ -ocimene 2, dodecanoic acid 2	Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. antalyensis</i>	bicyclogermacrene 29, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 15, spathulenol 11, $\beta$ -pinene 9, viridiferyl 7	Fakir et al., 2010
<i>S. balansae</i> subsp. <i>balansae</i>	germacrene D 38, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 18, spathulenol 8	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. balansae</i> subsp. <i>carduchorum</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 30, germacrene 14, $\alpha$ -cadinene 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. bayburtensis</i>	germacrene D 33, caryophyllene oxide 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. citrina</i> subsp. <i>citrina</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 30, $\beta$ -phellandrene 14	Iscan, 2012
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>mersinaea</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 13, germacrene D 12, caryophyllene oxide 12	Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>bulgarica</i>	germacrene D 28, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 12, spathulenol 7, caryophyllene oxide 6, $\alpha$ -cadinene 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>anatolica</i>	germacrene D 29, sabinene 9, $\beta$ -pinene 8	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>cassia</i>	germacrene D 28, $\gamma$ -elemene 15, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 9, farnesyl acetate 7	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>garana</i>	$\alpha$ -cadinol 16, verbenol 11, dodecanoic acid 9, $\alpha$ -humulene 7, spathulenol 7, T-muurolol 7, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 6, $\alpha$ -cadinene 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>kutahyensis</i>	germacrene D 28, T-muurolol 10, cubenol 9, bicyclogermacrene 7, caryophyllene oxide 7 spathulenol 7, $\alpha$ -cadinol 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>lesbiaca</i>	germacrene D 14, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 13, $\alpha$ -cadinol 7, $\alpha$ -bisabolol 7, spathulenol 6, verbenol 6, T-muurolol 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. cretica</i> subsp. <i>smyrnaea</i>	germacrene D 39, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 15, caryophyllene oxide 9, $\beta$ -bourbonene 6, $\alpha$ -cadinol 6 <i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -caryophyllene 51, germacrene-D 33	Goren et al., 2011 Ozturk M. et al., 2009
<i>S. gaziantepensis</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 53 , $\beta$ -pinene 8	Kaya et al., 2017a
<i>S. germanica</i> subsp. <i>heldreichii</i>	germacrene D 27, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 16, caryophyllene oxide 13	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. germanica</i> subsp. <i>bithynica</i>	germacrene D 23, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 15, $\alpha$ -copaene 8, caryophyllene oxide 7, <i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -farnesene 7, spathulenol 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. huber-morathii</i>	germacrene D 18, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 15, <i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -farnesene 10, globulol 7, caryophyllene oxide 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. huetii</i>	germacrene D 30, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 12, $\beta$ -bourbonene 9, <i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -farnesene 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. iberica</i> subsp. <i>stenostachya</i>	linanyl acetate 24, $\alpha$ -terpineol 20, germacrene D 16, geranyl acetate 6	Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. iberica</i> subsp. <i>iberica</i>	hexadecanoic acid 42, germacrene D 10, phytol 8	Göger et al., 2016
<i>S. lavandulifolia</i> var. <i>lavandulifolia</i>	$\alpha$ -bisabolol 56, bicyclogermacrene 5 $\beta$ -phellandrene 27, $\alpha$ -pinene 19, germacrene D 13	Barreto et al., 2016 Iscan et al., 2012
<i>S. longispicata</i>	germacrene D 20, $\beta$ -myrcene 15, $\alpha$ -pinene 13, $\alpha$ -copaene 7 germacrene D 27, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 10, spathulenol 6	Kilic et al., 2017 Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. macrantha</i>	carvacrol 29, <i>p</i> -cymene 19, $\alpha$ -pinene 11, thymoquinone 9, ( <i>E</i> )-caryophyllene 9	Renda et al., 2017
<i>S. mardinensis</i>	menthol acetate 15, isomenthone 15, pulegone 10, menthol 8, spathulenol 7, caryophyllene oxide 7	Kaya et al., 2017a
<i>S. obliqua</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 25, $\beta$ -bourbonene 11, spathulenol 13 germacrene D 45, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 17, limonene 8	Kilic et al., 2017 Goren et al., 2011

<i>S. petrocosmos</i>	<u>Sample I:</u> $\alpha$ -pinene 26, $\alpha$ -bisabolol 7 <u>Sample II:</u> $\alpha$ -pinene 28, $\gamma$ -curcumene 9	Ilcim et al., 2014
<i>S. pinetorum</i>	germacrene D 29, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 11, caryophyllene oxide 8, spathulenol 7, globulol 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. pumila</i>	<i>trans</i> -nerolidol 32-39, $\alpha$ -pinene 17-18, $\beta$ -pinene 9-10	Kaya, D. A., 2015
<i>S. ramossima</i> var. <i>ramossima</i>	$\alpha$ -terpineol 21, linalool 17, $\alpha$ -pinene 11	Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. sericantha</i>	germacrene D 32, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 23, $\alpha$ -cadinene 7 hexadecanoic acid 24, dodecanoic acid 11, caryophyllene oxide 11	Goren et al., 2011 Kaya et al., 2017
<i>S. spectabilis</i>	germacrene D 33, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 10, $\alpha$ -cadinene 9 $\beta$ -myrcene 16, caryophyllene oxide 15, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 14, germacrene D 13	Goren et al., 2011 Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. sylvatica</i>	limonene 37, $\alpha$ -ledrene 11, $\gamma$ -murolene 1, (2E)-hexenal 7 germacrene D 24, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 21, $\alpha$ -pinene 20	Renda et al., 2017 Kilic et al., 2017
<i>S. thirkei</i>	germacrene D 38, caryophyllene oxide 8, $\beta$ -pinene 7, <i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -farnesene 7	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. tmolea</i>	germacrene D 22, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 20, valeronone 9, spathulenol 6	Goren et al., 2011
<i>S. viticina</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 62, farnesyl acetate 9	Goren et al., 2011

***Teucrium* spp.**

The genus *Teucrium* is represented in the flora of Turkey by 36 species and altogether 49 taxa. Rate of endemism on species basis is 42, on taxon basis is 35 (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017). The following table shows the recent results.

