

Scope & Publication Policy

International Journal of Engineering Research and Development (IJERAD) was launched for publication in 2009 and is a peer-reviewed research journal that publishes and encourages the original and high-quality research results that have been studied in all disciplines of engineering.

The IJERAD interests include, without limitation, Electrical and Electronics Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Civil Engineering, Computer Engineering, Industrial Engineering, Materials and Metallurgy Engineering and Bioengineering.

Our journal evaluates the articles by at least two referees according to the blinded arbitration system and accepts the publication.

The language of the articles must be Turkish or English. All articles that are undertaken that are not published in any form in elsewhere by the author(s), in which the information presented is original and that do not have ethical concerns, are published online within the frame of the general codes of ethics.


Our journal works with the open access system and the articles published in the journal issues are accessed freely. No fees are charged to our journal during article submission or printing.

Submission & Evaluation Process

1. Submission
2. First Control
 - a. Scope Check
 - b. Template Check
 - c. Language & Expression Check
3. Scientific Evaluation
 - a. Editor Check
 - b. Field Editor Check
 - c. Referee Evaluation & Conclusion
4. Publication
 - a. Technical Control
 - b. Language Correction
 - c. Composing
 - d. Publication

Evaluation Process

- In the article submission process, the copyright transfer form must be filled in and signed by all authors where the article is not published anywhere or during the evaluation process.
- The article submitted must be original and not contain an unauthorized quote. When the responsible author sends the study, they must produce a report from a plagiarism software accepted by all academic circles and upload this report to the system together with the study. The maximum permissible plagiarism rate for a study, excluding references, is 15%.
- In order for the study to be sent to the evaluation process, the study must be in full compliance with the spelling rules of our journal. Studies that are not prepared in accordance with the spelling rules of our journal are not taken into the evaluation process.
- If the editor of the journal finds the article inadequate, he / she can refuse the article without taking it to the referee process.
- The journal editor, who performs the necessary pre-control and evaluation, directs the study to the relevant editor of the field.
- If the editor of the field finds the article inadequate, he / she can refuse the article without taking it to the referee process.
- The editor of the field sends the study to two different referees according to the blind referee procedure. The author may suggest a referee to evaluate the study. If the editor of the field deems it appropriate, he can send the article to the referees proposed by the author.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In cases where one of the referees expresses acceptance and the other expresses rejection, the study is sent to a third referee. • In line with the opinions of the referee, the editor of the field made the final decision about the publication. • There can be 4 different decisions about the study. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Accept: The study can be published without the need for any editing. ○ Minor Change: It can be published without the need for referee evaluation after the proposed small changes are made without disrupting the main structure of the study. ○ Major Change: It can be published according to the opinions of the referees, which contains serious propositions and subsequently requires referee evaluation. ○ Reject: It cannot be published in any way.
Type of the Study	Original research articles, review articles, selected conference papers and letters to the editor are accepted by our journal. Our journal editorship can change the type of article uploaded if it deems appropriate. The selected conference papers consist of the papers selected from the conferences that our editorship have made an agreement with and are notified to the journal by the organizing committee of the conference. The studies done from the conferences we do not deal with is not considered.
Language of the Study	International Journal of Engineering Research and Development accepts articles in both Turkish and English. If you submit an article in Turkish, you should add the title, abstract and keywords sections of your article in English to your manuscript file. Articles submitted in English do not have a Turkish title, abstract and keywords section.
Submission	The articles will be uploaded online via the Dergipark system. All information must be filled in full and in accordance with the rules during the installation. During the upload, the copy of the article prepared according to the rules of blind referee should be uploaded along with the copyrights form and plagiarism software accepted by all academic circles. The plagiarism rate should not exceed 15%, excluding references and cover page. Authors should use this guide and article draft to prepare their work in accordance with the rules. The article file to be uploaded should be named as "IJERAD_day_month_year_the_first_word_of_title".
File Format	Manuscript file can be in DOC, DOCX format. The Microsoft Word documents you deliver must not be locked or protected.
Length	Overall, the article should not exceed 10,000 words and 30 pages you submit.
Layout	Use single line spacing in the text, prepare it in a single column, and justify the text on both sides. Indent should not be given at the beginning of the paragraph. There should be a line between the paragraphs. Page gaps should be top 1.6 cm / bottom 1.5 cm / left 1.3 cm / right 1.4 cm. The upper and lower information limits should be 1 cm. Since the information in the header and footer will be edited by us, no interference should be done.
Font	Throughout the work, Times New Roman font 10 font size should be used. If necessary, font size can be reduced to 9 points only in tables.
Footnote	Footnotes are not allowed. If your manuscript file contains footnotes, move the information to the main text or reference list, depending on its content.
Author Information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Only the first letters of author and surname must be capitalized. • Only the corresponding author's e-mail address must be present. No contact information should be shared except for e-mail and correspondence addresses. Correspondence addresses of all authors should be provided. • ORCID information of all authors should be linked to the logo  in the manuscript file. It should also be entered into the DergiPark system. • A single address line should be created for people working in the same institution, the same numbers should be used on individuals. • Address information should be fit on one line. Postal code and city information must be written. The country name should be specified in capital letters.

