

## A SURVEY ON LICE INFESTATIONS OF PIGEONS IN İSTANBUL, TURKEY

Aynur GÜLANBER\*

Erkut TÜZER\*

Handan ÇETİNKAYA\*

### İstanbul'da güvercinlerde bit enfestasyonları

**Özet:** Eylül 2000 ve Şubat 2001 arasında İstanbul'da 4 semtte 5 farklı kümeste/çatıda bakılan 118 erişkin evcil güvercinden (*Columba livia*) %89.8'i bitlerle enfeste bulundu. Çalışmada *Columbicola columbae* ve *Menopon gallinae* türleri belirlendi. *Columbicola columbae*'den ileri gelen enfestasyon oranı %89.8 ve *M. gallinae*'den ileri gelen %3.39 idi. Toplam 664 adet bit toplandı. Bu bitlerin %74.2'si *C. columbae* ve %25.8'i *M. gallinae* idi.

**Anahtar Kelimeler:** Güvercin, *Columba livia*, Bit, *Columbicola columbae*, *Menopon gallinae*, Yaygınlık, İstanbul, Türkiye

**Summary:** Out of 118 adult domestic pigeons (*Columba livia*) reared in 5 different pigeon houses/roofs in 4 districts of İstanbul between September 2000 and February 2001, 89.8% were found to be infested with lice. The lice species identified and their infestation rates were as follows: *Columbicola columbae* (89.8%), *Menopon gallinae* (3.39%). A total of 664 lice were collected, of which 74.2% were *Columbicola columbae* and 25.8% *Menopon gallinae*.

**Key Words:** Pigeon, *Columba livia*, Lice, *Columbicola columbae*, *Menopon gallinae*, Prevalence, İstanbul, Turkey

### Introduction

Some literature (1, 5, 6, 8, 9) on lice infestations of pigeons in Turkey is available. Three of them (1, 5, 9) are original articles and the others (6, 8) are books recording the notes on some lice occurring on pigeons in Turkey. The literature on this subject in Turkey (1, 5, 6, 8, 9) and the synonyms of some species (4) is summarized in Table 1.

There is only one study (5) on lice infestation of pigeons in İstanbul, which was performed in 1963.

---

\* University of İstanbul, Veterinary Faculty, Department of Parasitology, Avcılar, İstanbul 34851, Turkey

**Table 1.** Summary of information on lice infestations of pigeons in Turkey

Ref. and its year	City	No of Lice			Lice species found	No of infested with each species	Infest. rate (%) of each spec.	No of lice belonging to each spec.	% spec.
		No of pigeons examin.	No of pigeons infested with lice	Lice rate (%)					
(1) 1999	Ankara	200	+	?	3492	1-Col. colum. 2-Gon. biden.*	100 60	50 30	2689 803
(9) 1973	Ankara	270	58	21.5	841	1-Col. colum. 2-Gon. biden.* 3-Gon. holog.	54 30 1	20 11.1 0.37	591 249 1
(9) 1973	Izmir	30	16	53.3	165	1-Col. colum. 2-Gon. biden.*	8 12	26.7 40	115 50
(5) 1963	Istanbul	82	5	6.1		1-Col. colum. 2-Gon. biden.*	4 1	4.88 1.22	+
(6) 1970	Istanbul		+	?	+	Men. gallinae	+	?	+
(8) 1961	?		+	?	+	Men. latum**	+	?	+

Abbr. Col.colum.=*Columbicola columbae*, Gon.biden.=*Goniocotes bidendatus*, Gon.holog.=*Goniocotes hologaster*, Men.=Menopen(+) No of pigeons or no of lice not given, (\*) Syn. *Campanulotes bidentatus compar* (4), (\*\*) Syn. *Hohorstiella lata* (4)**Table 2.** Number of pigeons examined, number of pigeons infested and the infestation rates

District of pigeon houses or roofs	Month	No of pigeons examin.	No of pigeons infested with lice		No of pigeons infested with		No of pigeons infested with	
			%	Col.columbae	%	Men.gallinae	%	
Bayrampaşa-1	09 / 2000	16	12	75	12	75	0	0
Bayrampaşa-2	09 / 2000	24	23	95.8	23	95.8	0	0
Yenibosna	11 / 2000	20	15*	75	15*	75	2*	10
Güneşli	11 / 2000	32	30**	93.8	30**	93.8	1**	3.12
Beylikdüzü	02 / 2001	26	26**	100	26**	100	1**	3.85
Total		118	106***	89.8	106***	89.8	4***	3.39