Table 25. *Teucrium* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>T. alyssifolium</i>	<i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -caryophyllene 17, $\alpha$ -curcumene 11, bisabolene 11, $\alpha$ -humulene 8	Semiz et al., 2016
<i>T. chamaedrys</i> subsp. <i>chamaedrys</i>	germacrene D 16, $\alpha$ -pinene 16, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 12, $\beta$ -pinene 9	Kucuk et al. 2006
<i>T. chamaedrys</i> subsp. <i>lydium</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 20, $\alpha$ -pinene 13, germacrene D 9, $\beta$ -pinene 7, caryophyllene oxide 6	Kucuk et al., 2006
<i>T. chamaedrys</i> subsp. <i>trapezunticum</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 18, nonacosane 12, germacrene D 11, $\alpha$ -pinene 7, caryophyllene oxide 7	Kaya et al., 2009
<i>T. chamaedrys</i> subsp. <i>syssiprense</i>	caryophyllene oxide 22, $\alpha$ -pinene 11	Kaya et al., 2009
<i>T. lamiifolium</i> subsp. <i>lamiifolium</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 24-45, <i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -bergamotene 22-26, germacrene D 6-22, (Z)- $\beta$ -farnesene 3-14, caryophyllene oxide 3-8	Dogu et al., 2013
<i>T. lamiifolium</i> subsp. <i>stachyophyllum</i>	<i>trans</i> - $\beta$ -bergamotene 38-41, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 8-9, $\alpha$ -humulene 6, germacrene D 6-7	Dogu et al., 2013
<i>T. multicaule</i>	germacrene D 13, caryophyllene oxide 11, spathulenol 7	Polat et al., 2010
<i>T. orientale</i> var. <i>glabrescens</i>	nonanal 25, thuja-2,4(10)-diene 23, tetracosane 15, pentacosane 7, eicosane 7 $\beta$ -cubebene 27, hexadecanoic acid 13, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 7	Yildirimis et al., 2017 Ozek et al., 2012
<i>T. orientale</i> var. <i>orientale</i>	germacrene D 25, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 23, hexadecanoic acid 8, bicyclogermacrene 7, caryophyllene oxide 6	Ozek et al., 2012
<i>T. orientale</i> var. <i>puberulens</i>	germacrene D 33, hexadecanoic acid 13, $\beta$ -caryophyllene 9, bicyclogermacrene 9	Ozek et al., 2012
<i>T. orientale</i> var. <i>puberulens</i>	$\beta$ -caryophyllene 22, 2-methyl cumarone 20, germacrene D 11	Kucuk et al., 2006

***Thymbra* spp.**

In the flora of Turkey, *Thymbra* is represented by 2 species and altogether 4 taxa. Recent papers on the essential oil of two *Thymbra* taxa are as follows:

Table 26. *Thymbra* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>T. spicata</i> subsp. <i>spicata</i>	carvacrol 71, <i>p</i> -cymene 14, $\gamma$ -terpinene 7	Sertkaya et al., 2010
<i>T. spicata</i>	$\alpha$ -terpinene 27, carvacrol 27, <i>p</i> -cymene 14, thymol 1	Maral et al.
	carvacrol 83, cymene 8, $\gamma$ -terpinene 6	Gomez & Diler, 2014
	carvacrol 79, $\gamma$ -terpinene 10, <i>p</i> -cymene 6	Bayan et al., 2017

***Thymus* spp.**

*Thymus* is represented in Turkey by 42 species (47 taxa). Rate of endemism on species basis is 48% (Celep & Dirmenci, 2017) Several recent papers have appeared in recent years on the composition of *Thymus* species. Important note: Some papers on *T. vulgaris* and *T. serpyllum* have not been included in this review since the species mentioned there do not exist in the Flora of Turkey, and their botanical identity is in question.

Table 27. *Thymus* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>T. fallax</i>	thymol 41, <i>o</i> -cymene 27, $\gamma$ -terpinen 16	Yilar et al., 2013; Onaran et al., 2014
<i>T. pseudopulegioides</i> (Syn. <i>T. nummularius</i> )	thymol 58, $\gamma$ -terpinene 10, <i>p</i> -cymene 9	Bektas et al., 2016
<i>T. revolutus</i>	cymene 33, $\gamma$ -terpinene 17, carvacrol 12, thymol 10, borneol 8, $\alpha$ -pinene 6	Erdogan & Ozkan, 2013
<i>T. sypyleus</i>	$\alpha$ -pinene 21, farnesol 16, 1,8-cineole 9, limonene 8, linalool 6	Maral et al., 2017
<i>T. spathulifolius</i>	carvacrol 49, thymol 18, <i>p</i> -cymene 12, $\gamma$ -terpinene 7	Celen et al., 2012
<i>T. vulgaris</i>	carvacrol 36, <i>o</i> -cymene 8, linalool 6, carvacrol methyl ether 5	Sagdic et al., 2013

Pure Chemotype Patterns in the *Thymus* Taxa in Turkey:

1. Carvacrol and/or thymol, *p*-cymene,  $\gamma$ -terpinene (*oregano or thyme smell*)
2. Geraniol, geranyl acetate (*rose smell*)
3. Geranial, neral (*lemon smell*)
4. Linalool, linalyl acetate (*lavender smell*)
5.  $\alpha$ -terpineol,  $\alpha$ -terpinal acetate (*lavender smell*)
6. 1,8-cineole,  $\alpha$ -terpineol,  $\alpha$ -terpinal acetate, borneol, camphor,  $\alpha$ / $\beta$ -pinenes, limonene may come together (e.g., *Thymus cariensis*, *T. cilicicus*)
7.  $\beta$ -caryophyllene, germacrene D, caryophyllene oxide
8. Other sesquiterpenes

***Ziziphora* spp.**

*Ziziphora* is represented in Turkey by 5 species and altogether 10 taxa (Firat, 2017). Recent data on the essential oils of three species are listed below.

Table 28. *Ziziphora* essential oils

Species	Main Compounds %	References
<i>Z. clinopodioides</i>	pulegone 20, piperitone 14, limonene 11	Kilic & Bagci, 2013
<i>Z. persica</i>	pulegone 80, limonene 7, piperitone 4, $\beta$ -pinene 2	Ozturk & Ercisli, 2006 Kilic & Bagci, 2013
	pulegone 33, $\beta$ -pinene 6, piperitone 5	
<i>Z. tenuior</i>	pulegone 30, 1,8-cineole 10	Kilic & Bagci, 2013 Celik et al., 2016
	pulegone 74, piperitenone 4	

**ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

Part of this work was presented during the International Symposium: Advances in Lamiaceae Science, April 26-29, 2017, Antalya, Turkey