Page Numbers	Page numbers should be displayed in the manuscript file. The cover (first) page should not have a page number. Page numbers should be Times New Roman and 10-point size.
Cover Page	Cover page should include title, author, author information, abstract and keywords. The information that should be on the cover page should only be on the first page, not on the other pages. Only the first letters should be capitalized in the title of the study and author name-surname information. All conjunctions should be written in lowercase. If the cover information entered during the online installation changes in the version ready for printing, the journal editorship should be warned and the online cover information should be updated.
Abstract	A short, concise and complete abstract section is required. The abstract should briefly state the purpose of the research, key findings and main conclusions. The abstract section is usually presented separately from the article and should therefore describe your work alone. In the abstract section, using resources should be avoided, but if necessary, only the names of the author (s) and the year of the study should be specified. In addition, non-standard or rare abbreviations should be avoided, but if necessary, they should be defined where they are first mentioned. The abstract should not exceed 200 words.
Keywords	Specify a maximum of six keywords immediately after the abstract. Do not use plural words and conjunctions such as keywords. These keywords will be used for indexing purposes. Use only commas to separate keywords.
Abbreviations	In a table to be placed on the first page of the article, define non-standard abbreviations in this field. Make sure that the abbreviations are consistent throughout the article.
Headlines	<p>Numbering of Sections</p> <p>Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered as 1.1 (after 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...). The summary section is not included in the enumeration. When giving an internal cross-reference in the article, use not only the text but also the section number. Give each section a short title. Each title should be on a separate line.</p> <p>Your article should include a summary of your work, a brief literature on the subject for readers, and how you did your scientific work, what results you found, and discussion sections about these results. You can set the titles yourself.</p> <p>Only the first letters of the words that make up the main and subtitles should be capitalized. Only the first word of the secondary subtitles should begin with a capital letter. All other words should be written in small.</p> <p>Introduction</p> <p>State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results.</p> <p>Material and methods</p> <p>Provide sufficient detail to allow the work to be reproduced. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference: only relevant modifications should be described.</p> <p>Results</p> <p>Results should be clear and concise. The Results and Discussion sections may be combined.</p> <p>Discussion</p> <p>This section should interpret and discuss the results in the light of previous work; it should not repeat at length material presented in the Introduction or Results.</p> <p>Conclusions</p> <p>The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.</p>
Acknowledgment	Do not give the title number in the title section. Indicate the institutions and individuals that are available for this research and research .