(\*) 2, (\*\*) 1, (\*\*\* 4 animals infested with both species

Table 3. Number of pigeons examined, number of pigeons infested and the infestation rates

District of pigeon houses or roofs (Month)	Lice species found	No of infested animals	Min- Max no	Total no of lice	%	Intensity of infestation*	No of male lice	No of female lice	Sex ratio (Male : Female)	No of nymph
Bayrampaşa-1 (09 / 2000)	Col.columbae	12	1-6	37	100	3.08	13	24	1:1.85	0
	Men.gallinae	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
	Men.and/or Col.	12	1-6	37	-	3.08	13	24	-	0
Bayrampaşa-2 (09 / 2000)	Col.columbae	23	1-13	104	100	4.52	53	51	1:0.96	0
	Men.gallinae	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
	Men.and/or Col.	23	1-13	104	-	4.52	53	51	-	0
Yenibosna (11 / 2000)	Col.columbae	15	1-7	49	45.4	3.27	23	26	1:1.13	0
	Men.gallinae	2	1-58	59	54.6	29.5	24	30	1:1.25	5
	Men.and/or Col.	15	1-59	108	-	7.2	47	56	-	5
Güneşli (11 / 2000)	Col.columbae	30	1-10	108	99.1	3.6	70	38	1:0.54	0
	Men.gallinae	1	1	1	0.91	1	1	0	-	0
	Men.and/or Col.	30	1-10	109	-	3.63	71	38	-	0
Beylikdüzü (02 / 2001)	Col.columbae	26	1-38	195	63.7	7.5	97	98	1:1.01	0
	Men.gallinae	1	111	111	36.3	11.8	55	37	1:0.67	19
	Men.and/or Col.	26	1-135	306	-	11.8	152	135	-	19
Total	Col.columbae	106	1-38	493	74.2	4.65	256	237	1:0.93	0
	Men.gallinae	4	1-111	171	25.8	42.8	80	67	1:0.84	24
	Men.and/or Col.	106	1-111	664	-	6.26	336	304	-	24

(\*) Intensity of infestation = No of lice / No of infested animals, Abbr. Men.=Menopon gallinae, Col.=Columbicola columbae

## M a t e r i a l   v e   M e t h o d s

In this study, 118 adult domestic pigeons (*Columba livia*) reared in 5 different pigeon houses or roofs in 4 districts of İstanbul were examined for lice between September 2000 and February 2001 (Table 2). Whole bodies of pigeons were inspected and lice on them were taken into 70% alcohol. The identification was done according to the information in the literature (2, 3, 4, 7, 9).

## R e s u l t s

Two lice species, *Columbicola columbae* (Linnaeus 1758) and *Menopon gallinae* (Linnaeus 1758), were found in this study. *Menopon gallinae* was observed on and/or in the shaft of feathers. The results are given in Table 2 and 3.

Table 3. Number of pigeons examined, number of pigeons infested and the infestation rates

District of pigeon houses or roofs (Month)	Lice species found	No of infested animals	Min- no of lice	Total no of lice	Intensity of infestation*	No of male lice	No of female lice	No of Sex ratio (Male : Female)	No of nymph
Bayrampaşa-1 (09 / 2000)	Col.columbae	12	1-6	37	100	3.08	13	24	1:1.85
	Men.gallinae	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
	Men.and/or Col.	12	1-6	37	-	3.08	13	24	-
Bayrampaşa-2 (09 / 2000)	Col.columbae	23	1-13	104	100	4.52	53	51	1:0.96
	Men.gallinae	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-
	Men.and/or Col.	23	1-13	104	-	4.52	53	51	-
Yenibosna (11 / 2000)	Col.columbae	15	1-7	49	45.4	3.27	23	26	1:1.13
	Men.gallinae	2	1-58	59	54.6	29.5	24	30	1:1.25
	Men.and/or Col.	15	1-59	108	-	7.2	47	56	-
Güneşli (11 / 2000)	Col.columbae	30	1-10	108	99.1	3.6	70	38	1:0.54
	Men.gallinae	1	1	1	0.91	1	1	0	-
	Men.and/or Col.	30	1-10	109	-	3.63	71	38	-
Beylikdüzü (02 / 2001)	Col.columbae	26	1-38	195	63.7	7.5	97	98	1:1.01
	Men.gallinae	1	111	111	36.3	111	55	37	1:0.67
	Men.and/or Col.	26	1-135	306	-	11.8	152	135	-
Total	Col.columbae	106	1-38	493	74.2	4.65	256	237	1:0.93
	Men.gallinae	4	1-111	171	25.8	42.8	80	67	1:0.84
	Men.and/or Col.	106	1-111	664	-	6.26	336	304	-