**REFERENCES**

- Adiguzel, A., Ozer, H., Kilic, H., & Cetin, B. (2007). Screening of antimicrobial activity of essential oil and methanol extract of *Satureja hortensis* on foodborne bacteria and fungi. *Czech Journal of Food Sciences*, 25(2), 81-89.
- Akin, M., Demirci, B., Bagci, Y., & Baser, K. H. C. (2010). Antibacterial activity and composition of the essential oils of two endemic *Salvia* sp from Turkey. *African Journal of Biotechnology*, 9(15), 2322-2327.
- Alan, S., Kurkcuglu, M., & Baser, K. H. C. (2010). Composition of the Essential Oils of *Calamintha sylvatica* Bromf. subsp. *sylvatica* and *Calamintha sylvatica* Bromf. subsp. *ascendens* (Jordan) PW Ball. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 22(4), 325-327.
- Alan, S., Kurkcuglu, M., & Baser, K. H. C. (2011). Composition of Essential Oils of *Calamintha nepeta* (L.) Savi subsp. *nepeta* and *Calamintha nepeta* (L.) Savi subsp. *glandulosa* (Req.) PW Ball. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 23(6), 2357-2360.
- Altundag, S., Aslim, B., & Ozturk, S. (2011). *In vitro* Antimicrobial Activities of Essential Oils from *Origanum minutiflorum* and *Sideritis eryrantha* subsp. *eryrantha* on Phytopathogenic Bacteria. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 23(1), 4-8.
- Arabaci, T., Uzay, G., Kelestemur, U., Karaaslan, M. G., Balcioglu, S., & Ates, B. (2017). Cytotoxicity, Radical Scavenging, Antioxidant Properties and Chemical Composition of the Essential Oil of *Satureja cilicica* P.H. Davis from Turkey. *Marmara Pharmaceutical Journal*, 21(3), 500-505.
- Arslan, M. (2012). Effects of Intra-Row Spacing on Herbage Yield, Essential Oil Content and Composition of *Micromeria fruticosa*. *Farmacia*, 60(6), 925-931.
- Atak, M., Mavi, K., & Uremis, I. (2016). Bio-Herbicidal Effects of Oregano and Rosemary Essential Oils on Germination and Seedling Growth of Bread Wheat Cultivars and Weeds. *Romanian Biotechnological Letters*, 21(1), 11149-11159.
- Ayvaz, A., Sagdic, O., Karaborklu, S., & Ozturk, I. (2010). Insecticidal activity of the essential oils from different plants against three stored-product insects. *Journal of Insect Science*, 10, 21.
- Bagci, Y., Kan, Y., Dogu, S., & Celik, S. A. (2017). The Essential Oil Compositions of *Rosmarinus officinalis* L. Cultivated in Konya and Collected from Mersin-Turkey. *Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Education and Research*, 51(3), S470-S478.
- Barreto, R. S., Quintans, J. S., Amarante, R. K., Nascimento, T. S., Amarante, R. S., Barreto, A. S., Pereira, E. W. M., Duarte, M. C., Coutinho, H. D. M., Menezes I. R. A., Zengin G., Aktumsek, A., Quintans-Junior, L. J. (2016). Evidence for the involvement of TNF-alpha and IL-1beta in the antinociceptive and anti-inflammatory activity of *Stachys lavandulifolia* Vahl. (Lamiaceae) essential oil and (-)-alpha-bisabolol, its main compound, in mice. *Journal of Ethnopharmacology*, 191, 9-18.
- Basalma, D., Gurbuz, B., Saruhan, E. O., Ipek, A., Arslan, N., Duran, A., & Kendir, H. (2007). Essential oil composition of *Salvia heldreichiana* Boiss. Ex Bentham described endemic species from Turkey. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 19(3), 2130-2134.

- Başer, K. H. C., Ağalar, H. G., Celep, F., Kahraman, A., Doğan, M., & Demirci, B. (2015). The Comparison Of Volatile Components of *Salvia ceratophylla* L. Collected from Different Regions in Turkey. *Turkish Journal Of Pharmaceutical Sciences*, 12(1), 53-58.
- Başer, K. H. C., Demirci, B., & Dadandi, M. Y. (2008). Comparative essential oil composition of the natural hybrid *Phlomis x vuralii* Dadandi (Lamiaceae) and its parents. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 20(1), 57-62.
- Başer, K. H. C., Kurkcuoglu, M., Demirci, B., Ozek, T., & Tarimcilar, G. (2012). Essential oils of *Mentha* species from Marmara region of Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 24(3), 265-272.
- Başer, K.H.C. & Kırımer, N. (2006). Essential Oils of Lamiaceae Plants of Turkey, *Acta Horticulture*, 723, 163-171.
- Başer, K.H.C. & Ozturk, N. (1992). Composition of the Essential Oil of *Dorystoechas hastata*, A Monotypic Endemic from Turkey, *Journal of Essential Oil Research*. 4(4) 369-374.
- Başer, K.H.C. (1993). Essential Oil of Anatolian Labiate: A profile, *Acta Horticulturae*, 333, 217-238.
- Bayan, Y., Genc, N., Kusek, M., Gul, F., & Imecik, Z. (2017). Determination of Chemical Compositions, Antifungal, Antibacterial and Antioxidant Activity of Thymbra Spicata L. From Turkey. *Fresenius Environmental Bulletin*, 26(12), 7595-7599.
- Bektas, E., Daferera, D., Sokmen, M., Serdar, G., Erturk, M., Polissiou, M. G., & Sokmen, A. (2016). In vitro antimicrobial, antioxidant, and antiviral activities of the essential oil and various extracts from *Thymus nummularis* M. Bieb. *Indian Journal of Traditional Knowledge*, 15(3), 403-410
- Bondi, M.L., Bruno, M., Piozzi, F., Başer, K.H.C. & Simmonds, M.S.J. (2000). Diversity and antifeedant activity of diterpenes from Turkish species of Sideritis. *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology*, 28, 299
- Bostancioglu, R. B., Kurkcuoglu, M., Baser, K. H. C., & Koparal, A. T. (2012). Assessment of anti-angiogenic and anti-tumoral potentials of *Origanum onites* L. essential oil. *Food and Chemical Toxicology*, 50(6), 2002-2008.
- Bozari, S., Cakmak, B., & Kurt, H. (2017). Genotoxic Effects of the Essential Oil Obtained from *Satureja hortensis* Against to *Hordeum vulgare* L. Seedlings. *Kahramanmaraş Sutcu Imam University Journal of Natural Sciences*, 20(3), 185-192.
- Bozok, F., Cenet, M., Sezer, G., & Ulukanli, Z. (2017). Essential Oil and Bioherbicidal Potential of the Aerial Parts of *Nepeta nuda* subsp *albiflora* (Lamiaceae). *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 20(1), 148-154.
- Ceker, S., Agar, G., Alpsoy, L., Nardemir, G., & Kizil, H. E. (2014). Antagonistic effects of *Satureja hortensis* essential oil against AFB, on human lymphocytes in vitro. *Cytology and Genetics*, 48(5), 327-332.
- Ceker, S., Agar, G., Alpsoy, L., Nardemir, G., & Kizil, H. E. (2013). Protective role of essential oils of *Calamintha nepeta* L. on oxidative and genotoxic damage caused by Aflatoxin B-1 in vitro. *Fresenius Environmental Bulletin*, 22(11), 3258-3263.
- Celen, S., Azaz, A. D., Kurkcuoglu, M., & Başer, K. H. C. (2012). Chemical Composition of Endemic *Thymus spathulifolius* Hausskn. and Velen. Essential Oil and its Antimicrobial and Antioxidant Activity from Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 15(4), 628-636.
- Celep, F. & Dirmenci, T. (2017). Systematic and Bio-geographic Overview of Lamiaceae in Turkey, *Natural Volatiles and Essential Oils*, 4(4), 14-27.
- Celik, A., Herken, E. N., Arslan, I., Ozel, M. Z., & Mercan, N. (2010). Screening of the constituents, antimicrobial and antioxidant activity of endemic *Origanum hypericifolium* O. Schwartz PH Davis. *Natural Product Research*, 24(16), 1568-1577.
- Celik, C., Tutar, U., Karaman, I., Hepokur, C., & Atas, M. (2016). Evaluation of the Antibiofilm and Antimicrobial Properties of *Ziziphora tenuior* L. Essential Oil Against Multidrug-resistant. *Acinetobacter baumannii*. *International Journal of Pharmacology*, 12(1), 28-35.