Figures & Tables	Figures and tables should be added immediately after the paragraph in the text. Figures should consist of a single piece. If it is necessary to add shapes, numbers and fonts, these operations should be done with a third party image processing tool and the shape should be reconstructed in a single piece. Resolution for shapes should not be lower than 300 DPI. Tables, on the other hand, should have only the bottom, top and under the headline, and not another. Figure and Table name numbers should never be shortened and numbered as 'Table X' and 'Figure X'. If your article is accepted, editors of the magazine may also ask you for figures and tables separately.
Equations	Equations must be created in the Word program's own equation editor. However, if the equation editor of the Word program is insufficient and a third party equation editor is required, this situation should be reported to the editor at the loading stage of the article and a copy of the article in PDF format that does not contain author information should be uploaded to the system.
Referans Stili	<p>Use APA citation style in your manuscript. APA citation style refers to the rules and conventions established by the American Psychological Association for documenting sources used in a research paper. APA style requires both in-text citations and a reference list. For every in-text citation there should be a full citation in the reference list and vice versa.</p> <p>Also, for automatic generation of citations in appropriate citation style, use a bibliographic citation management program such as Refworks or EndNote.</p> <p>In APA style, in-text citations are placed within sentences and paragraphs so that it is clear what information is being quoted or paraphrased and whose information is being cited.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <p>Works by a single author</p> <p>The last name of the author and the year of publication are inserted in the text at the appropriate point.</p> <p><i>from theory on bounded rationality (Simon, 1945)</i></p> <p>If the name of the author or the date appear as part of the narrative, cite only missing information in parentheses.</p> <p><i>Simon (1945) posited that</i></p> <p>Works by multiple authors</p> <p>When a work has two authors, always cite both names every time the reference occurs in the text. In parenthetical material join the names with an ampersand (&).</p> <p><i>as has been shown (Leiter&Maslach, 1998)</i></p> <p>In the narrative text, join the names with the word "and."</p> <p><i>as Leiterand and Maslach (1998) demonstrated</i></p> <p>When a work has three, four, or five authors, in all citations per paragraph, include only the surname of the first author followed by "et al." (Latin for "and others") and the year of publication.</p> <p><i>Kahneman et al. (1991) found</i></p> <p>Journal article, one author, accessed online</p> <p>Ku, G. (2008). Learning to de-escalate: The effects of regret in escalation of commitment. <i>Organizational Behavior and Human Decision Processes</i>, 105(2), 221-232. doi:10.1016/j.obhdp.2007.08.002</p> <p>Journal article, two authors, accessed online</p> <p>Sanchez, D., & King-Toler, E. (2007). Addressing disparities consultation and outreach strategies for university settings. <i>Consulting Psychology Journal: Practice and Research</i>, 59(4), 286-295. doi:10.1037/1065- 9293.59.4.286</p> <p>Journal article, more than two authors, accessed online</p> <p>Van Vugt, M., Hogan, R., & Kaiser, R. B. (2008). Leadership, followership, and evolution: Some lessons from the past. <i>American Psychologist</i>, 63(3), 182-196. doi:10.1037/0003-066X.63.3.182</p>

Books

References to an entire book must include the following elements: author(s) or editor(s), date of publication, title, place of publication, and the name of the publisher.

No Author or editor, in print

Merriam-Webster's collegiate dictionary (11th ed.). (2003). Springfield, MA: Merriam- Webster.

One author, in print

Kidder, T. (1981). The soul of a new machine. Boston, MA: Little, Brown & Company.

Two authors, in print

Frank, R. H., & Bernanke, B. (2007). Principles of macro-economics (3rd ed.). Boston, MA: McGraw-Hill/Irwin.

Corporate author, author as publisher, accessed online

Australian Bureau of Statistics. (2000). Tasmanian year book 2000 (No. 1301.6). Canberra, Australian Capital Territory: Author. Retrieved from [http://www.ausstats.abs.gov.au/ausstats/subscriber.nsf/0/CA2568710006989... \\$File/13016_2000.pdf](http://www.ausstats.abs.gov.au/ausstats/subscriber.nsf/0/CA2568710006989...$File/13016_2000.pdf)

Dissertations

References for dissertations should include the following elements: author, date of publication, title, and institution (if you accessed the manuscript copy from the university collections). If there is a UMI number or a database accession number, include it at the end of the citation.

Adan, O.C.G. (1994). On the fungal defacement of interior finishes, PhD thesis, Eindhoven University of Technology, Eindhoven, The Netherlands.

For more information go through <https://www.library.cornell.edu/research/citation/apa> web site.