(\* ) Intensity of infestation = No of lice / No of infested animals, Abrr. Men.=Menopon gallinae, Col.=Columbicola columbae

## Material ve Methods

In this study, 118 adult domestic pigeons (*Columba livia*) reared in 5 different pigeon houses or roofs in 4 districts of İstanbul were examined for lice between September 2000 and February 2001 (Table 2). Whole bodies of pigeons were inspected and lice on them were taken into 70% alcohol. The identification was done according to the information in the literature (2, 3, 4, 7, 9).

## Results

Two lice species, *Columbicola columbae* (Linnaeus 1758) and *Menopon gallinae* (Linnaeus 1758), were found in this study. *Menopon gallinae* was observed on and/or in the shaft of feathers. The results are given in Table 2 and 3.

## D i s c u s s i o n

In the previous studies in Turkey, lice infestation rate in pigeons was reported to be 53.3% in İzmir (9), 21.5% Ankara (9), 6.1% İstanbul (5). The lice species identified and their infestation rates were recorded to be *Columbicola columbae* (26.7%), *Goniocotes bidendatus* (Syn. *Campanulotes bidentatus compar*) (40%) in İzmir (9), *C. columbae* (20%), *G. bidendatus* (11.1%), *Goniocotes hologaster* (0.37%) in Ankara (9), *C. columbae* (50%), *G. bidendatus* (30%) in Ankara (1), *C. columbae* (4.88%), *G. bidendatus* (1.22%) in İstanbul (5), *Menopon gallinae* (Infestation rate not given) in İstanbul (6) and *Menopon latum* (Syn. *Hohorstiella lata*) (Infestation rate not given) in Turkey (8).

In this study, lice infestation rate was found to be 89.8%. Two lice species, *Columbicola columbae* and *Menopon gallinae*, were identified. Their infestation rates were 89.8% and 3.39% respectively. The infestation rate of *C. columbae* was much higher than the rates stated in previous studies (1, 5, 9) in Turkey.

## K a y n a k l a r

1. **Gıcık, Y. (1999):** Ankara ve çevresinde yaban güvercinlerinde ektoparazitler. Kafkas Üniv. Vet. Fak. Derg., 5 (1): 71-74.
2. **Kettle, D.S. (1995):** Medical and Veterinary Entomology (2nd ed.). CAB Intern, Wallingford Oxon OX10 8DE, UK.
3. **Loomis, E.C. (1984):** External Parasites. (In: Hofstad, M.S., Barnes, H.J., Calnek, B.W., Reid, W.M., Yoder, H.W.Jr.; Diseases of Poultry (8th ed.). Iowa State Univ. Press, Iowa, USA.
4. **Macchioni, G., Marconcini, A. (1972):** Artropodi ectoparassiti del piccione. Ann. Med. Vet. (Pisa), 25: 204-270.
5. **Merdivenci, A. (1963):** İstanbul camilerinde yuvalanan güvercin (*Columba livia*)'lerde parazit insidensi. Türk Biyol. Derg., 13, 81-86.
6. **Merdivenci, A. (1970):** Türkiye parazitleri ve parazitolojik yayınları. İstanbul Üniv. Cerrahpaşa Tıp Fak. Yay. Rektörlük No: 1610, Dekanlık No: 9.
7. **Mimioğlu, M. (1952):** Türkiye'de tavuklarda Mallophaga'lar (Tavuk bitleri) ve en uygun mücadele metotları üzerinde araştırmalar. Ankara Üniv. Vet. Fak. Yay., 32, Çalışmalar 16, Ankara Üniv. Basımevi.
8. **Oytun, H.Ş. (1961):** Tıbbi Entomoloji (2'inci baskı). Ankara Üniv. Tıp Fak. Yayımları, Güzel İstanbul Matbaası.
9. **Tığın, Y. (1973):** Ehli güvercinlerde (*Columba livia*) bulunan ektoparazitler. Ankara Üniv. Vet. Fak. Derg., 20 (2-3): 372-390.