- Chalchat, J. C., & Ozcan, M. M. (2008). Comparative essential oil composition of flowers, leaves and stems of basil (*Ocimum basilicum* L.) used as herb. *Food Chemistry*, 110(2), 501-503.
- Cicek, M., Demirci, B., Yilmaz, G., & Baser, K. H. C. (2011). Essential oil composition of three species of *Scutellaria* from Turkey. *Natural Product Research*, 25(18), 1720-1726.
- Davis P.H. (1982). Thymbra L. In: Davis P.H. (ed.) *Flora of Turkey and the East Aegean Islands* Vol. 7: 382-384. Edinburgh: Edinburgh University Press.
- Demirci, B., Başer, K. H. C., & Dadandi, M. Y. (2006). Composition of the essential oils of *Phlomis rigida* Labill. and *Phlomis samia* L. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 18(3), 328-331.
- Demirci, B., Temel, H. E., Portakal, T., Kirmizibekmez, H., Demirci, F., & Başer, K. H. C. (2011). Inhibitory effect of *Calamintha nepeta* subsp *glandulosa* essential oil on lipoxygenase. *Turkish Journal of Biochemistry-Turk Biyokimya Dergisi*, 36(4), 290-295.
- Demirci, B., Toyota, M., Demirci, F., Dadandi, M. Y., & Başer, K. H. C. (2009). Anticandidal pimaradiene diterpene from *Phlomis* essential oils. *Comptes Rendus Chimie*, 12(5), 612-621.
- Demirci, F., Guven, K., Demirci, B., Dadandi, M. Y., & Başer, K. H. C. (2008). Antibacterial activity of two *Phlomis* essential oils against food pathogens. *Food Control*, 19(12), 1159-1164.
- Dogan, G., Demirpolat, A., & Bagci, E. (2014). Essential Oil Composition of Aerial Parts of Two *Salvia* L. (*S. russellii* Bentham and *S. bracteata* Banks & Sol.) Species. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 26(18), 5998-6000.
- Dogu, S., Dinc, M., Kaya, A., & Demirci, B. (2013). Taxonomic status of the subspecies of *Teucrium lamiifolium* in Turkey: reevaluation based on macro- and micro-morphology, anatomy and chemistry. *Nordic Journal of Botany*, 31(2), 198-207.
- Duman, H. & Dirmenci, T. (2017). A new species of *Micromeria* (Lamiaceae) from Köyceğiz (Muğla, south west of Turkey). *Turkish Journal of Botany*, 41, 383-391.
- Duman, H. (2003). Türkiye *Sideritis* L. Türlerinin Revizyonu, TUBITAK-TBAG-1853, 199T090.
- Eminagaoglu, O., Tepe, B., Yumrutas, O., Akpulat, H. A., Daferera, D., Polissiou, M., & Sokmen, A. (2007). The in vitro antioxidative properties of the essential oils and methanol extracts of *Satureja spicigera* (K. Koch.) Boiss. and *Satureja cuneifolia* ten. *Food Chemistry*, 100(1), 339-343.
- Erdogan, A., & Ozkan, A. (2013). Effects of *Thymus revolutus* Celak essential oil and its two major components on Hep G2 cells membrane. *Biologia*, 68(1), 105-111.
- Erdogan, A., & Ozkan, A. (2017). Investigation of Antioxidative, Cytotoxic, Membrane-Damaging and Membrane-Protective Effects of The Essential Oil of *Origanum majorana* and its Oxygenated Monoterpene Component Linalool in Human-Derived Hep G2 Cell Line. *Iranian Journal of Pharmaceutical Research*, 16, 24-34.
- Fakir, H., Yasar, S., & Erbas, S. (2010). Essential Oil Composition of *Stachys antalyensis* Y. Ayasligil and PH Davis Described Endemic Species from Turkey. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 22(1), 527-530.
- Firat, M. (2017). Report of five new subspecies of *Ziziphora clinopodioides* (Lamiaceae) for the flora of Turkey. *Biological Sciences and Pharmaceutical Research* 5(2) 5-11.
- Flamini, G., Luigi Cioni, P., Morelli, I., Celik, S., Suleyman Gokturk, R., & Unal, O. (2005). Essential oil of *Stachys aleurites* from Turkey. *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology*, 33(1), 61-66.
- Giachino, R. R. A., Sonmez, C., Tonk, F. A., Bayram, E., Yuce, S., Telci, I., & Furan, M. A. (2014). RAPD and essential oil characterization of Turkish basil (*Ocimum basilicum* L.). *Plant Systematics and Evolution*, 300(8), 1779-1791.
- Goren, A. C., Piozzi, F., Akcicek, E., Kılıç, T., Çarıkçı, S., Mozioğlu, E., & Setzer, W. N. (2011). Essential oil composition of twenty-two *Stachys* species (mountain tea) and their biological activities. *Phytochemistry Letters*, 4(4), 448-453.

- Gomez, A., Bozari, S., Yanmis, D., Gulluce, M., Agar, G., & Sahin, F. (2013). Antibacterial activity and chemical composition of essential oil obtained from *Nepeta nuda* against phytopathogenic bacteria. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 25(2), 149-153.
- Gomez, O., & Diler, O. (2014). *In vitro* Antifungal activity of essential oils from *Thymbra*, *Origanum*, *Satureja* species and some pure compounds on the fish pathogenic fungus, *Saprolegnia parasitica*. *Aquaculture Research*, 45(7), 1196-1201.
- Göger, F., Demirci, B., Özak, G., Duman, H., & Başer, K. H. C. (2016). Essential oil composition of *Stachys iberica* Bieb. subsp. *iberica* from Turkey. *Natural Volatiles & Essential Oils*, 3(1), 31-34.
- Göze, İ., Vural, N., & Ercan, N. (2016). Characterization of Essential Oil and Antioxidant Activities of Some Species of *Salvia* in Turkey. *Natural Volatiles & Essential Oils*, 3(4): 1-7
- Gudek, M., & Cetin, H. (2016). Fumigant toxicity of *Rosmarinus officinalis* L. (Lamiales: Lamiaceae) essential oil against immature stages of *Callosobruchus maculatus* (Fabricius, 1775) (Coleoptera: Chrysomelidae). *Turkiye Entomoloji Dergisi-Turkish Journal of Entomology*, 40(4), 455-466.
- Gunbatan, T., Demirci, B., Gurbuz, I., Demirci, F., & Ozkan, A. M. G. (2017). Comparison of Volatiles of *Sideritis caesarea* Specimens Collected from Different Localities in Turkey. *Natural Product Communications*, 12(10), 1639-1642.
- Gursoy, N., Tepe, B., & Akpulat, H. A. (2012). Chemical Composition and Antioxidant Activity of the Essential Oils of *Salvia palaestina* (Bentham) and *S. ceratophylla* (L.). *Records of Natural Products*, 6(3), 278-287.
- Hasimi, N., Kizil, S., & Tolan, V. (2015). Essential Oil Components, Microelement Contents and Antioxidant Effects of *Nepeta italicica* L. and *Achillea filipendulina* LAM. *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 18(3), 678-686.
- Haznedaroglu, M. Z., Yurdasiper, A., Koyu, H., Yalcin, G., Ozturk, I., & Gokce, E. H. (2013). Preparation and Evaluation of a Novel Organogel Formulation of *Salvia tomentosa* Mill. Essential Oil. *Latin American Journal of Pharmacy*, 32(6), 845-851.
- Herken, E. N., Celik, A., Aslan, M., & Aydinlik, N. (2012). The constituents of essential oil: antimicrobial and antioxidant activity of *Micromeria congesta* Boiss. & Hausskn. ex Boiss. from East Anatolia. *Journal of Medicinal Food*, 15(9), 835-839.
- Ilcim, A., Alma, M. H., & Karaogul, E. (2014). Investigation of Volatile Constituents in *Stachys amanica* PH Davis and *Stachys petrocosmos* Rech. fil. Collected in Different Regions of Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 17(1), 49-55.
- Ili, P., & Keskin, N. (2013). A histochemical study of ultraviolet B irradiation and *Origanum hypericifolium* oil applied to the skin of mice. *Biotechnic & Histochemistry*, 88(5), 272-279.
- Iscan, G., Demirci, B., Demirci, F., Goger, F., Kirimer, N., Kose, Y. B., & Başer, K. H. C. (2012). Antimicrobial and antioxidant activities of *Stachys lavandulifolia* subsp. *lavandulifolia* essential oil and its infusion. *Natural Product Communications*, 7(9), 1241-1244.
- Iscan, G., Kirimer, N., Kurkcuglu, M., & Başer, K. H. C. (2005). Composition and antimicrobial activity of the essential oils of two endemic species from Turkey: *Sideritis cilicica* and *Sideritis bilgerana*. *Chemistry of natural compounds*, 41(6), 679-682.
- Iscan, G., Kose, Y. B., Demirci, B., & Başer, K. H. C. (2011). Anticandidal Activity of the Essential Oil of *Nepeta transcaucasica* Grossh. *Chemistry & Biodiversity*, 8(11), 2144-2148.
- Kan, Y., Ucan, U. S., Kartal, M., Altun, M. L., Aslan, S., Sayar, E., & Ceyhan, T. (2006). GC-MS analysis and antibacterial activity of cultivated *Satureja cuneifolia* Ten. essential oil. *Turkish Journal of Chemistry*, 30(2), 253-259.
- Karabay-Yavasoglu, N. U., Baykan, S., Ozturk, B., Apaydin, S., & Tuglular, I. (2006). Evaluation of the antinociceptive and anti-inflammatory activities of *Satureja thymbra* L. essential oil. *Pharmaceutical Biology*, 44(8), 585-591.

- Karaborklu, S., Ayvaz, A., Yilmaz, S., & Akbulut, M. (2011). Chemical composition and fumigant toxicity of some essential oils against *Ephestia kuehniella*. *Journal of Economic Entomology*, 104(4), 1212-1219.
- Karaman, S., Kirecci, O. A., & Ilcim, A. (2008). Influence of polyamines (Spermine, Spermidine and Putrescine) on the essential oil composition of basil (*Ocimum basilicum L.*). *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 20(4), 288-292.
- Karik, Ü., Sağlam, A. C., & Kürkçüoğlu, M. (2013). Güney Marmara Florasındaki Adaçayı (*Salvia tomentosa Mill.*) Populasyonlarının Bazı Morfolojik ve Kalite Özellikleri. *Anadolu Ege Tarımsal Araştırma Enstitüsü Dergisi*, 23(2).
- Katar, D., Kacar, O., Kara, N., Aytac, Z., Goksu, E., Kara, S., Katar, N., Erbaş, S., Telci, İ., Elmastas, M. (2017). Ecological variation of yield and aroma components of summer savory (*Satureja hortensis L.*). *Journal of Applied Research on Medicinal and Aromatic Plants*, 7, 131-135.
- Kaya, A., Demirci, B., & Başer, K. H. C. (2007). Micromorphology of glandular trichomes of *Nepeta congesta* Fisch & Mey. var. *congesta* (Lamiaceae) and chemical analysis of the essential oils. *South African Journal of Botany*, 73(1), 29-34.
- Kaya, A., Demirci, B., & Başer, K. H. C. (2009). Compositions of Essential Oils and Trichomes of *Teucrium chamaedrys L.* subsp. *trapezunticum* Rech. fil. and subsp *syspirense* (C. Koch) Rech. fil. *Chemistry & Biodiversity*, 6(1), 96-104.
- Kaya, A., Demirci, B., Dogu, S., & Dinc, M. (2017a). Composition of the essential oil of *Stachys sericantha*, *S. gaziantepensis*, and *S. mardinensis* (Lamiaceae) from Turkey. *International Journal of Food Properties*, 20(11), 2639-2644.
- Kaya, A., Dinç, M., Doğu, S., & Demirci, B. (2017b). Compositions of essential oils of *Salvia adenophylla*, *Salvia pilifera*, and *Salvia viscosa* in Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 29(3), 233-239.
- Kaya, D. A., Guzel, Y., & Arslan, M. (2015). Chemical Composition of *Stachys pumila* Essential Oil. *Chemistry of Natural Compounds*, 51(2), 363-365.
- Kelen, M., Tepe, B., (2008). Chemical composition, antioxidant and antimicrobial properties of the essential oils of three *Salvia* species from Turkish flora. *Bioresource Technology*, 99(10), 4096-4104.
- Kilic, O. (2014). Essential Oil Composition of Two *Sideritis* L. Taxa from Turkey: A Chemotaxonomic Approach. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 26(8), 2466-2470.
- Kilic, O. (2016). Chemical Composition of Four *Salvia* L. Species From Turkey: A Chemotaxonomic Approach. *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 19(1), 229-235.
- Kilic, O., & Bagci, E. (2013). Essential Oils of Three *Ziziphora* L. Taxa from Turkey and Their Chemotaxonomy. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 25(13), 7263-7266.
- Kilic, O., Behcet, L., & Bagci, E. (2013). Essential Oil Compounds of Three *Nepeta* L. Taxa From Turkey and Their Chemotaxonomy. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 25(14), 8181-8183.
- Kilic, O., Hayta, S., & Bagci, E. (2011). Chemical Composition of Essential Oil of *Nepeta nuda* L. subsp. *nuda* (Lamiaceae) from Turkey. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 23(6), 2788-2790.
- Kilic, O., Ozdemir, F. A., & Yildirimli, S. (2017). Essential oils and fatty acids of *Stachys* L. taxa, a chemotaxonomic approach. *Progress in Nutrition*, 19, 49-59.
- Kirimer, N., Başer, K. H. C., & Kurkcuoglu, M. (2006). Composition of the essential oil of *Phlomis nissolia* L. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 18(6), 600-601.
- Kirimer, N., Kurkcuoglu, M., Akgul, G., Başer, K. H. C., & Abdel-Megeed, A. (2015). Composition of the Essential Oil of *Marrubium anisodon* C. Koch of Turkish Origin. *Records of Natural Products*, 9(2), 234-236.
- Kirimer, N., Mokhtarzadeh, S., Demirci, B., Goger, F., Khawar, K. M., & Demirci, F. (2017). Phytochemical profiling of volatile components of *Lavandula angustifolia* Miller propagated under in vitro conditions. *Industrial Crops and Products*, 96, 120-125.

- Kirmizibekmez, H., Demirci, B., Yesilada, E., Başer, K. H. C., & Demirci, F. (2009). Chemical Composition and Antimicrobial Activity of the Essential Oils of *Lavandula stoechas* L. ssp. *stoechas* Growing Wild in Turkey. *Natural Product Communications*, 4(7), 1001-1006.
- Kirmizibekmez, H., Karaca, N., Demirci, B., & Demirci, F. (2017). Characterization of *Sideritis trojana* Bornm. essential oil and its antimicrobial activity. *Marmara Pharmaceutical Journal*, 21(4), 860-865.
- Kivrak, I., Duru, M. E., Ozturk, M., Mercan, N., Harmandar, M., & Topcu, G. (2009). Antioxidant, anticholinesterase and antimicrobial constituents from the essential oil and ethanol extract of *Salvia potentillifolia*. *Food Chemistry*, 116(2), 470-479.
- Kizil, S., Hasimi, N., Tolan, V., Kilinc, E., & Karatas, H. (2010a). Chemical Composition, Antimicrobial and Antioxidant Activities of Hyssop (*Hyssopus officinalis* L.) Essential Oil. *Notulae Botanicae Horti Agrobotanici Cluj-Napoca*, 38(3), 99-103.
- Kizil, S., Hasimi, N., Tolan, V., Kilinc, E., & Yuksel, U. (2010b). Mineral Content, Essential Oil Components And Biological Activity Of Two *Mentha* Species (*M. piperita* L., *M. spicata* L.). *Turkish Journal of Field Crops*, 15(2), 148-153.
- Koc, S., Oz, E., Cinbilgel, I., Aydin, L., & Cetin, H. (2013). Acaricidal activity of *Origanum bilgeri* PH Davis (Lamiaceae) essential oil and its major component, carvacrol against adults *Rhipicephalus turanicus* (Acari: Ixodidae). *Veterinary Parasitology*, 193(1-3), 316-319.
- Koca, S. B., & Cevikbas, M. (2015). Antifungal effect of *Origanum onites* essential oil as an alternative to formalin in the artificial incubation of narrow-clawed crayfish (*Astacus leptodactylus* Eschscholtz, 1823). *Aquaculture Research*, 46(9), 2204-2210.
- Kocak, A., & Bagci, E. (2011). Chemical Composition of Essential Oil of Local Endemic *Salvia kronenburgii* Rech. fil. to Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 14(3), 360-365.
- Kordali, S., Cakir, A., Ozer, H., Cakmakci, R., Kesdek, M., & Mete, E. (2008). Antifungal, phytotoxic and insecticidal properties of essential oil isolated from Turkish *Origanum acutidens* and its three components, carvacrol, thymol and *p*-cymene. *Bioresource Technology*, 99(18), 8788-8795.
- Kose, E. O., Ongut, G., & Yanikoglu, A. (2013). Chemical Composition and Antimicrobial Activity of Essential Oil of Endemic *Origanum bilgeri* P. H. Davis for Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 16(2), 233-242.
- Kotan, R., Kordali, S., Cakir, A., Kesdek, M., Kaya, Y., & Kilic, H. (2008). Antimicrobial and insecticidal activities of essential oil isolated from Turkish *Salvia hydrangea* DC. ex Benth. *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology*, 36(5-6), 360-368.
- Kucuk, M., Gulec, C., Yasar, A., Ucuncu, O., Yayli, N., Coskuncelebi, K., Terzioglu, S., Yayli, N. (2006). Chemical composition and antimicrobial activities of the essential oils of *Teucrium chamaedrys* subsp. *chamaedrys*, *T. orientale* var. *puberulens*, and *T. chamaedrys* subsp. *lydium*. *Pharmaceutical Biology*, 44(8), 592-599.
- Kunduhoglu, B., Kurkcuglu, M., Duru, M. E., & Başer, K. H. C. (2011). Antimicrobial and anticholinesterase activities of the essential oils isolated from *Salvia dicroantha* Stapf., *Salvia verticillata* L. subsp *amasiaca* (Freyn and Bornm.) Bornm. and *Salvia wiedemannii* Boiss. *Journal of Medicinal Plants Research*, 5(29), 6484-6490.
- Kurkcuglu, M., Başer, K. H. C., Tosun, A., Dogan, E., & Duman, H. (2007). Essential oil composition of an endemic species of Turkey: *Marrubium bourgaei* Boiss. ssp. *bourgaei* (Labiatae). *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 19(1), 34-36.
- Küçükbay, F. Z., Kuyumcu, E., Yildiz, B. (2013). Essential Oil Composition from the Aerial Parts of *Ajuga orientalis* L. Growing in Turkey. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 25(16) 9126-9128.
- Kürküşoğlu, M., Eser, Ş. A., & Başer, K. H. C. (2016). Composition of the essential oil of the *Hyssopus officinalis* L. subsp. *angustifolius* (Bieb.) Arcangeli. *Natural Volatiles & Essential Oils*, 3(2).
- Lukas, B., Samuel, R., mader, E., Başer, K. H. C. , Duman, H., Novak, J. (2013). Complex evolutionary relationships in *Origanum* section *Majorana* (Lamiaceae). *Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society*, 171, 667-686.

- Maral, H., Türk, M., Çalışkan, T., & Kirıcı, S. (2017) Chemical composition and antioxidant activity of essential oils of six Lamiaceae plants growing in Southern Turkey. *Natural Volatiles & Essential Oils*, 4(4), 62-68
- Mokhtarzadeh, S., Demirci, B., Goger, G., Khawar, K. M., & Kirimer, N. (2017). Characterization of volatile components in *Melissa officinalis* L. under *in vitro* conditions. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 29(4), 299-303.
- Mutlu, S., Atıcı, O., & Esim, N. (2010). Bioherbicidal effects of essential oils of *Nepeta meyeri* Benth. on weed spp. *Allelopathy Journal*, 26(2), 291-299.
- Ogutcu, H., Sokmen, A., Sokmen, M., Polissiou, M., Serkedjieva, J., Daferera, D., Sahin, F., Baris, O., Gulluce, M. (2008). Bioactivities of the various extracts and essential oils of *Salvia limbata* CAMey. and *Salvia sclarea* L. *Turkish Journal of Biology*, 32(3), 181-192.
- Oke, F., Aslim, B., Ozturk, S., & Altundag, S. (2009). Essential oil composition, antimicrobial and antioxidant activities of *Satureja cuneifolia* Ten. *Food Chemistry*, 112(4), 874-879.
- Oke-Altuntas, F., Demirtas, I., Tufekci, A. R., Koldas, S., Gul, F., Behcet, L., & Gecibesler, H. I. (2016). Inhibitory Effects of the Active Components Isolated from *Satureja boissieri* Hausskn. Ex Boiss. On Human Cervical Cancer Cell Line. *Journal of Food Biochemistry*, 40(4), 499-506.
- Okut, N., Yagmur, M., Selcuk, N., & Yildirim, B. (2017). Chemical Composition of Essential Oil of *Mentha longifolia* L. subsp. *longifolia* Growing Wild. *Pakistan Journal of Botany*, 49(2), 525-529.
- Onar, H. C., Hasdemir, B., & Yusufoglu, A. (2010). Chemical Composition and Repellent Activity of the Essential Oil of *Ocimum minimum* L. on *Drosophila* species. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 22(2), 1131-1135.
- Onaran, A., Yilar, M., Belguzar, S., Bayan, Y., & Aksit, H. (2014). Antifungal and Bioherbicidal Properties of Essential Oils of *Thymus fallax* Fish & Mey., *Origanum vulgare* L. and *Mentha dumetorum* Schult. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 26(16), 5159-5164.
- Orhan, I. E., Ozcelik, B., Kan, Y., & Kartal, M. (2011). Inhibitory Effects of Various Essential Oils and Individual Components against Extended-Spectrum Beta-Lactamase (ESBL) Produced by *Klebsiella pneumoniae* and Their Chemical Compositions. *Journal of Food Science*, 76(8), M538-M546
- Oz, E., Cetin, H., & Yanikoglu, A. (2012). Chemical Composition and Fumigant Activity of Essential Oils of Three Lamiaceae Species Against German Cockroach (*Blattella germanica* L.). *Fresenius Environmental Bulletin*, 21(6a), 1571-1577.
- Ozcan, M. M., & Chalchat, J. C. (2009). Chemical Composition and Antimicrobial Properties of the Essential Oil of *Origanum saccatum* L. *Journal of Food Safety*, 29(4), 617-628.
- Ozcan, M. M., Chalchat, J. C., Bagci, Y., Dural, H., Figueredo, G., & Savran, A. (2011). Chemical Composition of Essential Oils of *Phlomis grandiflora* Hs Thompson var. *grandiflora* Flowers and Leaves of Turkish Origin. *Journal of Food Biochemistry*, 35(1), 125-132.
- Ozdemir, F. A., Kilic, O., & Yildirimli, S. (2017). Essential Oil Composition and Antimicrobial Activity of Endemic *Phlomis sieheana* Rech. From Bingol (Turkey). *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 20(2), 516-523.
- Ozek, G., Demirci, F., Ozek, T., Tabanca, N., Wedge, D. E., Khan, S. I., Baser, K. H. C., Duran, A., Hamzaoglu, E. (2010). Gas chromatographic-mass spectrometric analysis of volatiles obtained by four different techniques from *Salvia rosifolia* Sm., and evaluation for biological activity. *Journal of Chromatography A*, 1217(5), 741-748.
- Ozek, G., Ozek, T., Dinc, M., Dogu, S., & Başer, K. H. C. (2012). Chemical Diversity of Volatiles of *Teucrium orientale* L. var. *orientale*, var. *puberulens*, and var. *glabrescens* Determined by Simultaneous GC-FID and GC/MS Techniques. *Chemistry & Biodiversity*, 9(6), 1144-1154.
- Ozkan, G., Baydar, H., & Erbas, S. (2010a). The influence of harvest time on essential oil composition, phenolic constituents and antioxidant properties of Turkish oregano (*Origanum onites* L.). *Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture*, 90(2), 205-209.

- Ozkan, G., Sagdic, O., Gokturk, R. S., Unal, O., & Albayrak, S. (2010b). Study on chemical composition and biological activities of essential oil and extract from *Salvia pisisidica*. *LWT - Food Science and Technology*, 43(1), 186-190.
- Ozkan, G., Simsek, B., & Kuleasan, H. (2007). Antioxidant activities of *Satureja cilicica* essential oil in butter and in vitro. *Journal of Food Engineering*, 79(4), 1391-1396.
- Ozkum, D., Kurkcuoglu, M., Başer, K. H. C., & Tipirdamaz, R. (2010). Essential Oils From Wild and Micropropagated Plants of *Origanum minutiflorum* O. Schwarz et Davis. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 22(2), 135-137.
- Ozturk, M. (2012). Anticholinesterase and antioxidant activities of Savoury (*Satureja thymbra* L.) with identified major terpenes of the essential oil. *Food Chemistry*, 134(1), 48-54.
- Ozturk, M., Duru, M. E., Aydogmus-Ozturk, F., Harmandar, M., Mahlicli, M., Kolak, U., & Ulubelen, A. (2009). GC-MS Analysis and Antimicrobial Activity of Essential Oil of *Stachys cretica* subsp. *smyrnaea*. *Natural Product Communications*, 4(1), 109-114.
- Ozturk, S., & Ercisli, S. (2006). The chemical composition of essential oil and in vitro antibacterial activities of essential oil and methanol extract of *Ziziphora persica* Bunge. *Journal of Ethnopharmacology*, 106(3), 372-376.
- Polat, T., Ozer, H., Ozturk, E., Cakir, A., Kandemir, A., & Demir, Y. (2010). Chemical Composition of the Essential Oil of *Teucrium multicaule* Montbret Et Aucher Ex Bentham from Turkey. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 22(5), 443-445.
- Renda, G., Bektas, N. Y., Korkmaz, B., Celik, G., Sevgi, S., & Yayli, N. (2017). Volatile Constituents of Three *Stachys* L. Species from Turkey. *Marmara Pharmaceutical Journal*, 21(2), 278-285.
- Sagdic, O., Ozturk, I., & Tornuk, F. (2013). Inactivation of non-toxigenic and toxigenic *Escherichia coli* O157:H7 inoculated on minimally processed tomatoes and cucumbers: Utilization of hydrosols of Lamiaceae spices as natural food sanitizers. *Food Control*, 30(1), 7-14.
- Sagir, Z. O., Carikci, S., Kilic, T., & Goren, A. C. (2017). Metabolic profile and biological activity of *Sideritis brevibracteata* P. H. Davis endemic to Turkey. *International Journal of Food Properties*, 20(12), 2994-3005.
- Salman, S. Y., Saritas, S., Kara, N., Aydinli, F., & Ay, R. (2015). Contact, Repellency and Ovicidal Effects of Four Lamiaceae Plant Essential Oils against *Tetranychus urticae* Koch (Acari: Tetranychidae). *Journal of Essential Oil Bearing Plants*, 18(4), 857-872.
- Sarer, E., Toprak, S. Y., Otlu, B., & Durmaz, R. (2011). Composition and Antimicrobial Activity of the Essential Oil from *Mentha spicata* L. subsp. *spicata*. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 23(1), 105-108.
- Sarikaya, A. G. (2017). Volatile component composition of *Ballota nigra* subsp. *anatolica* at different vegetation periods in Çamlıca Province of Kütahya City, Turkey. *Applied Ecology and Environmental Research*, 15(4), 1929-1933.
- Sarikaya, A. G., & Fakir, H. (2016). The Effect of Reaping Times on Volatile Components of Natural *Phlomis* L. (Lamiaceae) Taxa in the Lakes District of Turkey. *Applied Ecology and Environmental Research*, 14(3), 753-772.
- Sarikurku, C., Tepe, B., Daferera, D., Polissiou, M., & Harmandar, M. (2008). Studies on the antioxidant activity of the essential oil and methanol extract of *Marrubium globosum* subsp. *globosum* (Lamiaceae) by three different chemical assays. *Bioresource Technology*, 99(10), 4239-4246.
- Semiz, G., Celik, G., Gonen, E., & Semiz, A. (2016). Essential oil composition, antioxidant activity and phenolic content of endemic *Teucrium alyssifolium* Staph. (Lamiaceae). *Natural Product Research*, 30(19), 2225-2229.
- Senol, F. S., Orhan, I. E., Erdem, S. A., Kartal, M., Sener, B., Kan, Y., Celep, F., Kahraman, A., Dogan, M. (2011). Evaluation of Cholinesterase Inhibitory and Antioxidant Activities of Wild and Cultivated Samples of Sage (*Salvia fruticosa*) by Activity-Guided Fractionation. *Journal of Medicinal Food*, 14(11), 1476-1483.
- Sertkaya, E., Kaya, K., & Soylu, S. (2010). Acaricidal activities of the essential oils from several medicinal plants against the carmine spider mite (*Tetranychus cinnabarinus* Boisd.) (Acarina: Tetranychidae). *Industrial Crops and Products*, 31(1), 107-112.

- Somer, N. U., Sarikaya, B. B., Erac, B., Kaynar, E., Kaya, G. I., Onur, M. A., Demirci, B., Başer, K. H. C. (2015). Chemical Composition and Antimicrobial Activity of Essential Oils from the Aerial Parts of *Salvia pinnata* L. *Records of Natural Products*, 9(4), 614-618.
- Tabanca, N., Demirci, B., Başer, K. H. C., Aytac, Z., Ekici, M., Khan, S. I., Jacob, M. R., Wedge, D. E. (2006). Chemical composition and antifungal activity of *Salvia macrochlamys* and *Salvia recognita* essential oils. *Journal of Agricultural Food Chemistry*, 54(18), 6593-6597.
- Tan, N., Satana, D., Sen, B., Tan, E., Altan, H. B., Demirci, B., & Uzun, M. (2016). Antimycobacterial and Antifungal Activities of Selected Four *Salvia* Species. *Records of Natural Products*, 10(5), 593-603.
- Tan, N., Yazici-Tutunis, S., Yesil, Y., Demirci, B., & Tan, E. (2017). Antibacterial Activities and Composition of the Essential Oils of *Salvia sericeo-tomentosa* Varieties. *Records of Natural Products*, 11(5), 456-461.
- Telci, İ., Bayram, E., Yılmaz, G., & Avcı, B. (2006). Variability in essential oil composition of Turkish basilis (*Ocimum basilicum* L.). *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology*, 34(6), 489-497.
- Temel, H. E., Demirci, B., Demirci, F., Celep, F., Kahraman, A., Dogan, M., & Başer, K. H. C. (2016). Chemical characterization and anticholinesterase effects of essential oils derived from *Salvia* species. *Journal of Essential Oil Research*, 28(4), 322-331.
- Temel, M., Başer, K.H.C., Tınmaz, A. B. (2018). Production and Foreign Trade of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants of Turkey, 4th International Symposium on Medicinal and Aromatic Plants, 2-4 October 2018, Çeşme, Izmir, Turkey
- Tonk, F. A., Yüce, S., Bayram, E., Giachino, R. R. A., Sönmez, Ç., Telci, İ., & Furan, M. A. (2010). Chemical and genetic variability of selected Turkish oregano (*Origanum onites* L.) clones. *Plant systematics and evolution*, 288(3-4), 157-165.
- Topcu, G., Ozturk, M., Kusman, T., Barla Demirkoz, A. A., Kolak, U., & Ulubelen, A. (2013). Terpenoids, essential oil composition and fatty acids profile, and biological activities of Anatolian *Salvia fruticosa* Mill. *Turkish Journal of Chemistry*, 37(4), 619-632.
- Topçu, G., Gören, A.C., Yıldız, Y.K. & Tümen, G. (1999). Ent-Kaurene diterpenes from *Sideritis athoa*. *Natural Products Letters*. 14, 123-129
- Tozlu, E., Cakir, A., Kodali, S., Tozlu, G., Ozer, H., Aytas Akcin, T. (2011). Chemical compositions and insecticidal effects of essential oils isolated from *Achillea gypsicola*, *Satureja hortensis*, *Origanum acutidens* and *Hypericum scabrum* against broadbean weevil (*Bruchus dentipes*). *Scientia Horticulturae*, 130, 9-17.
- TUIK (2016). Crop production Statistics, Turkish Statistical Institute. <http://biruni.tuik.gov.tr/bitkiselapp/bitkisel.zul>  
Accessed 6 April 2019.
- Ulukanli, Z., Karaborklu, S., Cenet, M., Sagdic, O., Ozturk, I., & Balcilar, M. (2013). Essential oil composition, insecticidal and antibacterial activities of *Salvia tomentosa* Miller. *Medicinal Chemistry Research*, 22(2), 832-840.
- Uysal, B., Sozmen, F., Kose, E. O., Deniz, I. G., & Oksal, B. S. (2010). Solvent-free microwave extraction and hydrodistillation of essential oils from endemic *Origanum husnucanbaseri* H. Duman, Aytac A. Duran: comparison of antibacterial activity and contents. *Natural Product Research*, 24(17), 1654-1663.
- Yasar, S., Fakir, H., Erbas, S., & Karakus, B. (2011). Volatile Constituents of *Calamintha nepeta* (L.) Savi subsp. *glandulosa* (Req.) PW Ball. and *Calamintha nepeta* (L.) Savi subsp. *nepeta* from Mediterranean Region in Turkey. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 23(8), 3765-3766.
- Yayli, B., Tosun, G., Karakse, M., Renda, G., & Yayli, N. (2014). SPME/GC-MS Analysis of Volatile Organic Compounds from three Lamiaceae Species (*Nepeta conferta* Hedge & Lamond, *Origanum onites* L. and *Satureja cuneifolia* Ten.) Growing in Turkey. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 26(9), 2541-2544.

Yesil Celiktas, O., Hames Kocabas, E. E., Bedir, E., Vardar Sukan, F., Ozek, T., & Baser, K.H.C. (2007) Antimicrobial activities of methanol extracts and essential oils of *Rosmarinus officinalis*, depending on location and seasonal variations. *Food Chemistry* 100, 553–559.

Yilar, M., Bayan, Y., Aksit, H., Onaran, A., Kadioglu, I., & Yanar, Y. (2013). Bioherbicidal Effects of Essential Oils Isolated from *Thymus fallax* F., *Mentha dumetorum* Schult. and *Origanum vulgare* L. *Asian Journal of Chemistry*, 25(9), 4807-4811.

Yildirmis, S., Aliyazicioglu, R., Eyupoglu, O. E., Ozgen, U., & Karaoglu, S. A. (2017). Biological Activity and Characterization of Volatile Compounds of *Teucrium orientale* var. *glabrescens* by Spme and Gc-Fid/Ms. *Journal of Food Biochemistry*, 41(1).

Yilmaz, H., Carikci, S., Kilic, T., Dirmenci, T., Arabaci, T., & Goren, A. C. (2017). Screening of Chemical Composition, Antioxidant and Anticholinesterase Activity of Section Brevifilamentum of *Origanum* (L.) Species. *Records of Natural Products*, 11(5), 439-455.